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VOL. XVIII NO. 111— BOMBAY, SATURDAY, MAY 10, 1930. PRICE ONE ANNA.

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MUSLIMS MUST JOIN THE CONGRESS.

—:o:—

Jamiat-ul-Ulema's Appeal.

—:o:—

VIGOROUS PROGRAMME OF ACTION OUTLINED.

Boycott Of British Goods & Liquor Shops.

PUBLICATION OF PROSCRIBED FATWA.

AMROHA, May 7.

After three days' strenuous discussion on the question whether Muslims should participate in the struggle for Independence initiated by the Indian National Congress, the Jamiatul-Ulema Hind has resolved that there is no reason why Muslims should keep aloof. The Jamiat has gone further and appointed a committee to chalk out a special programme including the boycott of liquor shops and British goods.

The following is the full text of the resolution passed:—

(a) Where as the Indian National Congress has adopted complete independence as its political goal at its Lahore session, which has so long been the creed of Jamiatul-Ulema Hind, and whereas it has nuulified the Nehru Report which was strongly opposed by the Jamiat and whereas it has resolved that no constitution will be acceptable to the Congress unless it gives full satisfaction to all the minorities concerned, this session of the Jamiatul-Ulema considers that under the present circumstances there is no reason why Muslims should keep themselves aloof from the Congress.

(b) In view of the religious and national interest of Muslims, this session of the Jamiat wants to make it clear that any future programme of the Congress will not be regarded as the final word for Muslims, unless the Jamiatul-Ulema accepts it.

THE SARDA ACT.

(c) Whereas the Sarda Act [illegible] interference with Islam and is an outrage upon the Islamic personal law and whereas the Government, inspite of wide-sprea agitation and protest, has not exempted Muslims from it.

FREEDOM FROM BRITISH DOMINATION.

(d) Whereas complete freedom of the country and the nation from British domination is the only means to put a stop to all this mischief and to safeguard the honour of Islam, this session of the Jamiat appeals to Muslims that for the sake of the freedom of the country and to protect from outrage the Islamic personal law, they should, in cooperation with the Congress, carry on the non-violent struggle for freedom with courage,zeal and determination.

PROGRAMME OF ACTION.

This session of the Jamiat appoints a Committee, consisting of Maulana Kifayatulla, Maulana Atadullah Shah Bukhari and Maulana Muhammad Naeem to prepare a programme of action on the following lines for the attainment of freedom and the protection of personal law and to invite Moslems to execute it.—

(i) Publication of proscribed Fatwa and other literatures.

(ii) Picketing of Liquor shops

(iii) Boycott of British goods and specially British cloth and to carry on a propaganda in favour of goods and cloth made in India.

(iv) The Jamiat expects that, if the Indian National Congress makes an attempt to remove the doubts and suspicions of some of the Muslims who are not yet satisfied with its attitude, prompt success is bound to come through the united action of Muslims.—Free Press.

ALLEGATIONS AGAINST PATIALA.

Maharajah Demands Enquiry.

GOVT. APPOINT ENQUIRY OFFICER.

SIMLA, May 9.

The Government of India in a communique announce the appointment of Mr. Fitzpatrick, A.G.G., Punjab States, to hold in camera an enquiry into charges contained in recent publication "Indictment of Patiala". The communique runs:—

"The following letter from the Maharaja of Patiala dated 5th May, 1930, has been received by the Viceroy:

"My dear Lord Irwin, Your Excellency is no doubt aware that for some time past a certain section of Press has carried a persistent agitation against me, casting grave reflection on my character and honour as a ruler and a man.

If I refrained from taking any action against such newspapers it was partly because I felt that the wild character of accusations against me, couched as they always were, in not only intemperate but vulgar language, and inspired as they were by powerful and unscrupulous enemies, carried their own refutation in eyes of all responsible persons. The position has, however, materially changed since the publication of a pamphlet called "Indictment of Patiala" over the signature of certain gentlemen who met at a Committee under auspices of the Indian States' People's Conference and conducted an inquiry at Lahore and elsewhere in British India wholly 'ex parte' and practically endorsed comments that had already appeared against me in certain newspapers.

My Government issued a communique in this connection a copy of which I enclose herewith. I have reasons to believe that emboldened by my long-suffering silence they have widely circulated this pamphlet both in India and in England. I can, therefore, no longer ignore these accusations and I owe it to myself that I must voluntarily ask for a thorough, searching and independent inquiry into allegations against me formulated in twelve counts contained in that pamphlet.

(Message incomplete.)

AGA KHAN'S PRIZE WON.

—:o:—

Manmohan Singh Reaches Karachi.

KARACHI, May 9.

The Indian Airman Manmohan Singh arrived here at 7 this evening.—A. P.

MAHATMA'S WHEREABOUTS.

—:o:—

Not Removed To Purandhar.

OFFICIAL DENIAL.

POONA, May 8.

The Associated Press Correspondent is authorised to give official denial to report that Mahatma Gandhi has been transferred from Yeravda to Purandhar. Gandhiji is still in Poona and his removal has never even been suggested to or considered by the authorities.—A. P.

Sc. 144 DEFIED IN DELHI.

—:o:—

Law-Breakers Get Six Months R. I.

(From A Correspondent.)

DELHI, May 9.

Before Mr. Pool, Additional District Magistrate, six Congress Volunteers, who were arrested last evening defying Section 144 Cr. P. C. which is now in force in Delhi, were placed to take their trial this morning. Questioned by the Court the accused, who were unrepresented, pleaded guilty and sais that they were aware that Section 144 had been in fosce in the city but as they considered their duty to defy that section, they had done so intentionally and deliberately. They further added they had no confidence in the court and would take no part in the proceedings.

MAGISTRATE'S EVIDENCE.

Mr. Isar, City Magistrate, questioned by Rai Bahadur Surajnarain told the Court he had been on duty in the city Central Police Station when Mr. Gandhi was arrested. There was complete hartal in the city and a big procession was taken out. There was no procession on May 7, but on the 8th, a report was made to him that a batch of Congress Volunteers would parade the town in defiance of section 144 About 4 in evening a batch of 6 volunteers came marching from the Clock Tower side and had a flag and banner with them, on which was inscribed "Breakers of Section 144".

ORDER OF ARREST.

When the volunteers passed the police station the first time, they were not arrested, but they soon returned. A number of people were walking on both sides of the soad on the footpath along with the volunteers. Mr. Isar said that as they reached the Central Police Station the second time, he ordered Sub-Inspector Abdul Wahid to arrest them. Just than a man from the footpath rushed to the spot and wanted to take away the flag. He too was arrested but released subsequently as there was no case against him.

The accused offered no defence and the Magistrate sentenced each of them to six months' rigorous imprisonment.

SPECIAL CONSTABLES FOR DELHI.

DELHI, May 9.

As a precautionary measure during Bakr-Id which commences tomorrow the District Magistrate enroiled this morning over 200 special police officers from among influential citizens of Delhi.

He has also promulgated an order specifying the route along which sacrificial cows could be taken to the slaughter house and declaring other areas as prohibited.—A. P.

POLITICAL PRISONERS HUMILIATED

—:o:—

Class Reduced.

MAGISTRATE'S UNWARRANTED ACTION RESENTED.

(From Our Correspondent.)

KARWAR, May 9.

Six politicals convicted in the present movement and put down as A class prisoners by the District Magistrate, being men of high social status, have now been ordered to be classed as B class by the same Magistrate. People resent this unauthorised and unwarranted revision and suspect it as a move on the Magistrate's part to make the punishment deterrent to would be satyagrahis. Since the criterion of the classifications remains unchanged. No justification exists for this sudden change by the same magistrate who after due consideration, had sparingly assigned A class to only six amongst nearly 60 politicals. Even if the Government had desired a more discriminate classification to be made, it is emphatically believed that no revision of ilasses, already assigned, would be authorised.

Hence a strong feeling prevails that this interference is calculated to humiliate the prisoners by reducing their class to B.

SATYAGRAHA IN SHIRODA

—:o:—

(From A Correspondent.)

SHIRODA, May 9.

All the forces of Satyagraha in Maharashtra have now been concentrated at Shiroda. As previously settled, more than 500 volunteers are expected to arrive here to-morrow and the campaign will begin within a few days. All the members of the Maharashtra Satyagraha Mandal, Dr. Athle, Prof. Javdekar, Mr. Bhuskute and Mr. Gokhale have come here and they will lead the campaign.

The plan is to bring salt from depots after paying full value but without paying the salt duty.

CONGRESSMEN IN PESHAWAR.

—:o:—

More Leaders Rounded Up.

KOHAT ORGANISATION DECLARED ILLEGAL.

(DELAYED IN TRANSMISSION.)

PESHAWAR, May 9.

The Indian staff of the British Legation left for Kabul this morning. The Minister and other British officers are leaving tomorrow.

The District Congress Committee of Kohat has also been declared unlawful. Arrests in Peshawar still continue.

Radhakishen, pleader and President of the City Congress Committee of Peshawar, Ashiq Hussain Faqirchand, Malhirsee, Krishen, Editor, "Frontier Advocate," and several others have also been arrested. Most of these arrested are charged with sedition

Dr. Ghosh, President, Provincial Congress Committee, has decided to put up a defence.—A. P.

MOSCOW'S WAY WITH SPIES.

—:o:—

Erring Officials Severely Sentenced.

LONDON, May 9.

Moscow.—Supreme Court has sentenced to ten years' imprisonment Kollanikov, Chief Metallurgist. Lena Goldfie'ds Company, and Muromtzer, Legal Adviser of Concessionaires, on charges of destructive activities and espionage, but reduced the sentence to six years on Bashkirtzer who is alleged to have burned Soviet Zino Factory.

Bashkirtzer was sentenced to death previously but the sentence had been commuted to ten years' imprisonment.—Reuter

Note: Disoute between Lona Goldfield and Soviet concerning Companys concession in West Siberia has been referred to Court Arbitration which opened at Berlin on May 9.—Reuter.

GANDHIJI'S PLAN TO BE CARRIED OUT.

Abbas Tyabji's Determination.

MARCH TO DHARASANA TO BEGIN ON MONDAY.

(From Our Correspondent.)

SURAT, May 8.

Sjt. Abbas Tyabji has issued the following statement from Camp Karadi.

"Whereas inspite of the fact that the Satyagraha campaign against the Salt Act has so far been conducted in an absolutely peaceful and non-violent manner, and it was Gandhiji's intention to take action which would force the Government either to retrace its steps and to deal with the Satyagrahis in a civilised and clear manner or—and whereas with that object in view he drafted a notice to the Viceroy which has since been forwarded to him that he intended raiding the Government salt works at Dharasana.

It is up to us to carry out his plan. I propose, therefore, to start on foot with Mahatma Gandhi's first batch of Satyagrahis from Camp Karadi on the morning of the 12th instant reaching Dharasana on the evening of the 14th and shall proceed on the 15th at 6-30 a.m. to take possession of he salt works.

ABBAS TYABJI'S PROGRAMME.

—:o:—

SURAT, May 9.

Mr. Abbas Saheb Tyabji, leader of the Civil Disobedience Campaign in place of Gandhiji, has settled his programme of raid of Dharasana salt depots. According to the programme fixed now, he will begin march on foot with the first Satyagraha volunteer' batch of Gandhiji on the 12th May morning at 6 o'clock from Karadi Camp.—Free Press.

PATEL AT SURAT.

—:o:—

SURAT, May 9.

Mr. Vithalbhai Patel, ex-President, arrived here at 6.30 in the morning from Bombay, when an enthusiastic reception was accorded to him at the Station. Messrs. Dayaljibhai Desai, President of the District Congress Committee, and Mr. Dadubhai Desai of Nadiad.—Free Press.

I. L. P. DISSATISFIED WITH REACTIONARY POLICY IN INDIA.

But No Visible Protest Against Mahatma's Arrest.

LONDON, May 9.

Apparently all British political parties have failed to appreciate the importance of Mahatma Gandhi's arrest and consequent complication of the Indian problem. It might be a matter for surprise that even among the Left-wing Labourites who have been claiming to champion India's rights there has been no visible stir. So far there has been one protest raised in the columns of party organ, the "New Leader", and nothing else and even the adjournment motion which Mr. Fenner Brockway wanted to move did not materialise.

The Free Press London correspondent has been making enquiries among the Independent Labour Party members and learns that though their views have not found public expression the Indian developments are followed closely and unofficial representations continue to be made. On Monday last it is learnt that a deputation of the Commonwealth of India League headed by Mr. Peter Freeman, President, waited upon Mr. Benn.

EARLY SUGGESTION FOR R. T. CONFERENCE.

The deputation, among others, included Mr. Wilfred Wellock who takes active sympathy in Indian affairs. The deputation urged need for clearing doubts which are persistently allowed to cloud the issues and suggested that an early announcement should be made regarding the Round Table Conference. It also suggested that it must be made clear that Conference was to meet for the purpose of facing the Indian constitution on permanent basis. Such assurance alone could ensure the success for the Conference and help in peaceful solution of the Indian constitutional problem.

I. L. P. DISSATISFIED.

Otherwise also informal discussions are held regarding India and the Free Press learns that the I. L. P. is definitely dissatisfied with the Government's reactionary policy at present pursued and that they are only biding their time to raise an effective protest.

Enquiries as to why Mr. Fenner Brockway's adjournment did not come off have elicited a reply that it was mainly due to the fact that majority of the Leftists were away on Monday in their constituencies.—Free Press Beam Service.

Mr. Benn And Simon Report.

—:o:—

LONDON, May 9.

Criticisms in the British Press as well as complaints from India about protracted delay in the publication of the Simon Commission's Report have not been without effect. The Free Press learns that Mr. Benn will make an announcement on Monday about date on which the Report would be made public.—Free Press Beam Service.

Cabinet Confronted With Egyptian & Indian Problems.

—:o:—

LONDON, May 9.

With the Egyptian question and the Indian problem coming up for consideration almost simultaneously parallels are often drawn between both. Referring to the breakdown of the Egyptian Conference on the Sudan issue, the "Daily News" says: 'Events in India emphasise and explain British Government's peremptory refusal to weaken the position in Sudan."—Free Press Beam Service.

SOCIAL BOYCOTT AT MAHAD.

—:o:—

Youth League President Gets 6 Months.

(From A Correspondent.)

MAHAD, May 9.

The District Superintendent of Police arrived here at about 12 noon and began demanding certain provisions for the Government servants on whom social boycott has been declared. He was escorted by a small party of armed constables and the local police officials.

The demand of the D. S. P. for provisions was met with refusal by dealers saying they could not give any provisions unless he produced a permit from local merchants Union. The Police began seizing tea, sugar, potato, onions, match-boxes and rice etc., against the wishes of the dealers. Then the police raided the Satyagraha Shibir the people took all this very calmly and peacefully.

SATYARGAHA CAMP RAIDED.

The Satyagraha Volunteers asked the D.S.P. why he wanted to raid their Shibir. The local police officer made his way but he was again opposed by another batch of volunteers. The volunteers were told that they wanted to arrest Messrs. Surendranath Tipnis, ex-president of Mahad Municipality and the Chairman of the Local Board. Mr. Gopinathrao Potnis and Mr. Vithal Krishna. They were not there and the D. S. P. was very courteously informed of the fact.

FROM WEDDING PARTY TO POLICE LOCK UP.

Being convinced the police party returned straight to Mr. Su-

CONGRESS CABINET.

—:o:—

Vacancies Filled Up.

ALLAHABAD, May 6.

The Secretary of the All-India Congress Committee writes:—

The next meeting of the Congress Working Committee will be held at Swaraj Bhavan, Allahabad, on Monday, May 12. The Acting President has filled up the vacancies in the Working Committee as follows:

Mr. K. F. Nariman in place Dr. Pathabni Sitaramayya, Dr. B. C. Roy in place of Mr. J. M. Sen-Gupta, Maulana Abdul Quadir Kasuri in place of Dr. Satyapal, Babu Purushottamdas Tandon in place of Mr. C. Rajagopalachari, Mr. T. A. K. Sherwani in place of Pandit Motilal Nehru, whose place in the Working Committee is vacant by reason of his acting as President.

NEW TREASURER.

Babu Rajendra Prasad has already been elected to the Working Committee by the All-India Congress Committee in place of Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel. Sjt. Mathuradas Tricamji has been nominated working treasurer by Seth Jamnalal Bajaj in accordance with the authority given him by the All-India Congress Committee. The vacancy caused by the conviction of Babu Sri Prakasa, working General Secretary, has not yet been filled up.

The Acting President has appointed Mr Abbas Tyabji nominated by Mahatma Gandhi himself to take his place.

All members have been wired to individually. In case, however, they do not receive the telegram they are requested to consider this as notice.—Free Press.

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SHIV NARAYAN.
I/C. Principal.
College of Engineering,
Poona, 6th May, 1930.
686

Wanted.

WANTED.—An experienced B.A. B.T., well up in English to teach the higher standards of the Shri Marikamba High School, Sirsi, Kanarese knowing hand will be preferred. Decent pay according to qualifications, with good prospects. Apply stating terms with testimonials. Applications to reach within 20th May.

The selected candidate will have to join by 9th June next.

S. N. KESHWAIN
President, Municipality
Sirsi.
Sirsi (N. Kanara Dist.) 5th May, 1930.
689

Public Notices.

NOTICE.

A Ginning and Pressing Factory at Tirupur (Coimbatore Dist.) to be sold or let for working. Apply P. Box No. 2526, Advertising Department, "Bombay Chronicle."
701

VICTORIA JUBILEE TECHNICAL INSTITUTE.

(CENTRAL TECHNOLOGICAL INSTITUTE, BOMBAY PRESIDENCY.)

NEW ADMISSIONS.
Session 1930-31.

The Institute has the following courses:—

Mechanical Engineering, Electrical Engineering, Textile Manufacture, Technical & Applied Chemistry, Sanitary Engineering & Plumbing.

All candidates for admission, without exception, are required to sit for the Entrance Examination to be held on 4th June, 1930. This examination is held at the Institute and at Madras, Patna, Calcutta, Lahore, Cawnpore and Nagpur.

In admitting candidates preference is given to bona fide Bombay Presidency candidates and to those who have passed the First Year's course in a college affiliated to a recognised University. Candidates seeking admission are required to register their names at least eight days before the date of the Entrance Examination.

Further particulars and copies of application form on application to the undersigned.

A. J. TURNER,
Principal & Secretary.
693

THE SYDENHAM COLLEGE OF COMMERCE, BOMBAY 1.

CLASSES to prepare candidates for the Government Diploma in Accountancy Examination will commence at the above College—the only Government institution in this Presidency preparing candidates for the said examination from 21st June, 1930. The classes provide for proper individual attention, which is made possible owing to a comparatively small number of students, and a systematic course or study under highly qualified staff. A few seats are available in the College Hostel. Apply sharp to the PRINCIPAL.
674

Wanted.

POST SUB-ASSISTANT SURGEON.

Salary upto Rs. 200 according to qualifications. Will be guided in all matters of leave, travelling allowance, security, pension, etc., by State Rules. Apply with photograph and copies of testimonials, which will not be returned, and without which no applications will be considered before 15th of May, 1930, to the FINANCE MINISTER in His Highness' Government, Alwar.
688

Legal Notices.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V, by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions, beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration to the estate and effects of NAGINCHAND KARAMCHAND, of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, a Pearl Broker, till lately resided at Jhaveri Bazar, outside the Fort of Bombay ..... Deceased.

Bai CHANDANBAI, widow of Naginchand Karamchand, of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, doing household work, residing at Jhaveri Bazar, outside the Fort of Bombay ..... Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness Sir AMBERSON BARRINGTON MARTEN, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay, aforesaid, this First day of May in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and thirty, and in the Twentieth year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

Sd.) R. B. PATEL
Prothonotary and Senior Master.
(Sd.) E. FAHEY.

The 1st day of May, 1930.
Messrs. KHANDVALA & CHHOTALAL,
Petitioner's Attorneys.
708

Public Notices.

THE BOMBAY COTTON BROKERS' ASSOCIATION, LTD.

NOTICE.

IS HEREBY GIVEN that an URGENT GENERAL MEETING of the Association will be held on MONDAY, the 12th May 1930, at 12 noon (S.T.) at the Registered Office of the Association, situated at 16, Shaikh Memmon Street, Bombay to consider and resolve in the matter of the 1930/31. New Crop Business and the report of the Sub-Committee appointed by the General Meeting of the Association held on the 17th April 1930.

By Order of the Committee,
BEGRAJ GUPTA.
RATILAL T. THAKKAR,
Hon. Secretaries.
Bombay, 9th May 1930.
705

SHETH KHIMJI DAYAL SMARAK FUND.

SCHOLARSHIPS are to be awarded from the above Fund for higher Commercial, Technical and Agricultural Studies. Lohanas will have first preference. Apply to the HON. SECRETARY, 9, Wallace Street, Fort, Bombay.

Tender.

AHMEDABAD MUNICIPALITY.

NOTICE

SEALED TENDERS are invited for the supply of Red Rubber sheets of the British Admiralty Nelson Brand No. 1 to the Ahmedabad Municipality during the year 1930-31 ending 31st March 1931, so as to reach the undersigned on or before Wednesday, the 28th May 1930.

The tenders should be accompanied with Rs. 100 as Earnest Money without which no tender will be considered. The copy of the tender and Specification can be had from the Store-keeper on application on payment of Re. 1. The tenderers are at liberty to remain present at the time the tenders are opened.

The Municipality reserves the right of accepting the lowest or any tender.

(Sd.) I. R. BHAGAT,
Chief Officer,
Ahmedabad Municipality
Store Office,
Dated 7-5-30. 702

AHMEDABAD MUNICIPALITY.

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS are invited for the supply of Cast Iron Pipes and teas and Specials, etc., to the Ahmedabad Municipality during the year 1930-31 ending 31st March 1931, so as to reach the undersigned on or before Saturday, the 24th May, 1930 at 4 p.m.

The tenders should be accompanied with Rs. 200 as earnest money without which no tenders will be considered. The materials to be supplied shall be according to the British Standard Specification Class "B"

The copy of the tender and the specification can be had from the Store Keeper on application and on payment of Re. 1. The tenderers are at liberty to remain present at the time the tenders are opened.

The Municipality reserves the right of accepting the lowest or any tender.

(Sd.), I. R. BHAGAT,
Chief Officer.
Ahmedabad Municipality
Store Office,
Dated 4-5-30. 703

Legal Notices.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. JAAO ANTON QUINEY, of Worli Bombay, has agreed to sell to my client Mr. NANDLAL RANCHHODDAS, of Vile-Parle, Taluka South Salsette, the two pieces of land bearing Final Plot Numbers 79 and 88, admeasuring 955 and 795 Square yards respectively of the Town Planning Scheme Number 6 of Vile-Parle, free from all incumbrances whatsoever

All persons having or claiming to have any right, title, interest, or estate in the said piece of land or any portion thereof by way of bequest, charge, easement; exchange, gift, inheritance, lease; lien, maintenance, mortgage, possession, purchase, partnership, share, trust; wahiwat, or otherwise howsoever, are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at his office in "Vasant Niwas" Building at Andheri, Bombay Suburban District, within fourteen days from the date hereof; otherwise the sale will be completed at the expiry of the said period, without reference to any such claim or claims and the same, if any, will be deemed and considered to have been knowingly waived. Dated at Andheri, this 9th day of May 1930.

GAJANAN SADASHIV PATIL,
Advocate, High Court.
706

Legal Notices.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY given that Messrs. BHAGWANDAS RANCHORDAS & JAIKISONDAS RANCHORDAS have contracted to sell to our clients the undermentioned property. All persons having any right, title, interest, claim or demand in to or upon the said property either by way of mortgage, charge, gift, sale, use, possession, inheritance, bequest, lease, lien, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise whatsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 13-19, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay within 14 days from the date hereof otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY.

All That piece or parcel of Pazandari land or ground together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate, lying and being in Second Bholwada Lane, without the Fort of Bombay and in the Registration District and Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement (150) one hundred and fifty square yards or thereabouts and bounded, on or towards the North by the Temple of Shri Ramchandrajee on or towards, the South by the property of Girdhalal Shivnarayen, on or towards the East by the sweepers passage and on or towards the West by the 2nd Bholwada Lane aforesaid and which said premises are registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 386, New No. 2266, Old Survey No. 3-5 and New Survey Nos. 1A and 5-6,573 and 1373 and Cadastral Survey No 2419 of Bhuleshwar Division and assessed by the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under C Ward No. 330, Old Street Nos 33-35-37 and present Street No. 47.

Dated this 9th day of May 1930.
DAPHTARY FERREIRA AND DIVAN.
Purchaser's Attorneys.
711

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 352 of 1930.

ALLARAKHIBAI S. TAWAWALLA ..... Plaintiff.
vs.
AHMEDALLY SHAIKH KADERBHOY .... Defendant.

To

AHMEDALLY SHAIKH KADERBHOY, Esq.,
The Defendant abovenamed.

WHEREAS the Plaintiff abovenamed has filed a suit against you for the recovery of Rs. 3,525-8 with interest on Rs. 3,000 at 6 per cent. from the 11th day of April, 1930, costs of the suit and interest on judgment as mentioned in the plaint.

YOU ARE HEREBY SUMMONED to appear in this Hon'ble Court on the 28th day of May, 1930, at 11 o'clock (S. T.) in the forenoon in person or by an Advocate of this Hon'ble Court and also produce at the same time and place your witnesses and evidence oral and documentary (if any) relating to the subject matter of the claim AND PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that in default of your appearance on the day abovementioned the suit will be heard and determined in your absence.

Dated this 22nd day of April, 1930.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) E. FAHEY,
For Prothonotary and Senior Master.

Messrs. PAYNE & CO.,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.
707

THE MONSOON IS COMING!

Roofs will not leak if covered

NOW.

with

GENASCO WATERPROOF ROOFING.

—Write us TO-DAY—

MCKENZIES LIMITED.

Roofing Experts

Sewri-Bombay.

Agents for:

Trinidad Lake Asphalt.
583

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SHIPPING.

P. & O. BRITISH INDIA
(Incorporated in England).
MAIL & PASSENGERS SERVICE.

P. & O. SAILINGS TO PLYMOUTH.

and London calling at Marseilles (calling at Malta every alternate week).

Date	Steamers.	Tons.
1930		
May		
10	Rajputana*	16,568
17	Kaisar-I-Hind	11,518
24	Mooltan x	20,847
31	Macedonia	11,120
June		
7	Mantua*	10,946
14	Comorin	16,132
21	Maloja x	20,827
28	Razmak	10,857
July		
9	Ranpura*	16,601
12	Malwa	11,000
19	Naldera x	16,088
26	Rawalpindi	16,619
Aug.		
2	Morea*	10,946
9	Kaisar-I-Hind	11,518
16	Narkunda x	16,572
23	Macedonia	11,120
30	Rajputana*	16,568
Sept.		
6	Ranpura	16,601
13	Mooltan x	20,847
20	Ranchi	16,650
27	Mantua*	10,946
Oct.		
4	Viceroy of India	19,648
11	Comorin x	16,132
18	Kaisar-I-Hind	11,518
25	Razmak @	10,857
Nov.		
1	Rajputana	16,568
8	Naldera x	16,088
15	Ranpura	16,601
22	Morea*	10,954
29	Razmak	10,857
Dec.		
6	Narkunda*	16,572
13	Viceroy of India	19,648
20	Rawalpindi x	16,619
27	Kaisar-i-Hind	11,518

All sailings are subject to alteration without notice.

All passengers are required to be in possession of passports.

@ To Marseilles only.

* Through steamers from China have limited accommodation for passengers from India.

x Through steamer from Australia have limited accommodation for passengers from India.

NEW REDUCED FARES TO EUROPE.

The Managing Directors of the P. & O. Company take this opportunity of advising passengers that the fares between Bombay and Europe for "A", "B" and "C" accommodation First Saloon, both single and return, have been revised and that a forth or "D" rate of £62 from Bombay to London or £58 to Marseilles will be introduced. The second saloon rates have also been revised.

Passengers holding return coupons will be refunded any difference for the return voyage according to the grade of accommodation occupied.

The accommodation in all the steamers has also been regarded and full particulars can be obtained from Messrs. Mackinnon Mackenzie & Company. PASSENGERS ARE ADVISED TO WRITE NOW AND REGISTER THEIR REQUIREMENTS FOR THE SPRING OF 1931.

SPECIAL OFF SEASON RETURN TICKETS.

First and second Saloon Return Tickets at Special Reduced Rate will be issued for any mail steamer during the period commencing from Bombay with the sailing of the S. S. "Macedonia" on the 21st May, 1930, and terminating with the "Viceroy of India" leaving Marseilles September 5th and due in Bombay on the 19th September 1930. The fares will be as follows:—

	1st Saloon	2nd Saloon.
To London and back by Sea ..	£105	£75
To London and back via Marseilles including P. & O. Special Train Across France in both directions ..	£120	£90
To Marseilles and back ..	£100	£72

The accommodation allotted will be the best available at time of application.

Passengers taking off Season Tickets and who wish to return later than September 19th may do so in paying half the Short Period Return Rate and half the ordinary return rate for whichever grade they are allotted.

This concession will only be granted to passengers who proceed home on steamers sailing between 31st May and 26th July, inclusive.

SINGLE BERTH CABINS.

There will be no extra charge for Single Berth Cabins between 1st June and 18th January.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS.

Bombay to Port Said and Plymouth with liberty to call at Port Soudan, Malta and/or Tangier.

Date about	Steamers.	Tons.
1930		
28th Aug.	DOMALA	8,422
20th Nov.	DUMANA	8,427
11th Dec.	DOMALA	8,422

These two vessels are only one class ships. Fares as follows:—

	Single.	Return.
Bombay to Plymouth A	£64	£112
B	£60	£105
C	£56	£ 98

P. & O. SAILINGS TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN AND AUSTRALIA.

Date about 1930.		
May		
23	Naldera	Colombo and Australia
28	Mirzapore*	Straits, China & Japan.
June		
6	Morea	Colombo China & Japan.
20	Narkunda	Colombo and Australia
July		
4	Rajputana	Colombo China & Japan.
18	Mooltan	Colombo and Australia
Aug.		
1	Mantua	Colombo China & Japan.
15	Comorin	Colombo and Australia
29	Malwa	Colombo China & Japan.
Sept.		
12	Naldera	Colombo and Australia
26	Morea	Colombo China & Japan.
Oct.		
10	Narkunda	Colombo and Australia
24	Rawalpindi	Colombo China & Japan.
Nov.		
7	Mooltan	Colombo and Australia
21	Ranchi	Colombo China & Japan.
Dec.		
5	Maloja	Colombo and Australia
19	Malwa	Colombo China & Japan.

*Cargo only.

HOLIDAY EXCURSION TICKETS TO AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND.

Holiday Excursion Return Tickets can be issued in the First Saloon only at the following fares from Bombay:—

To Fremantle	£ 74
Adelaide	£ 76
Melbourne	£ 78
Sydney	£ 80
Brisbane	£ 82
Auckland or Wellington (N. Z.) via Sydney	£100

Periods of availability 16 Weeks. Sailings approximately every month.

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS.

To Africa, Karachi, Persian Gulf, Tuticorin, Colombo. Madras, Calcutta and Rangoon.

1930		
10th May	Chakla	P'bunder, Dwarka, Cutchmandvi & Karachi.
12th May	Vita	Port Okha, C'mandvi & Karachi.
14th May	Bankura	Verawal, Mangrole, Karachi & Persian Gulf Ports.
16th May	Varela	Karachi, Bushire, Mohammerah, & Busrah.
21st May	Karapara	East & South Africa
6th June	Ellora	Mombasa and Zanzibar via Porebunder.

Special 1st Saloon cheap Excursion return tickets to Mombassa or Rs. 500/- will be available from May to September 1930. The return voyage to be completed within 3 months from the date of sailing from Bombay.

Cheap Excursion tickets are also available between Mombasa and Durban during June/August 1930. Particulars will be supplied on application.

There will be sailings to Karachi on Mondays, Wednesday, Thurs./Friday and Saturday every week. The departure of the Karachi Gulf mail on Thursday or Friday is dependent upon the arrival of the inward English mail.

Local passengers for Karachi can only proceed by Thurs/Friday sailings when accommodation is not required for passengers ex the P. & O. Mail Steamers or through passengers to Basrah.

Terms and Rates of Freight and Passage may be arranged with—

MACKINNON MACKENZIE & Co.
Ballard Road, Fort, Bombay.

SHIPPING

NYK LINE

FOR SINGAPORE, CHINA AND JAPAN.

Steamers.	Tons.	Arrive	Leave
Awa Maru ..	6028	1 May	14 May
Hakusan Maru.	10500	....	@14 May
Nagano Maru..	3824	3 May	18 May
Kitano Maru ..	8000	....	@28 May
Rangoon Maru.	5029	17 May	29 May
YamagataMaru.	3807	20 May	30 May
Haruna Maru..	10500	....	@11June
Tamba Maru..	5845	30 May	13 June
Kamo Maru ..	8000	....	@25June
*Calcutta Maru	5339	15 June	27 June
Katori Maru ..	10000	....	@ 9 July

*Do not carry passengers.
@From Colombo.

FOR MARSEILLES AND LONDON

Steamers.	Tons.	Leave Colombo	Arrive Marseille
Kashima Maru.	10000	15 May	2 June
Hakone Maru..	10500	28 May	15 June
Suwa Maru ..	11000	26 June	14 July

FROM ORIENT TO SAN FRANCISCO.

Steamers.	Tons.	From Hongkong	From Kobe
Taiyo Maru ..	22000	11 May	18 May
Chichibu Maru	22000	29 May	4 June
Tenyo Maru ..	22000	12 June	18 June

Other are Orient-Seattle, South-American (East and West Coast) and Japan, Australia Services.

Reduced combined through fares Cheapest Round the World tour rates and other fares, full particulars on which are furnished on application to:—

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA,
Canada Building, Hornby Road, Bombay.
Phone No. 20279, 23738.
Telegrams:—"YUSEN".

—A SAFE—
and Satisfying
A Perfect and Pleasing Tonic
THE ATANK NIGRAH PILLS
Rupee ONE for a Tin (32 Pills).
Bombay Branch:—
Kalbadevi Road.
A tark Nigrah Pharmacy,
JAMNAGAR, (Kathiawar.)

MAHATMA GANDHI

THE MAN AND HIS MISSION.

An enlarged and up-to-date Edition of his life and teachings with an account of his activities in South Africa and India down to his great March in connection with "Salt Satyagraha".

With Appreciations By:
The Rt. Hon. SASTRI, Mr. and Mrs. POLAK, Mr. C. F. ANDREWS, Bishop WHITEHEAD, Prof. GILBERT MURRAY, ROMAIN ROLAND, Mrs. SAROJINI NAIDU, RABINDRANATH TAGORE, Rev. Dr. J. H. HOLMES.

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M. K. Gandhi. By Rev. J. Doke. With introduction, by Lord Ampthill. Re. 1. To Subs. of "I. R.", As. 12.

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Please note that a large and varied collection of Books on Indian Politics, Religion, Philosophy, Industries, Arts, Agriculture, Economics, Biographies, Speeches and Writings of Eminent Indians and Friends of India are given at special concession rates to subs. of "Indian Review".

G. A. NATESAN & CO., Publishers,
MADRAS.

BANKING.

Imperial Bank of India.

Constituted under the Imperial Bank of India Act, 1920.

BANKERS TO THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

	Rs.
Authorized Capital ..	11,25,00,000
Paid-up Capital ..	5,62,50,000
Reserve Fund ..	5,32,50,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders ..	5,62,50,000

LOCAL HEAD OFFICES.
Calcutta. Bombay. Madras.

LOCAL BRANCHES.
Byculla Branch—Bellasis Road.
Mandvi Branch—Abdul Rehman Street.
Sandhurst Road Branch—Junction, Sandhurst and Charni Roads.
London Office—22, Old Broad Street, London, E.C. 2.

BRANCHES THROUGHOUT INDIA AND BURMA.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS.—Opened free of charge.

FIXED DEPOSITS.—Received at interest.

SAVINGS BANK.—Deposits received and interest allowed.

GOVERNMENT AND OTHER SECURITIES.—Received for Safe Custody. Purchases and Sales effected. Interest and Dividends collected and credited to account or remitted in accordance with instructions. The purchase and sale of Government Securities undertaken at all Branches for the public generally.

LOANS AND CASH CREDITS.—Granted and approved Mercantile Bills discounted.

Sterling and Rupee Letters of Credit Issued.

Rates, Copies of Rules, Powers of Attorney, etc., may be had on application at any of the Local Head Office or Branches of the Bank.

Yokohama Specie Bank Limited.

HEAD OFFICE: YOKOHAMA.
(ESTABLISHED 1880.)

	Yen.
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	100,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	100,000,000
RESERVE FUND	111,500,000

BRANCHES:

Alexandria	Karachi	Jansie
Batavia	Kobe	Saigon
Bombay	London	Scattle
Buenos Aires	Los Angeles	Singapore
Calcutta	Lyons	Shimonoseki
Canton	Manila	Soerabaya
Changchun	Marunouchi (Tokio)	San Francisco
Dairen	Nagasaki	Samarang
Fengtien	Newchwang	Shanghai
Hamburg	New York	Sydney
Hankow	Nagoya	Tientsan
Harbin	Osaka	Tokyo
Hongkong	Pekin	Tsinan
Honolulu	Rangoon	Tsingtau
Kai Yuan	Rio de Janeiro	Vladivostock

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened for approved customers and interest is allowed at the rate of two per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 provided that the amount of half yearly interest is not less than Rs. 6.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year or shorter period on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

L. WASHIO,
Manager.

Bank of India, Ltd.

ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1906.
(Incorporated under the Indian Companies' Act VII of 1882.)
HEAD OFFICE:
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

BRANCHES: Bullion Exchange (Shaikh Memon Street, Bombay), Poona, Bandra, Calcutta and Ahmedabad.

LONDON AGENTS:
THE WESTMINSTER BANK, LTD.

	Rs.
CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED	2,03,00,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP	1,00,00,000
RESERVE FUND	90,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

From 25th December to 25th June interest is allowed at 1-1/2 per cent. on daily balance of Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000. From 25th June to 25th December interest is allowed at 2 per cent. on daily balance. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter period at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened which can be ascertained on application.

A. G. GRAY,
Manager.

INSURANCE.

Western India
LIFE INSURANCE CO., LTD.
Satara City.

PRE-EMINENT among INDIAN COMPANIES at the age of 13.
Fourth Valuation at the end of 1926.

UNSURPAS	BONUS
Bonus per W. Life Rs. 22-1/2	000 p. a End . 18
Strongest Reserve	
(1) Life Assurance Fund, Rs. 10,64,993.	
(2) Total undivided Reserve Rs. 3,42,170.	
RATIO of (2) to (1) 32 per cent.	

NO OTHER COMPANY in INDIA can show EQUAL RESULTS.
For Agency and other particulars please apply.

East AND West
INSURANCE Co., Ltd.
Apollo Street, Fort, BOMBAY.
Purely Indian Concern — Offers everything best in Life Insurance

Guaranteed Bonus of Rs. 12/8 per Rs. 1,000/- per year.
Several new attractive plans.
Marriage Dowry Policies on easy terms and liberal conditions
For Agency terms and other particulars Apply to the—SECRETARIES Bombay.

ULCERINE
(Regd.)
Without operation, cures—Piles, Fistula, Carbuncle, Witlow, Gangrene, Boils, Foul Ulcer, etc., on application Instantly relieves pain of poisonous Boils and Sores draws out all pus magically. Even perated wounds of any extent healed in a week. It is taken also internally as best blood purifier Cure guaranteed. Phial Re. 1-4-0. Postage extra. Ask free booklet to—NEW FORMULA CO., Kandi, Bengal.
Agents: J. Tirath and Co., Sunder Road, Karachi.
Kemp and Co., Charni Road, Bombay.
Telegraphic Address: "Ulcer," Kandi.

ORDERS & INQUIRIES
for
Japanese Tin Rubber and Celluloid Toys, etc.
Once Trial Solicited.
Importers:—
The Young India, Trading Co.,
39, Forbes Street, Fort, BOMBAY.

YOUR Eye
DOES IT TROUBLE YOU? IF SO, try Seller's Lotus Honey, the safest, surest and most high-praised Natural Cure for Eye-diseases. Cures even Cataract, etc. Literature free.
THOMSON & TAILOR, LTD., BOMBAY.

INSURANCE.

The Nineteenth Triennial Division of Profits
OF THE
ORIENTAL
INDIA'S GREATEST LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY
falls to be made as at 31st December, 1930
Surplus disclosed at Three Previous Valuations.
1921 Rs. 21 1/2 Lakhs. 1924 Rs. 53 1/3 Lakhs. 1927 Rs. 78 Lakhs.
Bonuses declared on Whole Life Policies per Annum
1921 Rs. 10 per 1000. 1924 Rs. 22 1/2 per 1000
1927 Rs. 25 per 1000 per Annum.
Participating Policies effected in the current Year will be entitled to participate in the Division of Profits if in force as at 31st December, 1930.
THEREFORE IT WILL PAY YOU TO BECOME AN ORIENTAL POLICYHOLDER NOW.
REPRESENTATIVES EVERYWHERE.
FOR PARTICULARS APPLY TO:—
H. EDWIN JONES, F.F.A., A.I.A.,
MANAGER, ORIENTAL BLDGS., BOMBAY.

THE INDIA PROVIDENT Co., Ltd
25% of the Premium refunded as Bonus.
Funds about Rs. 2¼ Lakhs.
The Safest Office for Life Insurance for the poor. Premium Re. 1 and As. 8 per month. Active and Honest Agents required on liberal remuneration. Apply at once to Messrs. R. M. DIVADKAR & Co. Chief Agents, Mazgaon, BOMBAY, 10.

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Glamorous epic of midnight madness. Bizarre Settings! Beautiful Girls! Nocturnal revels!
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TWO SHOWS DAILY—6-30 & 10 (P.M.) MATINEE ON SAT. & SUNDAY—4 P. M.
WELLINGTON TALKIES DHOBI TALAO.

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"JUSTICE OF JEHANGIR"

Featuring

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It is Naval Kapur Production. Gorgeous Settings by Mr. FIDAALLY.

The Great Emperor who enjoys fragrant fountains, who hears burning Melodies of Poets, who feasts his eyes on Nurjahan's Face, knows how to depend his subjects, knows how to punish the unjust Commander, knows what Justice means! Jehangir beloved Nurjahan also leaves off the Marble Palace and plays havoc with the villain.

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Throbbing with Love!

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BROTHERLY LOVE
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FREDRIC MARCH

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"VIJAY-KUMAR"

featuring famous stars Miss Ermeline, Miss Jilloo and supported by Mr. Jamsetjee.

Directed by MR. REDDY, Photographed by MR. IRANI,

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BECAUSE

The story, stars, photography, settings direction and cost of this picture is far superior to other productions.

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MR. HASAN IMAM'S APPEAL FOR SWADESHI CLOTH

—:o:—

Public Meeting At Phulwari.

On Wednesday, in the evening, Mr. Syed Hasan Imam addressed a gathering of several hundreds at Phulwari Sharif.

Mr. Imam said that, that meeting was not to be treated as a formal meeting where resolutions were to be passed never to be carried into effect. It was rather a sort of informal meeting of the inhabitants of Phulwari where he had come to canvass their support for Swadeshi goods. All the nations of the world need goods manufactured in their own countries and he saw no reason why Indians should not do the same. Not to speak of patriotism alone, Indians had other reasons as well for boycotting foreign manufactures, particularly foreign cloth. Sixty to seventy crores of the poor Indians' money were sent out every year in purchasing cloth, when cloth manufactured by Indian mills remained unsold. The Indian peasant was very poor indeed and had no other source of income, except his income from the cultivation of soil. But this industry paid very little as there were draughts, and floods and excessive falls almost every year destroying the crops one way or the other. An average minimum of two rupees of the poor peasant's hard earned money was being thrown away every year. It was not a small sum compared to his smaller earnings and he should keep this amount in his own country by wearing Swadeshi cloth. India had many more difficulties in her way than that of cloth manufacture, but the latter was one of the prominent among them. It was time when they could very easily solve it. A sufficient quantity of Khadder and mill-made cloth was being manufactured in the country and no body would go naked if they all boycotted the foreign cloth. There was a large number of people of India whose only occupation was spinning and weaving on hand-looms. The cloth they produced would undoubtedly cost the consumer a little more than the mill-made cloth, but purchasing it would be charitable [illegible] a high degree as it would keep them and their industry alive. Yet those who could not afford to buy Khadder would do well to buy mill-made cloth which was in no case dearer than foreign cloth.

BUY SWADESHI CLOTH.

Continuing he said he had not come to deliver a my speech to them but to meet them and to request them all, young and old alike, to purchase Deshi cloth. He would not stop there, but would further ask them to take a vow that they would never in future buy foreign cloth. If they required 4 Dhotis in the year and all the four could not be obtained in the country they should prefer to content themselves with 3 only rather than take the fourth of one foreign manufacture. In all the countries of the world that was so, and there was no reason why it should not be so in India. They should not feel that two rupees or five rupees was a petty gain, for 32 crores with two rupees each made a total of 64 crores.

Turning to the other aspects of the question, the speaker said that Khadaar as an industry would provide an occupation for the unemployed millions and would add to national earnings. The women in their houses sat idle all the day, young lads went about playing and sporting throughout the day, the farmer and the farm labourer also sat idle for several months in the year. This meant that there was general unemployment and a consequent idleness which was the cause of all the evils. The Satan would lead the honest man astray and throw him into the ditch. It was therefore very essential that they should find employment and make proper use of the human energy that was being dissipated so recklessly. The spinning wheel and the hand-loom was the best solvent of his problem. It would employ one and all.

Indians were very poor and there was no other way of their becoming rich than by curtailing their expenditure and accumulating their little saving. Swadeshi vow alone could made them rich under the circumstances.

He said that it was not he alone who was of that opinion, but his elder brother Sir Ali Imam also thought like that. The same was the message of Mahatma Gandhi, of Malaviya of Abbas Tayabji, Harun Sahib Nawab and others. They were all prepared to boycott foreign cloth.

Proceeding, the speaker said that two to two and a half crore of poor Indians' money was being simply burnt every year, to give out a smoke which perhaps did no material good. They should stop smoking these cigarettes and save their two and a half crores.

Concluding Mr. Imam said that by ceasing to smoke cigarettes and buying foreign cloth they would considerably improve their material condition and would come nearer their spiritual aspirations. They should adopt the slogan "Vidishe Kapada harm hai."

Moulvi Syed Hasan Arzu thanked the speaker in a short speech and the meeting came to a close. —"Searchlight."

BUDDHA SOCIETY.

—:o:—

A Notable Exhibition.

(By Our Special Representative).

The Buddha Society has arranged quite a notable exhibition of paintings and sculpture depicting the various incidents in the life of Bhagwan Buddha. The exhibition will be open to the public from today and will so continue until the 13th. Although the number of the exhibits may, at first sight, seem to be restricted with severity, the apparent severity has not lessened the attraction of the exhibition. On the contrary, it has gained, gained in distinction. The copy of Dr. Abanindra Nath Buddha as "Mendicant," Sjt. Nandlal Bose's "Buddha," Sjt. Mukul Dey's copies of the Ajanta and Bagh paintings, Sjt. Ahivasi's copy of the Ajanta fresco depicting "The Queen's Toilet," Sjt. Pulin B. Dutt's "Dhyani Buddha," Sjt. Ahivasi's "Light of Asia," Sjt. Gupta's "Bhagwan Buddha," "Buddha in Meditation" and "Buddha in Meditation," Sjt. Dutt's "Buddha-Janmotsav" are sufficiently suggestive of the important character and value of the exhibits. As the first venture of the Buddha Society, the exhibition suggests a very wholesome departure from the methods hitherto followed for celebrating the Jayanti. Sjt. Shenoy's Ajanta figures, Sjt. Sampat Chapphalkar, Fernandes and Fernandes, Parendekar as well as Shrimati Buchi Krishnamma have also contributed to the exhibition.

Sjt. Talim's "Buddha" plaster cast and Sjt. Kamat's relief "Buddha as Teacher" are examples of modern sculpture which are placed along with examples of ancient Indian sculpture.

The exhibition is, certainly, more than worth the visit. The Buddha Society ought to be complimented. Art, as at Ajanta, is once again, employed to interpret the spiritual achievement of India. Bhagwan Buddha lives and continues to inspire and educate.

CASE AGAINST DR. DESHMUKH

—:o:—

COUNSEL'S ADDRESSES.

Arguments were addressed by Counsel for the complainant and the respondents on Thursday as he resumed hearing of the case in which Mr. Ramkrishnabha Thakur charged Dr. G. V. Deshmukh and Dr. B. S. Patankar with causing the death of his wife, who was operated upon for appendicitis in the hospital of the former by a rash and negligent act.

Mr. P. N. Godinho for the complainant drew the attention of the Court to the progress of the patience since the first appearance of the symptoms of the disease till her death and said that if the patient had received greater care and attention in view of the serious nature of the case from the respondents, she might have lived a few days more and perhaps survive. Counsel pointed out that the way in which the first respondent treated the various telephone calls of the complainant and his brother, Mr. Wamanrao showed utter negligence on his part.

Mr. Godinho submitted that had Dr. Deshmukh any genuine solicitude for the case, he would not have answered the calls in the manner he did.

MEDICOS WANT PROTECTION.

At the outset Mr. J. D. Dava severely commented on the behaviour and the part taken by the complainant and his brother in bringing the present complaint which he characterised as "balstered up" and "false" against two members of the medical profession and said it was the duty of the Court to protect the medical frater ity against mud-slinging by persons like the complainant and his brother. He urged the Court to hold that it was a false and frivolous complaint and in the interests of humanity to put down the pernicious with an iron hand. Discussing the evidence in the case Counsel contended there was not a title of evidence even of the prosecution witnesses, excepting those of the complainant and his brother, to show that there was any neglect on the part of the respondents.

Mr. Kanuga on behalf of the second respondent argued there was no case against his client, that there was no contract between the complainant and the second respondent with regard to the treatment of the patient and that he had implicitly carried out the instructions of Dr. Deshmukh.

The Magistrate said he would pass orders on May 19 with regard to the framing of the charge.

Ghatkopar's Activities.

—:o:—

(From A Correspondent.)

The date tree cutting movement is going on and the owners are being requested to cut down the date trees. The ceremony of cutting down the palm trees in satyagraha camp compound was performed on the 1st instant by the hands of Syt. Rabade, the head of the Satyagrahis at Ghansoli.

Last week local volunteers visited each and every home in the village and collected about 200 foreign clothes such as hats, silken saris, etc. Lady volunteers are visiting every home and are taking signatures on the prescribed pledge forms for using swadeshi and preferable khaddar cloth.

A takli class has been opened here and those desirous of learning it are requested to call at satyagraha camp between 7 and 9 a.m. The ladies will be taught in the afternoon at their leisure time. Arrangements are being made for teaching people the spinning, etc.

On the 4th instant Ghatkopar observed complete hartal in commemoration of the Peshawar Day.

On the 5th instant hearing the news of Mahatma Gandhi's arrest people observed hartal for 3 days and midnight a public meeting was held in the compound of satyagraha camp under the presidentship of Syt. Moneklal A. Mehta.

SPINNING CONTEST.

A gentleman donated Rs. 201/- to be distributed among girls schools boys, ladies and gentlemen as prizes to be given to those who spin the best on— takli. The examination will be held on Sunday (the 18th inst.) the examiner being Messrs. Dilkhushbhai Diwan and Mavjibhai.

Hartal At Alibag.

—:o:—

ALIBAG, May 6.

From the Publicity Department Satyagraha Chawre).

The trial of Sjt. N. V. Gadgil President Youth League' Poona who was arrested last Sunday commenced before the Mamlatdar at 1 P.M. yesterday. Many people gathered in the Court. After Sjt. Gadgil's trial came the turn of Sjt Damle Vice President Thana Municipality. Between the trial and judgement came the heart rending news of Mahatmaji's arrest. Hartal was declared and people flocked to the Court.

Sjt. Gadgil got six months' simple imprisonment while Sjt. Damle was also given six months but rigorous. After this both of them addressed the people for five minutes asking them to carry on the work left unfinished.

A batch of volunteers went round the town spreading the news of Mahatmaji's arrest. When they returned they had a large following chanting the prayers.

At 9 P.M. a mass meeting was held. The audience numbered more than 1200. This is unique for Alibag taking into consideration the small population of the town—it being hardly 6000. Sjt. Paranjpe of the Poona Youth League reminded the people of the message of Mahatmaji. After his speech Smt Radhabai Dandekar exhorted the women who had gathered in large numbers about the three duties entrusted to them by Mahatmaji.

INDIAN AVIATOR'S EXPERIENCES.

—:o:—

ENGINEER DELAYED DUE TO ENGINE TROUBLE.

ALEXANDRIA, May 6.

Manmohan Singh left for Gaza at 8-30 this morning.

Interviewed by Reuter, he said that the weather conditions for eastward flying were at present favourable, though winds had been stiff during the past two days. He revealed the fact that he reached Benghazi few hours ahead of the other Indian, Mr. Engineer, by taking a short cut via the sea route instead of hugging the land, but he added that he would not do it again, since the time gained was not worth the risk.

Mohansingh's engine was overhauled at Abukir yesterday and the piston was changed.

Apparently Engineer has been delayed at Benghazi due to engine trouble and the fact that he has no spare parts.

Mohansingh was most enthusiastic regarding Engineers performance and said that he would willingly have flown back for spares had Engineer been enabled to reach Tobruk. He considers that Engineer will be unable to reach Abukir for another nine days.—Reuter.

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In these days of tennis, golf, and other out-door sports, the over-stout are at a grave disadvantage.
At Dances too, the stout person cannot move with that ease and grace so fully enjoyed by those less fleshy.
And in many other ways during every day life, those suffering from Obesity, through their enforced in-activity, are unable to extract the full enjoyment of life.

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AMERICAN COTTON MARKETS.

—:o:—

New York Futures 12 To 43 Points Up.

LARGE LIQUIDATION IN NEAR MONTHS.

Bombay, May 9.

Yesterday the New York Cotton future market opened firm on bullish Liverpool advices and advanced further on unfavourable weather and covering by shorts. There was large straddle reversing between old and new crop months and some mills were induced to sell July with a view to tenders actual cotton. The market closed at a rise of 12 to 43 points. Spot cotton prices advanced 15 points to 16.60C.

The New Orleans cotton futures market ruled firm and closed at a rise of 33 to 20 points. Spot cotton prices advanced 16 points to 15.74C.

The Liverpool Cotton futures market opened at a decline of 1 point but ruled very steady on improved buying on reports of unfavourable weather. The market closed at a rise of 8 to 12 points Middling American spot cotton prices declined 2 points to 8.49 and sales amounted to 5,000 bales.

Empire cotton futures advanced 14 to 16 points while Egyptian prices closed at a rise of 5 to 1 points.

Messrs. Thos. Smith & Co. state:—

The local forward market opened very steady following American advices. Prices advanced on buying by bazaar operators and Commission Houses. It appears confidence is slowly reviving in trading conditions due to large demand for Indian made cloth and yarn. Apart from the strength of statistical position, the trade is realising the extreme cheapness of Indian Cotton. Bengal is quoted at about Rs. 184, deduct about Rs. 80 being the Ginning and transportation charges to Bombay and the rate to the farmer works out about Rs. 104, out of which he has to pay Government assessment, fertilisr seeds cost, labour and live himself. The average yield in India is about 90 lbs. per acre and sometimes lower and in order to earn Rs. 104, the farmer has to plant an area about 11 acres. Everybody talks of trade depression but forgets the Cotton and Wheat are selling today below their cost of production and about 30 per cent. below in parity with other commodities. The farmer is the backbone of the indigenous industries and unless he gets a fair return on his labour, industrial production cannot be profitably sold. The last two years have shown how Indian acreage and crops have been considerably reduced and we therefore prefer purchases now on all setbacks.

PRIVATE CABLES.

N.Y. July Highest 16.50 plus .14 Lowest 16.30—.06.

N. Y. October Highest 14.97 (1-32 p.m.) lowest 14.66 (Opening).

Hemelryk:—"India Continent buying new crop here to-day. Manchester still dull."

New York:—"Irregular. Considerable short covering new crop and liquidation of straddle. Certified stocks being rapidly increased. Piecegoods and yarn dull but steadq."

Reuter:—"Market opened firm on higher Liverpool advices and advanced further on active covering by shorts and unfavourable Eastern Belt forecast."

Messrs. Drennan & Co. have received the folowing telegram from their New York friends dated 8th May 1930.

"Some selling July by mills for tenders induced liquidation of speculative spread causing strength of New Crops, but as New crop influence bearish do not expect" further substantial advance."

Messrs. Breul & Co. have received the following cable from their Liverpool friends, Messrs. Reynolds & Gibsons dated 8-5-30 at 5-30 P.M.:—

"Pending improvement in trade conditions or adverse crop prospects recommend conservative sales on all bulges."

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, May 5.

July	15 43 plus .12
October	14.95 plus .43
December	15.12 plus .43
January	15.18 plus .43
Middling Spot	16.60 plus .15

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York, May 8.

May	16.03 plus .33
July	16.14 plus .20
Middling Spot	15.74 plus .16

New York, May 8.

(As known in Liverpool at closing time).

New York, 10-55 a.m.—	
July	Unquoted.
October	14 85
January	Unquoted.
New York. 11-45 a.m.—	
July	16.32
October	14 81
January	14 95

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS.

New York, May 8.

	Bales.
Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports	19,000
Day's Exports to Great Britain	1 000
Day's Exports to the Continent	2.000

INDIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, May 8.

Scinde, Fully Good	4.55
Scinde, Fine	4.30
Scinde, Superfine	5.05
Bengal, Good	4.30
Bengal, Fully Good	4.55
Bengal, Fine	4.80
Oomra, Good	4.55
Oomra, Fully Good	5.15
Oomra, Fine	5.45
Broach, Fully Good	5.85
Broach, Fine	6.10
Broach, Superfine	6 35

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, May 8.

May	13.03 plus .08
July	12.33 plus .05
November	12.63 plus .01
December	12.63 plus .01
January	12.71 plus .01
March	12 68—01
Sakells. F.G.F., Spot	14.00—

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

Liverpool, May 8.

	Opening	Closing.
May		8.09 plus .07
June		8.03 plus .08
July	7.99	8.02 plus .08
August		7.92 plus .09
September		7.88 plus .11
October	7.71	7.84 plus .12
November		7.82 plus .13
December		7.84 plus .13
January	7.72	7.85 plus .13
February		7.87 plus .13
March		7.90 plus .13
April		7.91 plus .12
May		7.93 plus .12
Middling Spot		8.49—.02

LIVERPOOL COTTON SALES.

Liverpool, May 8.

Sales at Liverpool	5,000
Sales on Speculation	200
Sales of East Indian Cotton	Nil

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

London, May 8.

Chartered Bank of I. A. and C. £17-1|2.

Hongkong and Shanghai Bank, (London Register) £113.

National Bank £35-1|8.

Funding Loan 4 per cent £29-5|8.

Conversion Loan £77-1|2.

Indian Loan 5-1|2 per cent £102.

Rupee Paper 3-1|2 per cent £46.

Indian Stock 3 per cent Sterling Loan £53.

Indian Stock 3-1|2 per cent Sterling Loan £62.

Consols £55-1|8.

War Loan 5 per cent £101-3|8.

Victory Bonds 4 per cent £93-1|2.

NEW YORK DEMAND BILLS...

New York, May 8.

Demand Bills 485.68

LONDON METAL.

London, May 8.

Copper Braziers £73.

Yellow Metal (net) £57-1|2.

Spelter, Hard Indian Brands £15-1|2.

Corrugated sheets 24 guage £11-7|8.

Tin English Ingots £146 3|4.

LODHRA FOR LADIES' HEALTH
KESARI KUTEERAM
EGMORE :: MADRAS
AT ALL CHEMISTS
Agents: RATILAL BROTHERS, 38, Churchgate Street, Fort, Bombay.

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FOR SALE OF THE REMAINING SHARES OF
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Registered Office : -7, Mission Row, Block "B" CALCUTTA
Local Chief Agencies for the life business of the Company may be conferred on successful share-selling Agents of the Company in the respective localities concerned.
For further Particulars please apply to:—
Mr. S. CHATTERJEE,
General Manager.

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Chorus of Felicitations! To Avoid Dangers of Lowered Vitality and Shattered Health By Using Our Renowned Multitude of Testimonials!
"SIDDHA KALPA MAKARADHWAJA" (Regd.) AND "MAHACHANDANATHI TAILAM",
1 Bot. 60 Pills Rs. 10. (*Found Best by Every Test*) 1 Bot. 12 oz. Rs. 5.
Apply to :— Boon to Brain Workers As Blood Purifier, Incomparable. Catalogue, free on Application
THE MADRAS AYURVEDIC PHARMACY, LIMITED.,
P. O. Box 151, MADRAS, *Manager*:—V. RAGHUPATHI, B.A., B.L. Tel. Add. "Kalpam" Madras.

WHEAT—LONDON MARKET.

London, May 8.

Rozario Santa Fe, per 63-1|2 lb. Cargoes.—
May|June sellers 38|.
Barletta Russo, per 62-1|2 lb. Cargoes.—
May|June sellers 37|.
Wheat, South Australian, Cargoes, Parcels.—
Shipping|Shipped to Hull. Paid 39|3.
Wheat, Choice White Karachi, Parcels.—
May|June sellers 39|.

JAVA SUGAR—LONDON MARKET

London, May 8.

Java Sugar, Fine White, Dutch Standard No. 25.—
C. and F. Calcutta.—
May|June per cwt. 9|4-1|2.
July|Sept. per cwt. 9|4-1|2.
Oct|Dec. per cwt. 9|6.
C. and F. Bombay.—
May|June per cwt. 9|5-1|2.
C. and F. Karachi.—
May|June per cwt. 9|5-1|2.

LONDON RUBBER.

London, May 8.

Smoked Sheet, Standard, Ribbed Lb. Spot 7d. sellers.

LONDON PRODUCE.

London, May 8.

Cottonseed, Bombay, ton.—
May|June sellers £6 10
Castorseed, Bombay, ton.—
May|June sellers £15-2-6.
Rapeseed, Toria, ton.—
May|June sellers £15-10.

—:o:—

LINSEED.

London, May 8.

Linseed, Calcutta, (London, ton.
May|June buyers £18-2-6.
Linseed Calcutta, (London), ton.—
June|July buyers £18-2-6.
Linseed, La Plata, c.i.f., ton.—
May|June quoted £17-3-9.
Linseed, Bombay.—
May|June sellers £19-2-6.

LINSEED OIL.

London, May 8

Linseed Oil, Naked, London, cwt.—
June|Aug sellers 37|1-1|2.
Linseed Oil, Naked, London, cwt.—
Sept|Dec. sellers 36|4-1|2.

LONDON GOLD.

London, May 8.

Bar Gold, Fine, per oz. £4-4-11-1|2

IF YOU ARE WEARING SPECTACLES AND EYEGLASSES.
INSIST THAT THE LENSES ARE MADE OF
VITREX LENSES.
The VITREX is the latest optical glass, absolutely colourless, but which by its chemical composition, absorbs, all those rays which irritate the eyes and consequently comfort your eyes imparting them a very cooling sensation.
VITREX LENSES.

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THE LEADING OPTICIANS OF BOMBAY.
279, Hornby Rd., & 361, Kalbadevi Rd., & Chamar Bag, Parel.
AWARDED GOLD MEDALS.

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DEALERS IN
STATIONERY—For Office and School use,
DRAWING & PAINTING MATERIALS—
For Artists, Art Students, Technical and Engineering College, etc.
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Levels, Theodolites, Prismatic Compasses, Staves and all other Drawing Office Articles and Instruments
PRICE LIST FREE ON APPLICATION.

Auction Sales.

MESSRS. BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY AT LADY JAMSHEDJEE ROAD, DADAR, NEAR TILAK BRIDGE.

Under instructions from N. H. Moos, Esq., the Receiver appointed in Suit No. 1411 of 1928 (Tribhowandas vs. Bai Rattanbai and others), Messrs. BENNETT & CO. will, on WEDNESDAY, the 14th instant, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.), sell by Public Auction on the premises:—

All that piece of Pension and Tax tenure land with the messuages tenements or dwelling houses standing thereon situate at Hansali Tank, Dadar, containing by actual admeasurement about 3,446 square yards, but according to the title deeds, about 3,306 square yards and according to the Collector's Bill 3867 square yards, bearing Collector's Old Nos. 336, 463, New No. 4144, Old Survey No——, New Survey No. 1/1289, Cadastral Survey No. 216 of Mahim Division and bounded on the East by Tulsi Water Pipe Road and beyond that by B. B. and C. I. Railway lines, on the West by a public passage and beyond that by Hansali Tank and on the North and South by the property of Paul Miranda and which said premises are assessed by the Municipality under G Ward Nos. 3713 (1) etc. Street Nos. 74, etc., etc.

On THURSDAY, the 15th instant, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.), at their Rooms:—

(A) All that piece of vacant land situate at Lonavla, bearing Survey No. 144, admeasuring about 4 acres, assessment about 8 annas and bounded on the East by the property of Dhana Moti, on the South by Poona Road, on the West by the compound of the portion of Survey No. 144 and on the North by a brook and beyond that land bearing Survey No. 123 of Tungarli Village and land bearing Survey No. 21.

(B) All that piece of vacant land situate at Tungerli, bearing Survey No. 123, admeasuring about 8 acres 32 gunthas, assessment Rs. 2; Survey No. 126, admeasuring about 12 acres 20 gunthas, assessment Rs. 2 and a portion of Survey No. 125 admeasuring 18 acres 24½ Gunthas after deducting 5 acres 9 Gunthas 2 Acres 29 Gunthas and 3½ gunthas totaling 8 acres, 1½ gunthas sold to others, assessment Rs. 2, in all 30 acres 39½ gunthas and bounded on the East by land bearing Survey No. 127, 122, on the South partly by a brook and beyond that land bearing Survey No. 144 of Lonavla and partly by the compound of land bearing Survey No. 125, sold to Bai Dinbai Nowroji Cowasji Bamji on the West partly by the compound of land of Dinbai Nowroji Cowasji Bamji and partly by the compound of St. Peter's Nursery School and partly by the boundary of Survey No. 124 and a brook and on the North partly by a brook and beyond that the boundary of village Kupe.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs Crawford Bayley & Co. Attorneys for the Receiver or to the undersigned.

BENNETT & CO.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO

AUCTIONEERS,

123, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

SALE of a valuable immoveable property at Khateralli Cross Lane, Thakurdwar Road, Girgaum, on FRIDAY, the 16th day of May, 1930, at 5 p.m. (S. T.), on the premises under instructions from Messrs. Solomon and Co., Attorneys for Mr. Simon Reuben, the Mortgagee, and on account and at the risk of Mr. Khanderao Vinayak Purandare, the Mortgagor:—

All that piece of Pension and Tax land admeasuring about 174-3/9 square yards with a dwelling house thereon, situate at Khateralli Cross Lane, bearing Collector's Old No. 140, New No. 113, New Survey No. 1741, Cadastral Survey No. 410, Girgaum Division, and Municipal D Ward No. 1048 and Street No. 39.

Full printed particulars and conditions of sale may be obtained of Messrs. Solomon and Co., Attorneys for the Mortgagee Daud Nency Building, Military Square Lane, Fort, or of the undersigned.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

POSTAL NOTICE:—Mails from Australia Via Dhanushkodi for Bombay are due here on Sunday the 11th inst.

SMALLPOX IN BOMBAY CITY: Thursday's figures are: Cases 7, Deaths 2, Primary Vaccinations 43; and Re-vaccinations 124.

GUM MERCHANTS' ASSOCIATION

The general meeting of the Gum [illegible] Association held on the 4th inst., passed a resolution re[illegible] the members and their firm-staff to boycott foreign cloth and use pure Khaddar or Indian—made cloth.

MALAD CONGRESS COMMITTEE:—A General Meeting of all the members of the Malad Village Congress Committee will be held at 9 a.m. (S.T.) to-morrow (Sunday) at the Potdar Estate.

Band at Esplanade Bandstand:—The Band of the Bombay Battalion, A. F. (I) will play a programme of music at Esplanade Band Stand, to-day (Saturday) at 6 p.m.

Malad Public Meetings.

—:o:—

Public meetings of the residents of "Malad" will be held at the following places and timings for the boycott of foreign cloth. All are requested to attend:—

(1) Sunday (11th May) 9-30 P.M. (S. T.) Potdar—Estate, Malad.

(2) Monday (12th May) 9-30 p.m. (S. T.) Bhandar-wada (Malad Village).

(3) Tuesday (13th May) 9-30 P.M. (S. T.) Sneth Shiv Narayan's Aknada-Godbunder Road, Vaianai Naka, Malad.

PUBLIC MEETING OF JAINS.

—:o:—

A public meeting of all sections of Jain community will be held at the Mahavir Jain Vidyalaya Hall opposite Govalia Tank at 8 p. m. (S. T.) on Sunday to protest against the arrest and imprisonment of Mahatma Gandhiji.

MEETING AND PROCESSION CANCELLED.

—:o:—

Owing to the Id Holidays all the public functions arranged by the Bhuleshwar District Congress Committee, on Saturday and Sunday including the meeting, arranged to be held on the 10th near Mumbadevi Fountain as well as the procession on Sunday the 11th, have been cancelled.

BOYCOTT OF BRITISH ELECTRICAL GOODS.

—:o:—

A meeting of the Bombay Electrical merchants and contractors was held on Friday, May 9th at 24, Mangalore Street, and the following resolutions were passed:—

This meeting strongly condemns the action of the Government in interning Mahatma Gandhi, the recognised leader of India and a world personality.

This meeting unanimously recommends the complete boycott of all electrical goods of British make and origin.

DR. PELTZER'S DEMONSTRATION.

—:o:—

Dr. Peltzer and his pupil G. Obermueller gave a very interesting demonstration to the members of the Zoroastrian Physical Culture and Health League on the Oval Maidan at 6 p. m. yesterday.

Girgaum District Congress Committee.

—:o:—

The adjourned meeting of the Council will be held to-day (Saturday), at 8-30 a.m. when all the members of the Council are requested to be present.

—:o:—

BOMBAY DERBY SWEEP.

—:o:—

BOMBAY, Friday.

Over Rs. 1,50,000 have been subscribed for the Bombay Stock Exchange Derby Sweep and the List will be closed on May 31.

FAIR ISLE WINS NEWMARKET.

—:o:—

LONDON, May 9.

At Newmarket to-day One thousand Guineas (distance one mile) resulted as follows:—

FAIR ISLE	1
TORCHERE	2
SISTER CLOVER	3

Stating prices: Seven to four against Fair Isle, ten to one against Torchere; ten to one against Sister Clover.

Nineteen ran.: Won by short-head. Neck separated second and third.—Reuter.

ANGLO-EGYPTIAN RUPTURE.

—:o:—

BRITISH PRESS ELATED.

LONDON, May 9.

Apart from the "Daily Herald" and the "Daily News" which deeply regret the failure of the Anglo-Egyptian negotiations, newspapers in leading articles do not conceal their relief at the fact that no treaty has resulted, though they are pleased to stress the friendly atmosphere in which the conference broke up. All emphasise the utter impossibility of Egyptian claims in Sudan.—Reuter.

FOR SPREAD OF SWADESHI.

—:o:—

TO-DAY'S WOMEN'S PROCESSION.

It is the duty of every man and woman in India to participate in the movement for political emancipation under the leadership of Mahatma Gandhi. In order to give an impetus to the movement, the campaign for the spread of Swadeshi is in full swing: This task has been entrusted by Mahatmaji to the women of India, who by enthusiastically participating in the movement, can greatly encourage the spread of Swadeshi, and thereby make the boycott of foreign goods a success.

While the men are busy shouldering heavier responsibilities, the women should not lag behind in contributing their share in the movement which has now spread throughout the length and breadth of India. We have therefore decided to start a procession of ladies in Bombay to-day (Saturday) in order to give an impetus to the spread of Swadeshi and Khaddar; and thereby keep up the awakening.

The procession will pass through the principal localities in the city. Starting from Madhav Bag at 4 P.M. (S. T.) it will pass through Bhuleshwar, Jhaveri Bazaar, Mangaldas Market, and Princess Street. Thence it will go along Kalbadevi Road, and the Dady Sheth Agiary Lane. Proceeding towards Thakurdwar, and Kandewadi, it will terminate at Madhav Bag, and then disperse.

Ladies are hereby requested to join. They should assemble at Madhav Bag at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.).

Lady Laksmimbai Jugmohandas.
Mrs. Shantabai Govindlal.
Mrs. Benkorebai Laxmidas.
Mrs. Jhaverbai Laximidas.
Mrs. Vishnubai Tularam.
Mrs Suman Hiralal Nanavati.
Mrs. Rasikmani B. Desai.
Mrs. Chandabai Thakoredas Desai.
Mrs. Kalavanti Bhawanidas Motiwala.
Mrs. Jamnabai Govindji.
Mrs. Mudrika Anjaria.
Mrs. Kalavati Natvarlal Khambhati.
Mrs. Kamalabai Kalyandas Desai.
Mrs. Shantabai Bhra.
Mrs. Vidyagouri Krishnalal Munshi.
Mrs. Urmila Parekh.
Mrs. Kamalaben Damodardas.
Mrs. Taraben Ranchhoddas.
Mrs. Sakarbai Mathuradas.

MANYSIDED BOYCOTT ACTIVITIES OF DESH SEVIKA SANGHA.

The Volunteers of the Desh Sevika Sangha were divided into two batches, the one continued picketing in Bhuleshwar and its neighbourhood and the other did the round of Mangaldas market, which was closed in the afternoon because of the merchants' meeting and procession held to support the Boycott movement.

The Sevikas were stationed in twos in small shops and in fours in larger ones and appealed to purchasers of foreign cloth.

The Shop-keepers also have entered into the spirit of the boycott movement, which could be seen in the courtesy that was shown to the Sevikas who were given every facility to make themselves comfortable.

Several of the shop-keepers went even to the extent of refusing to sell to purchasers if foreign articles when the Sevikas were sitting there.

The Shop-keepers no less than the Public are anxious to deal in Swadeshi articles but there are difficulties which come in the way of perfect co-operation.

SEVIKAS OBSERVE HOLIDAY.

—o—

To-day (Saturday) being an Important Holiday for the Manodans, the Sevikas have decided to observe it themselves. They wish "ID Mubarak" to their Muslim sister Sevikas and Muslim Volunteers and brethren.

DESH SEVIKAS' DONATIONS.

—:o:—

The Desh Sevika Sangha is highly grateful to the following donors:—

	Rs.
Anonymous	100
A Parsi Sympathiser	100

The last is earmarked for Temperance Clubs.

MEETING AT DADAR.

—:o:—

Public meeting of women to be held at 3.30 p. m. at Duhuru Hall, "Tilak Bridge", Dadar. All women are cordially invited.

CARDING CLASS.

—:o:—

A Carding Class will be opened from to-morrow on the 2nd Floor of Dadabhai Naoroji Manzil Congress House. It will be opened between 8 a. m. to 11 a. m. and in the afternoons between 2 p. m. to 6 p. m.

ORDER FOR THE SEVIKA.

—:o:—

All pickets working in Bhuleshwer and Kabutter Khana instead of meeting there, as per instructions, are requested to meet at Congress House at 1 p. m. on Sunday.

RASHTRIYA STREE SABHA.

—:o:—

SPECIAL MEETING FOR PATHARE PRABHU LADIES.

Under the auspices of the "Desh Sevika Sangha" a special meeting for Prabhu Women will be held on Sunday (May 11) at 4 p. m. in Vanita Vishram Hall, when Mrs. Sarojini Naidu, Mrs. Avantikabai Gokhale, Pandit Sunderlalji and other leaders will address.

CELEBRATING 1857

—:o:—

BOMBAY YOUTH LEAGUE.

A meeting of the Bombay Youth League will be held at the Youth League Headquarters on Saturday (to-day) at 5.30 p. m. to celebrate the Anniversary of the First War of Independence of 1857.

FRIDAY'S BOYCOTT PROCESSION.

—:o:—

Merchants Burn Copies Of "Evening News".

The Bombay Cloth Merchants organised a big procession on Friday to impress upon the public the necessity of boycotting British goods.

It started from Mulji Jetha market, where most of the Bombay's foreign cloth is sold.

Starting from Shaik Memon Street the procession went through Princess Street, Crawford Market, Hornby Road, Museum, Appollo Bunder and turning from there came back to Flora Fountain reached Dhobi Talao, wended its way to Girgaum Road and reached to Congress House at about sunset when it dispersed.

The procession consisted mainly of the cloth merchants who had especially put on their red pugrees, instead of white Gandhi caps perhaps to show that it was a procession of real merchants of Bombay.

The processionists all along the route kept on shouting the usual slogans especially "Boycott British goods". They carried a number of placards bearing on them such slogans as "Boycott foreign cloth." Cloth merchants are tired of British domination."

BOYCOTT "TIMES".

When the procession neared the "Times of India" Office the cry raised was "Boycott the "Times" Some of the more enthusiastic of them tore to pieces a few fresh copies of that evening's "Evening News of India" and one of them burnt a copy of the "Times of India" just in front of the Times office. Many members of the Times staff were seen watching this.

BOYCOTT "TIMES OF INDIA"

—:o:—

Bombay Advocates' Resolution

The following resolution was passed by the Bombay Advocates' Association at their meeting held on 8th May under the presidentship of Mr. Vinayakrao Pradhan, Advocate:—

"This Association resolves to discontinue the receipt of the daily issue of the "Times of India" by way of boycotting the said paper, and expressing their emphatic protest against the intriguing nature of its leading and other articles and misrepresentations of news-items and other matters of information and its propaganda to vilify the leaders of Nationalist Indian political thought and ridicule the national aspirations of the Indian people.

"That a copy of this resolution be forwarded by the Secretary of the Association, with his letter, to the managing proprietors of the "Times of India" directing them not to send copies of their paper immediately from the receipt of this letter."

INDIAN BOYCOTT TELLS.

—:o:—

Unrest In Ribbon Factories.

LONDON, May 8.

Paris.—Enquiry in the French textile centres shows varying degrees of concern with regard to Indian boycott. Saint Etienne reports that great harm has been done to its ribbon industry and exports to India have ceased during the past three months, causing serious unrest in Loire factories. Mulhouse manufacturers are not yet greatly alarmed, as the Indian market is in no way the principal outlet for Mulhouse textiles, but the situation in India is being closely watched. Lyons generally views the situation calmly. It is thought that the effect of the boycott will not be seriously felt by Lyons industry whose chief export to India is silver gilt silk thread chiefly bought by well to do Indians and foreigners, but manufactured only on a mall scale in India.—Reuter.

Fragrance Incarnate

Blossom-burdened boughs in Dreamland's laughing garden — and in the scent-laden breeze the sweetness of "4711" Nenita, perfume of dreams and golden memory. Approved by taste and fashion, "4711" Nenita Perfume belongs to those fragrant toiletries that have made the name of "4711" a by-word for excellence and quality.

There is also "4711" Nenita Brilliantine, breathing the same fragrance and enjoying the same repute. You will love these two beauty specialities of "4711" renown. Identically scented: "4711" Nenita Lotion, "4711" Nenita Face Powder, and "4711" Nenita Soap.

4711. Nenita

Representative: ROBERT BLAD (India), Central Bank Buildings Bombay.

AMERICAN COTTON

—:o:—

(Through Cotton Information Bureau).

October	14.91—04
July	16.42—06

New York, May 9.

New York Cotton Market ruled week on lower Liverpool advices and long liquidation.

It opened at a rise of 5 points than the previous close, but the prices soon eased off long liquidation stimulated by lower Liverpool cables. October option was quoted at 14.87—08 at the time of the close of the Liverpool market. On lack of any important buying a further lapse of 7 points was registered. Later a small rally took place and finally closed at October 14.91—4 and July at 16.42—6

Expectation.— Liverpool market is expected to open on Saturday +02 for October option.

Latest Cotton Prices.

—:o:—

(Through Cotton Telegraph Information Service, Ismail Building Hornby Road, Bombay).

NEW YORK MARKET.

OCTOBER.

New York, May 9.

Previous Closing Rate	14.95
To-day's Opening Rate	15.00
Difference	+05
To-days' Closing Rate	14.91
Difference	—04

LIVERPOOL MARKET.

OCTOBER.

Liverpool, May 9.

Previous Closing Rate	7.84
To-day's Opening Rate	7.89
Difference	+05
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Mr. Henderson's Statement In The Commons.

LONDON, May 8.

In the House of Commons, replying to questions, Mr. Henderson stated "I regret to inform the House that despite the sincerest and friendliest efforts on both sides, the Anglo-Egyptian negotiations have failed (some Conservative cheers followed by Loud Labour cries of shame). His Majesty's Government not having seen its way to meet the demands of the Egyptian delegation with regard to Sudan" (Further Conservative cheers).

Mr. Henderson added that he would very shortly lay on the table a white paper dealing with the negotiations.

Mr. Eden (Conservative) asked whether it was clear that in the meantime 'status quo' would be maintained and that the five reserved points would be Reserved.

Mr. Henderson replied that it must be the inevitable result of the failure of the negotiations.

Mr. Henderson left for Geneva at 4 p.m. to-day. He said with reference to Anglo-Egyptian negotiations, "There was tremendous feeling of friendship. I am sure this will continue. The Settlement was reached as regards Egypt, but the Egyptians threw away the substance, because they insisted on discussing Sudan, but the Conference was not called to discuss Sudan but Egypt".—Reuter.

CONGRESS WORK IN C. WARD.

—:o:—

Summary Of April Report.

The Bhuleswar District Congress Committee is carrying on the Congress propaganda. During the last month, more than 400 volunteers have joined from "C" Ward.

A large number of people have discarded foreign cloth. They are taking to Swadeshi and Khaddar. The Swadeshi spirit is taking root. But taking advantage of this spirit several dealers have begun to sell mill cloth or foreign cloth as genuine Khadi The public are seriously warned against such profiteering and unpatriotic dealers. The Committee appeals to them to take to "Takli" and "Charka" and produce their requirements.

During the month of April the workers of the Committee enrolled 3,580 members. Now the total stands at 7,337. The Committee received Rs. 843 towards the Satyagrah Fund, which was immediately sent to the B. P. C. C. In all 7 public meetings were arranged and procession, after the flag salutation ceremony, paraded the streets of "C" Ward on the 25th instant.

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THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE
SATURDAY, MAY 10, 1930.

NO CONFERENCE.

—:o:—

Mr. M. R. Jayakar, who has been studiously silent all these days of the national struggle, has at last ventured so far as to express his opinions on some of the problems of the day in a letter to Mr. A. Patro, Chairman of the All-Parties' Committee. His views, we regret to note, do little credit to a Nationalist and Congressman of his standing. Nine years ago he was a fairly ardent Non-Co-operator and, though he was not even then a supporter of civil disobedience, took active part in the campaign against foreign cloth and could often be seen going about hawking Khaddar. He has since sadly changed. And while his comrades of his own Responsivist Party are either in jail or are seeking it or are otherwise fighting in the Congress campaign, Mr. Jayakar stands aside. He still puts faith in the so-called Round Table Conference, of whose composition or terms of reference he knows absolutely nothing. True to his first declaration about the Conference, he seems to support it at any cost. He only appeals to Government to announce "the details of the Conference, especially the date, personnel and terms of reference" and to make it clear that India "may" achieve at the Conference full Dominion Status "with perhaps a few transitory safeguards". He has not a word of condemnation for the "Dominion Status in action" in the shape of lawless Ordinances and arrests innumerable except the remark that repression is only a "partial" remedy. He does not condemn the remedy. He calls it only partial and prays for its being supplemented by "palliative measures". How infectious is bureaucratic atmosphere!

In refreshing contrast with this attitude is that of the important seventeen commercial bodies of Bombay who have unanimously adopted a resolution declaring that "participation by the Indian commercial community in the Round Table Conference under the present political situation in the country is wholly out of question." In normal times many of these business bodies talked little of politics, but in the hour of crisis they have come out openly and boldly to condemn Government's policy of repression and to support the boycott campaign of the Congress. All honour to them. All honour, too, to the brave and patriotic women volunteers of Bombay who have come out of the Zenana to face the risks of picketing foreign cloth shops, feeling that a great deal more needs to be done by men and women alike than to go to London to re-enact the 'tamasha' of the Joint Free Conference. That the vague offer of a London Conference is doomed to be a miserable failure in the present circumstances is beginning to be obvious even to the British people of any discernment. In an article in the "New Leader" Mr. H. N. Brailsford opines that "the only hope lies in a fresh start' and urges the Labour Government to pledge itself for provincial autonomy immediately and Dominion Status within ten years at the most." He also urges the Government to inform Messrs. Baldwin and Lloyd George that the Cabinet intends to resign unless they consent to prompt and precise promise of Self-Government." The "New Leader" perhaps goes further, though it is not precise enough, and advocates an immediate declaration that the Round Table Conference will meet on the basis of full equality with full powers to determine the form of Government acceptable to Indians themselves." The Congress demand of last year was not far different, from the suggestion of the "New Leader" except that it contained some vital details about the composition of the Conference and the conditions necessary for a congenial atmosphere in this country to ensure the success of the Conference. The happenings since the demand was refused are hardly calculated to persuade the Congress to moderate the demand or the preliminary conditions for any future Peace Conference.

The latest and most significant sign of the rallying forces in the country is the unequivocal declaration of its attitude by the Jamiat-ul-Ulema-i-Hind. This body, highly respected by the Muslims all over India, has just adopted a resolution declaring that "whereas the Indian National Congress has adopted complete Independence as its political ideal at the Lahore session.....and whereas it has resolved that no constitution will be acceptable to the Congress unless it gives full satisfaction to all the minorities concerned, this session of the Jamiat-ul-Ulema considers that under the present circumstances there is no reason why Muslims should keep themselves aloof from the Congress." This resolution is a retort direct to those who are making insidious attempts to wean Muslims from the Congress. The Jamiat has gone further and adopted another resolution declaring that Muslims "should in co-operation with the Congress carry on the non-violent struggle for freedom with courage, zeal, and determination." It has also appointed a Committee to carry out a programme of action including "picketing of liquor shops, and boycott of British goods and specially British cloth." These resolutions are bound to prove a tremendous accession of strength to the Congress movement and to the cause of Hindu-Muslim Unity. And given communal unity and a persistent non-violent campaign of action, Swaraj cannot be far off.

THEIR DETERMINED STAND.

—:o:—

Amidst Tory cheers, Mr. Henderson, the British Foreign Secretary, declared in the Commons on Thursday that "despite the sincerest and friendliest efforts on both sides" the Anglo-Egyptian negotiations had failed. The Tories are evidently pleased with the failure. The anxiety of one member of their Party to elicit from Mr. Henderson whether the 'status quo' with its odious retention of the five Reserved Points would now be maintained between Britain and Egypt shows that British vested interests in the land of the Nile were most concerned in finding the draft treaty wrecked. But the failure of the negotiations is no triumph for the Lloyd policy in Egypt. It is significant that Nahas Pasha and his colleagues found it possible to agree with the British view in regard to all points of major detail except the vital one of the Sudan. On that bedrock the negotiations foundered. The Egyptians' spirited stand is quite intelligible. Mr. Henderson tries to get away from an unpleasant issue by saying in a Press interview that the Egyptians "threw away the substance" because they insisted on discussing the Sudan whereas "the Conference was not called to discuss the Sudan but Egypt".

We are sure the Nahas Delegation will strongly repudiate this view. There can be no satisfactory solution of the Anglo-Egyptian difficulty until the question of Egypt's suzereignty over the Sudan is settled in her favour. If Mr. Henderson's statement implies that the Sudan, as a British Protectorate, stands outside any discussion of Anglo-Egyptian relations, the Labour Government are not only doing a great disservice to their repeated pledge to secure for Egypt an independent and sovereign status, they are, indeed, viewing the British tenure of the Sudan from a far more Imperialist aspect than that of the Tories. The "British elements" in Egypt whose views regarding this question Mr. St. John Philby ably analysed some months ago in a British periodical, would like "an independent consideration" of the Sudan problem by Britain and Egypt "as between equals on the basis of the condominium agreement of 1899", but even these interests would not have the hardihood to say to the Egyptians "Hands off Sudan. This is our country." It is a pity that a Labour Government should have missed a splendid opportunity of reaching a satisfactoy understanding with Egypt because of their craven fear that recognising Egypt's suzereignty over the Sudan would rouse against them the wrath of both the Tories and the Liberals.

HIS OPPORTUNITY.

—:o:—

Lord Irwin has an excellent opportunity of allaying the very legitimate public anxiety regarding the recent tragic occurrences at Peshawar by acceding to the request of Pundit Motilal Nehru that the Congress Committee of Inquiry to investigate into these occurrences should be allowed "to proceed on its journey and do its work without interference and obstruction". Already the public mind is greatly exercised concerning the tragedy, because of the imposition of a strict censorship and the virtual interruption of contact between Peshawar and the Punjab. To the public, Government communiques naturally appear, in these circumstances, as 'ex-parte' statements. They contain very grave allegations against Peshawar Congress leaders, the gravest being that they were "in correspondence with the Haji of Turangzai" and had invited his armed assistance to endanger the peace of India. If this allegation is proved to be well-founded, the conduct of these Congressmen cannot be too strongly condemned as being opposed to the creed and policy of the Congress. But an independent inquiry conducted by men in whom the public has confidence must be permitted by the authorities, if they desire to escape the charge of being anxious to pursue a hush-hush policy, to do its work unhindered. We see no reason why local officials in fact should not co-operate with it in its efforts to get at the truth.

WRONG DECISION.

—:o:—

The Bombay Municipal Corporation stultified itself and proved untrue to its tradition of safeguarding the civic liberties of this city when it threw out after a debate at its meeting on Thursday a proposition which requested its President "to inform Government that it views with alarm the promulgation of the Press Ordinance". As a supporter of the resolution rightly pointed out the liberty of the Press was necessary for the growth of civic life and as the guardian and upholder of civic liberties the Corporation was thoroughly justified in requesting its President to express to Government its misgivings against the Ordinance. To the opposition which developed a sudden fear that the Corporation might become an arena for fighting political battles, it did not unfortunately appear a matter of grave importance that the Ordinance sought to curtail most autocratically a cherished right of the people in every civilised State. There are, of course, members of the Corporation whose myopic political vision makes them forget their true civic duty.

MUSLIMS' GROWING SYMPATHY.

—:o:—

It was quite in the fitness of things that at the huge public meeting at Cawnpore, the resolution congratulating Mahatma Gandhi was moved by Maulana Hasrat Mohani, the intrepid Muslim leader who took the foremost part in Gandhiji's Non-cooperation movement a decade ago. He only reflected the growing feeling among Muslims when he said at the meeting that "the door of negotiation through the Round Table Conference had now closed for ever and that Dominion Status could not be accepted by the country under any conditions." Sardar Ali Sabiri, who seconded the resolution, stressed the fact that the imprisonment of Gandhiji was drawing together both Hindus and Muslims in their common fight. The same effect will be brought about not only in the Punjab but all over India by the incarceration of Dr. Alam and the savage sentences inflicted on Dr. Satyapal and Mtulana Zafar Ali all whom have been placed among B class prisoners in flagrant violation of the rules promulgated by Government themselves.

A RELIC OF BARBARISM.

REGULATION 25 OF 1827.

(By K. G. D.)

More than a century has elapsed since the Regulation XXV of 1827, whose iron heels are sharper than those of Section 124-A of the Indian Penal Code, was signed to suffocate the activities of some exponents of liberty.

The object of this article is to consider whether the invocation of this Regulation is lawful or in direct violation of the cardinal principles of law and equity and beyond the scope and object thereof.

THE PREAMBLE.

The preamble of the Regulation runs thus:—

"Whereas reasons of State, embracing the due maintainance of the alliances formed by the British dominions from foreign Powers, the preservation of tranquility in the territories of Native Princes entitled to its protection, and the security of the British domonions from foreign hostility and from internal commotion, occasionally render it necessary to place under personal restraint individuals against whom there may not be sufficient ground to institute any judicial proceedings, or when such proceedings may not be adapted to the nature of the case, or may for other reasons be unadvisable or improper'.

The following rules have therefore been enacted, (then follows the text of the Regulation).

The preamble, therefore, says that the Regulation can be act in motion for reasons of State such as the four that are mentioned at the commencement and in one or more of the circumstances enumerated at the end of it.

"INTERNATIONAL COMMOTION"

Let us see what reasons of State invited Mahatmaji to Yeroda Jail to partake of the hospitality of Rules 2 (allowance for support of State Prisoners) and 3 (prisoners in custody by whom to be visited) of the Regulation. Certainly the illustrious inmate of Yeroda never interfered with the alliances formed by the British Government with foreign Powers, or the preservation of tranquility in the territories of Native Princes or the security of British dominions from foreign hostility. The only thing that now remains is to consider whether he is apprehended for fomenting internal commotion. Rather far from it, since no body hates commotion more than he does. Absolute absence of commotion is the cardinal and vital element of his campaign. He has embarked upon a movement of civil disobedience a programme involving the breach of all unjust laws except laws of ethics, absolutely unattended by any element of force and commotion. I said he is an apostle of peace. Not a lecture, manifesto, issue of "Navjivan" or "Young India" where he does not denounce and execrate commotion, force and violence. It will, therefore, be obviously discerned that none of the reasons of State set out in extenso in the preamble or those 'ejusdem generis' with them exist to bring into play the Regulation. It should be borne in mind that the Regulation cannot come into operation unless one of the reasons of State exists.

NO JUSTIFICATION.

Next we learn from the preamble that none of the circumstances mentioned at the end of the preamble justify here the operation of the Regulation. The Regulation can be brought into operation against individuals against whom there may not be sufficient ground to institute any judicial proceedings, or when such proceedings may not be adapted to the nature of the case, or may for other reasons be unadvisable or improper. Mahatmaji has broken the Salt Law and abetted the breach thereof. Mahatmaji's speeches and writings can be brought in within the operation of section 124-A of I.P.C. Mahatmaji can be conveniently arrested under some apt provisions of the Criminal Procedure Code or Police Acts. And judicial proceedings may be conveniently and fairly instituted thereunder; and further these proceedings would be advisable and proper both in law and equity.

Why then did Government take out from the hoary statute book this century-old Regulation?

The Government of Bombay wanted his incarceration not for months or years, but till their pleasure, till the present effervescence, miscalculated to be evanescent, subsided. Show me any criminal statute in India whereby a person can be immured till the Government is pleased to release him; and the latter would be only too willing to connect it with Gandhiji.

ISOLATING GANDHIJI.

Whether reasons of State exist or not, whether the circumstances justifying the operation of the Regulaion are present or absent, there was one keen, cardinal and constant desire of isolating Mahatmaji till the movement spends itself; and, irrespective of the correctness or otherwise of its expectations, it seems they have justified their patience in waiting from the dawn of April 6 to the mid summer-night of May 5, 1930.

Therefore, though the operation of this Regulation may have been appropriate in the past in the days of mutiny, rebellion or surging commotion; it certainly, according to the true interpretation of Statute, avails not in times of civil disobedience. And its application to Mahatmaji is sheer lawlessness and injustice stalking abroad in the mask of law and justice.

INTERNMENT OF GANDHIJI

—:o:—

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—The last time Mahatma Gandhi, whom I would call Jesus II, was interned by the bureaucracy, it was subsequently found that he was not even supplied with such periodicals as the "Times of India" Illustrated Weekly, the Modern Review and the Indian Review.

It is, therefore, the duty of all lovers of this Saviour of India to see that such a thing does not happen again. After all, unlike last time, Mahatmaji has not been tried and convicted. He is to-day a State prisoner, his Majesty's honoured guest in the real sense of the term, and though the Government may not have the courtesy of housing him better than in a jail it is bound to provide him with all those things and necessities of life which Mahatmaji would have ordinarily required and obtained, were he free. The following, therefore, though by no means exhaustive, should especially need the Government's most particular attention.

(1) Mahatmaji's diet of pure goat's milk, curds, dates, grapes, etc.
(2) Sufficient and airy living accommodation with bath attached.
(3) Furniture and other necessary articles of comfort.
(4) Facilities for exercise and walk in the open air.
(5) Khaddar clothes and linen and arrangements for dhobi.
(6) Newspapers magazines and books without any restriction whatsoever. The "Bombay Chronicle" (daily and weekly) and other newspapers and the "Modern" and 'Indian" Reviews. "Nav Jivan" and "Young India" and two or three each of some important Gujarati, Hindi or Urdu Magazines as may be required, must be included in any list which may be prepared for the purpose.
(7) Spinning wheel, takli and supply of clean raw cotton. Cotton supplied during the last incarceration was invariably dirty.
(8) Regular medical attendance. Some well-known private Indian practitioner of Bombay should visit Mahatmaji once every fortnight.
(9) One interview and one letter to be received and sent out at least once a week.
(10) Fortnightly bulletins about Mahatmaji's health and about what he has been allowed or refused in the matter of diet, literature, correspondence, interviews and medical attendance.

The proprietors of the publications mentioned in No. 6 —should reguarly send one copy to Mahatmaji's address at Yerwada (Poona) until such time as he is released, for though Rs. 3/6 per diem is given to "A" class prisoners, it is thought fit to give Mahatmaji a meagre allowance of Rs. 100/- only and doubtless all sorts of possible deductions by way of charge this and charge that will be made. But, our Mahatmaji is of frugal and abstemious habits, and may even spend less. Yours, etc.

"RESURGAM".

May 8.

"A COWARDLY ACT."

—:o:—

Under the above caption, the "Leader," the organ of all that is best in Indian Liberalism—not the time-serving Liberalism of Bombay—writes:—

Why did the Government avoid proceeding against Mahatma Gandhi under the ordinary law? They had had no difficulty in obtaining the swift conviction of a large number of his followers, and the Mahatma could have been dealt with similarly with the greatest ease. Instead, he has been deprived of his liberty by executive action under a lawless law, against the retention of which on the statute book public opinion has consistently and persistently protested and which is a discredited relic of a barbarous type and an unsettled time. The indictment of Mahatma Gandhi's policy and activities contained in the com-

(Continued on page 10.)

NOTES OF THE DAY.

Watchful Waiting.

The latest mail papers from England betray the anxiety of British die-hards regarding the Indian situation. They have been unable to understand why "the Viceroy and his advisers were taking a serious risk in allowing Gandhi so much rope." The "Sunday Times" comes to their rescue and explains the situation. According to it the Indian Government's policy was one of "watchful waiting." It had based this policy "on its belief that the Moderates will, when the time comes, cooperate effectively with the authorities in making the (Simon) Commission's recommendations palatable to educated India." We had no idea that our Liberal friends were assigned this extremely unpalatable role. Have any of them been approached to essay the unenviable task of making the Simon Commission's recommendations, "when the time comes," "palatable to educated India"? Are they to serve a double purpose in official eyes, the primary one of propagandists for the Simon Report and the secondary one of asking their countrymen to look upon the Round Table Conference as the load-star of India's political destiny? We say "secondary because the "Sunday Times," just as an afterthought, complains that "the moderates' views in regard to 'Dominion Status" have yet to be made clear."

Falling Into Line.

The MacDonald Government have fallen into line with their predecessors and are chary of allowing the light of public investigation to invade the dark recesses of secret diplomacy, of special understandings arrived at by British representatives abroad with the Arabs to wean them away from the Turks during the great war. Some such secret compact was arrived at between Sir Henry McMahon and Sherif Hussain in 1915. Writers of note enjoying opportunities for studying, from behind the scenes, the course of events in the Middle East between the interesting period 1914-1919 have referred to this arrangement and yet Dr. Drummond Shiels, the Labour Under-Secretary for the Colonies, declines, "as every Government before has done" to publish the correspondence between the British intermediary and the Arab leader whom he successfully alienated from the Turks. Particularly when the Palestine Report and British policy generally in the Middle East are to engage the attention of Parliament, the publication of this correspondence would be very relevant. What has Britain to gain by remaining secretive?

Official Contradictions.

The Director of Information, Bombay, has issued one more statement, flatly contradicting the allegations of mal-treatment of volunteers by some police and salt officials. The allegations of maltreatment, says the Director, "have obviously been composed with the set purpose of serving as an anti-Government propaganda and of embarassing the police in the performance of their difficult duties, some of them are so serious that Government have instituted strict inquiries into the conduct of their officers on the occasions in question." And these inquiries, we are told, "show beyond a doubt that the police and the officers of the Salt Department have throughout shown great patience and forbearance in the face of grave provocation." The Director discusses in same detail some of the notorious incidents at Dholera, Viramgam and Patdi; but it is no use following his laboured defence of officials for he contents himself for the most part with roundly contradicting reports of maltreatment.

Wanted Non-Official Enquiry.

If the allegations are baseless, Government could easily have started their inquiries much earlier with the aid of non-official as well as officials. In exonerating the police officials from all blame without instituting an independent enquiry Government trade too much on the gullibility of the people. In the absence of such an enquiry discerning people will not find it difficult to choose between the full and amply authenticated reports that have appeared in "Young India" and the whitewashing business of the Director of Information. Allegations of police excesses have emanated from so many reliable eye-witnesses besides ill-used volunteers and, in some cases, corroborated by tell-tale photographs that they cannot be easily whitewashed even by the Government with all their resources of propaganda. The Western India Liberal Association has asked for an open enquiry. If all the allegations are concocttions, why do not the Government institute a public ensuiry consisting of a majority of non-officials with a non-official chairman?

All Of It.

"Dad, what part of a speech is 'woman'?"

"Woman isn't a part of speech, Sonny, she is all of it."

CONGRESS FELICITATIONS TO MUSLIM BROTHERS.

—:o:—

Don't Be Traitors To Mahatmaji And The Cause.

KEEP MINDS COOL AND OBSERVE PEACE.

(THROUGH BOMBAY PROVINCIAL CONGRESS COMMITTEE.)

Brothren,

Our revered Mahatmaji is in prison. The highest tribute that we can pay him is to observe non-violence in the face of gravest provocation.

To-day is the "Id-Day". May God make it auspicious to our Islamic brothren and for us. Let us give them our hearty greetings.

Remember also that many forces must be at work to divide the brothers that are coming together after a long separation. Therefore, be warned. To-day and henceforth any one tries to excite us in any way whatsoever we should not be put into his trap by losing our head over it. We should keep our minds cool and preserve absolute peace. If we act otherwise we shall be traitors to our Mahatmaji and to our cause. Therefore let us make a firm resolve and stick to it. We repeat that it is the greatest homage that we can pay to our Mahatmaji.

Mrs. Sarojini Naidu.
Khurshed F. Nariman.
Surji Vallabhdas.
Sunderrao D. Nawalkar.
Jamnadas Dwarkadas.
Mukund Malviya.
Mrs. Perin D. S. Captain.
Govindlal Shivlal Motilal.
Haridas Madhavdas.
Anandilal Podar.
Burjorji F. Bharucha.
Vithaldas Dwarkadas.
Narandas Kedarnath.
Mrs. Lilavati Munshi
Miss Bachuben Lotwala.
B. N. Maheshri.
Mrs. Ratanben Mehta.
Purshotumdas Trikamdas.
Valchand Hirachand.
Lalji Naranji.
Chunilal V. Mehta.
Shivnarain Nemani.
Hirachand Vanichand Desai.
Mathuradas Vasanji.
Bhulabhai J. Desai.
Purshotumdas Jivandas.
Manilal Revashankar Jugjivan.
Chimanlal Motilal.
Narotumdas Bhau.
Chaturbhuj Gordhandas Mulji.
Jugjivan Ujamsey Lalsania.
Sarabhai N. Haji.
Lala Kishanprashad.
And others.

No Demonstrations.

—:o:—

(THROUGH BOMBAY PROVINCIAL CONGRESS COMMITTEE.)

The Congress Officials in the city are for the present engaged in making efforts to preserve peace and harmony between the communities during the "Id" festival as usual. On such occasion there were all sort of ugly rumours afloat and it was deemed advisable to take such steps to allay the public feeling. Mr. K. F. Nariman President, cancelled his trip to Surat where he was to accompany Sjt. Vithalbhai Patel and last night accompanied by Mrs. Sarojini Naidu, B. F. Bharucha and some Hindu leaders, went to Muslim leaders' places and with the help and co-operation of Sirdar Suleman Casam Mitha, the President of Muslim Committee, it was arranged to issue an appeal to the Muslim community to keep peace and not to be led away by any false rumour. The party with the Sirdar practically passed the whole night out and got the urgent matter settled and appeals will be issued in thousands of handbills and through the Press from the Muslim Committee and its President. Similar another appeal will be issued to the Hindu community signed by several Hindu leaders, appealing to them also to keep peace. As a precautionary measure, all demonstrations, Congress propaganda such as processions, etc. for these three days will be suspended and leaders and volunteers will patrol the city. After the "Id" festival Mr. Nariman and Mrs. Naidu will probably proceed to Allahabad to attend the meeting of the Working Committee.

THE BAKRI—ID.

Appeal To Muslims.

Members of the local Muslim Committee have issued the following appeal to the Muslims of Bombay.

The Id day is a very sacred day for the Muslims. On this day Muslims go to Mosques and Idgahs and offer prayers. After the prayers they greet each other and thus give a proof of their sincerity and their belief in Islamic brotherhood. From religious point of view the day is very sacred and it is the duty of every Muslim to pass it in praying and actively sympathising with his fellowbeings and thus to keep alive the noble traditions of Islam.

India is passing at present through critical times. Business is very slack. It is just possible that if any misunderstanding is created it might cause disturbances and Hindu-Muslim riots which would not result in anything else but further slackening of trade and business and unnecessary loss of life and danger to property.

It is, therefore, the duty of Musalmans not to be led away by rumours. They should pass the days of Id quietly and peacefully and God forbid if any untowards happenings take place they should immediately inform the responsible members of the Muslim Committee so that they might deal with the situation in a proper way and establish peace.

ID PRAYERS IN BOMBAY.

—:o:—

Nawab Of Bhopal Regrets Inability To Attend

The Secretary, Anjuman-i-Targhib-o-Talim writes:—

An invitation on behalf of the Bombay Muslims of all sects and beliefs was sent to His Highness Nawab of Bhopal to say his Id-uz-Zuha prayers at the Esplanade Maidan, the letter being signed by Arabs, Kokness, Ayilal and Kachhi Memons, Khatri, Maniar, Deccanese, Asna Ashri, Ismaili Khojas, Daudi and Sulei mani Bohras' Irani and other Muslim groups. The document was signed in such large numbers that it included the Sheriff, the Mayor, the Chairman of the Standing Committee of the Corporation, Corporators, Members of Assemble and Legislative Council, Pensioned Government servants, title-holders, the President and Secretaries of religious and educational bodies, the heads of Committees, national representatives, trustees of Wahi, Ulema, Qazis, Mujtahids, merchants and other wealthy and educated persons. With this invitation Hakim Syed Abi Yusuf Asiahani, President, Anjuman Targhib-o-Talime Islam, went to Bhopal and personally presented the invitation to His Highness on behalf of Bombay Muslims. His Highness was greatly touched with the invitation and was ready to fulfil the desire of Bombay Muslims by saying his Id-uz-zuha prayers on the Esplanade Maidan along with other Mussalmans. But unluckily, the health of Her Highness Nawab Sultan Jehan Begum Sahiba, Mother Begum of Bhopal, which was a little indisposed since January last suddenly took such a serious turn that His Highness had to call the medical aid of Col. Roberts, Dr. Ansari, Hakim Mohamed Ahmed Khan, successor to Masih-ul-Mulk Hakim Ajmal Khan, and other physicians of repute and cancelling all other engagements had to devote himself to looking after the Mother Begum.

For these reasons His Highness was unable to abide by the wishes of the Bombay Mussalmans and through his Minister in attendance, he sent a letter of regret which is as follows:—

Bhopal,
29th April 1903.

Dear Hakim Saheb,

His Highness has been touched by the very kind letter of invitation which you have presented to him on behalf of so many distinguished leaders of the Muslim community of Bombay. Nothing could have been given him greater pleasure than to respond to their wishes and join the Iduzzuha prayers on the Esplanade Maidan; but to his unspeakable regret the illness of Her Highness the Begum Mother has taken a serious turn, and given him cause for grave anxiety. He regards his presence at Bhopal imperatively necessary at the present time, and hopes that the Muslim leaders of Bombay will not misunderstand him if he express his inability to accept their very generous invitation. His Highness hopes that you will kindly explain the circumstances which prevent him from visiting Bombay on the occasion of the Id to the gentlemen who have signed the letter of invitation, and convey to them his heartfelt regret and disappointment at this unexpected cancellation of his engagements.

Yours sincerely,
LIAKAT ALI,
Minister in Attendance on
H. H. The Ruler of Bhopal.

All Mussalmans should pray for the speedy recovery and longevity of the Mother Begum saoiba and releasing the mind of His Highness from the grievous anxieties.

PRAYERS FOR BEGUM MOTHER.

His Highness is the Chancellor of Muslim University, Aligarh and many educational possibilities of that place are subject to his generosity. To many religious institutions of India he has given substantial aids. His Highness has built in the Holy places several "Rohats" i.e. Pilgrims' free lodgings. By giving a substantial grant-in-aid to Khalifa Abdul Majeed the honour of the Mussalmans of the world has been kept, and there are numberless other works of the sort, which all need not be mentioned here, only a few being enough to serve as examples.

It is also requested that after the Id prayers at the Esplanade Maidan, prayers would be offered for Her Highness throughout the city wherever Id prayer is offered; the Mutawallis and Imams are also requested that they should pray for Her Highness's speedy recovery. Allah does not throw away the prayers of a large number of Muslims and prayer is verily the remover of troubles.

Id Prayer At Esplanade. Maidan.

—:o:—

Mr. Syed Abu Yusuf Asfahani writes:—

The Id-uz-Zuha prayer will be offered at the Esplanade at 7-30 (S.T.), and soon after a prayer would be offered for Her Highness's health and longevity. Most of the signatories to the proposal will themselves be present at the time of offering the prayer.

There is sufficient arrangement for water. There is ample arrangement for carpets. Yet people should bring with them "Jai Namaz," since arrangement for carpets in huge quantity is rather difficult. If some gentlemen are disposed to arrange for carpets they may do so, and inform me of it. This year beggars are prohibited to enter inside the prayer lines and every one should stop them from doing so.

"ID MUBARAK TO YOU."

—:o:—

MR. NARIMAN'S GREETINGS.

"I wish all my Mahomedan Brothers "Id Mubarak" on the occasion of 'Bakri-Id.'

K. F. NARIMAN.

MAHAD LEADER JAILED.

—:o:—

(From A Correspondent.)

MAHAD, May 9.

The long expected arrest of Mr. Surendranath Tipnis, a prominent local leader, was made here yesterday at 2 p.m. He was tried the same day by Mr. Shitut under Section 117, I. P. C., and sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment. Mr. Tipnis was recommended B Class, and sent to Thana Jail.

He was handcuffed throughout his journey from Mahad to Thana.

A special car with about 20 policemen and 2 sergeants were kept in readiness on the Bombay harbour.

DR. GOPICHAND ARRESTED.

—:o:—

LAHORE, May 9.

Doctor Gopichand, General Secretary of the last session of the Congress and a member of the "War Council" was arrested in the early hours of this morning under Section 124—A.—A. P.

GOOD FEELINGS AT AMALNER.

—:o:—

Bombay, May 9.

The public will be glad to receive the news that there are good feelings prevailing at Amalner and the situation is in hand. This is the authentic information received by the B. P. C. C. from the Secretary specially sent there along with Deputation of Hindu and Mohamedan leaders. The public are requested not to give countenance to any false rumours or alarms.

IDEAL FOR THE WORLD.

INDIA'S FIGHT FOR FREEDOM.

—:o:—

America Supports Independence.

DETROIT, MICHIGAN, U.S.A., April 7.

Under the auspices of the Indian Independence Central Committee, a mass meeting was held to discuss India's peaceful revolt under the leadership of Mahatma Gandhi and Pandit Jawaherlal Nehru. The meeting was largely attended by Indian, Irish and American residents of this city. The following resolution was passed in the meeting.

(a) Be it resolved that the Indian and American residents of Detroit, Michigan, U. S. A. at this public meeting assembled under the auspices of the Indian Independence Central Committee, on March 30, 1930, support wholeheartedly India's Declaration of Freedom, and congratulate Mahatma Gandhi, Pandit Jawaherlal Nehru and other Indian leaders for launching the civil disobedience campaign against the British Rule in India, and hope that the unprecedented methods by which they are now trying to achieve Freedom from alien yoke will constitute an ideal for the rest of the world in setting its many differences and for establishing much needed international peace and justice.

(b) Be it also resolved that this meeting urge Indian leaders of all parties and communities to held together under the banner of the Indian National Congress and present a united front at the present crisis in India.

(c) Be it further resolved that copies of the above resolution be forwarded to the President, Indian National Congress, and part (a) to be sent to the President of the United States of America.

The resolution was moved by Captain Robert Montieth and seconded by Judge Patrick O' Brien.—Free Press.

GANDHIJI'S PLAN TO BE CARRIED OUT.

rendranath's house who was busy receiving guests for a dinner party given on account of his son's thread ceremony. Mr. Surendranath was called out by the D. S. P. and told that he was under arrest under Section 117 I. P. C. It was a touching scene when within a few minutes after loving embraces with his relatives and friends and guests he walked out cheerfully with the police party.

He was taken straight to the Court house. The trial commenced within an hour. A few formal witnesses were examined and he was sentenced to six months rigorous imprisonment being classed as "B" class.

There was a spontaneous hartal thousands crowded outside the court compound but very few were allowed. Mrs. Tipnis and his sisters who were present gave him a cheerful send off.

Mr. Surendranath was taken to Thana Jail the next morning at about 6 a. m.. Thousands of people including his younger brother's bride-elect collected themselves to give him a send off. After the arrival of motor with the accused in handcuffs the Satyagraha volunteers raised cries of "Mahatma Gandhiki-Jai" and "Surendranath Tipnis-Ki-Jai."

DEFYING FOREST LAWS.

—:o:—

Sub-Committee Appointed.

(Through Publicity Board)

A meeting of the Maharashtra Civil Disobedience Committee was held at Vile-parle on May 4 and the following resolution was passed.

Looking to the information supplied by the Committee appointed to investigate the grievances about the forest-laws in Maharashtra, the Talukas of Akola and Sangamner in the Ahmednagar District, offer a favourable field for the civil disobedience of forest laws. Therefore this meeting appoints a subcommittee to carry on the civil disobedience campaign with regard to the Forest laws.

The office of the sub-committee will be at Sangamner (Ahmednagar district).

Dy. President Resigns Council Seat.

—:o:—

MADRAS, May 3.

According to a report appearing in the "Madras Mail," Dr. Mrs. Muthulakshmi Reddy, Deputy President, Madras Legislative Council, has resigned her seat in the Madras Council as a protest against Mahatma Gandhi's arrest.—Free Press.

—:o:—

C. I. D. Employee Resigns.

JOINS CIVIL DISOBEDIENCE MOVEMENT.

Mr. G. R. Inamdar who was working as a junior searcher in the Finger Print Bureau, C.I.D. Poona, for over three years has resigned his Government job and has joined the Civil Disobedience movement.

INDIAN SITUATION

—:o:—

Mr. Benn's Reply In Commons.

CONCILIATORY POLICY OF GOVT. STANDS.

LONDON, May 9.

In the House of Commons replying to Earl Winterton with regard to the situation in India Mr. Benn said he had received a telegram with regard to the disturbance at Sholapur which added very little to what had already appeared in the newspapers.

He had also received more general telegram of which the following was paraphrase. "In the North-West Frontier Province there has been no important change since our communique of 5th May. In the city of Peshawar the situation is tranquil. Civil power is still supported in the city by the presence of the troops. Generally the situation is well under control despite riots in various places following the arrest of Gandhi for which Government is well prepared. The spirit of police is excellent."

Mr. Fenner Brockway asked whether Mr. Benn had received a request from influential Indian commercial and trading bodies urging him to take steps towards conciliation by negotiation.

Mr. Benn replied: "The conciliatory policy of Government stands as it always did stand." (Cheers.) "I have not seen the document referred to."

Mr. Brockway asked Mr. Benn whether he would give consideration to such a document if it came into his hands.

Mr. Benn: Certainly.—Reuter.

Mr. Baldwin On Situation In East.

—:o:—

LONDON, May 9.

Mr. Baldwin in the course of his speech at Sheffield said: "In these days of anxiety at home and abroad it must be a comfort and source of confidence to the Yorkshiremen to know that Yorkshireman is in charge at this moment of the Indian Empire and we all have faith in him that whatever the difficulties may arise in the East there will be no failure on the part of Lord Irwin better known to us as Mr. Edward Wood." (Cheers.)—Reuter.

MADRAS WOMAN DICTATOR OFFERS GARLAND TO MAGISTRATE

—:o:—

For Sentencing Sastri and Friends To Six Months' R. I.!

MADRAS, May 9.

Mr. V. A. Sastry and three others, who were arrested last evening for leading a procession in defiance of an order under Section 144, were tried this morning and sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment each.

Mr. V. A. Sastry pleaded "not guilty" according to his conception of law.

Srimati Durgabai Ammal, who was present in the Court, wanted to garland Mr. Sastry after he was sentenced, but the Magistrate did not allow her to do. Thereupon she said she would garland the Magistrate, but he refused to be garlanded. Then she placed the garland on the table and told the Magistrate that she had offered it as a present to him.

Mr. V. L. Sastry and another were placed in "A" Class, while the other two in "B" Class.—Free Press.

KAIRPUR OBSERVES COMPLETE HARTAL.

—:o:—

Processionists Attacked: 4 Seriously Injured.

KARACHI, May 9.

Khairpur observed a complete hartal as a protest against Mahatma Gandhi's internment. All the schools were closed. A procession was organised by naizwan mandi. But when it was peacefully marching it was set upon by about twenty men who attacked the processionists. Four of the processionists including Sj. Govindram, (Vice-President were seriously injured. The assailants carried away the National Flags and all Gandhi caps. A report has been made to the police.—Free Press.

HOUSE SEARCHES IN HOOGHLY.

—:o:—

CALCUTTA, May 8.

Hooghly District Police to-day searched the Congress Offices at Uttarpara, Serampore, Sheorafuli, Hooghly and Chinsurah and seized papers and books. Offices of the Youth Association, District Students Association, and Hooghly Vidyiamandir all in Chinsurah were also searched.

BAN ON PROCESSIONS.

The Superintendent of Police, Hooghly, has issued a notice prohibiting unlicensed processions for two months.—A. P.

2000 Persons Perish In Earthquake Disaster.

TWO SEVERE SHOCKS FELT IN PERSIA.

LONDON, May 9.

Teheran.—The "Iran" to-day reports an earthquake in Salmas on 5th May resulting in much damage to buildings. The bulk of the population is camped outside the town. The second and more severe shock was felt at night when it is stated most of the buildings collapsed burying those remaining in town. The exact number of casualties is not yet known. Other papers estimate the number of casualties at 2,000. —Reuter.

HARTAL IN VIRAMGAM.

—:o:—

SEQUEL TO ALLEGED ASSAULT ON SATYAGRAHIS.

A telephonic message from Ahmedabad on Friday night says that at Viramgam station the police sought to take away salt from Satyagrahis who had formed a cordon round it. Force was used and a number of Satyagrahis are alleged to have received injuries, four of them having fainted. There was complete hartal in the town of Viramgam and a special Congress bulletin about these incidents was issued in Ahmedabad.

COMPLAINTS OF POLITICAL UNDERTRIALS:

—:o:—

APPOINTMENT OF NON-OFFICIAL BOARD URGED.

—:o:—

CALCUTTA, May 8.

At the suggestion of Maharaja Prodyotkumar Tagore, Committee of the British Indian Association, Calcutta, has addressed the Local Government on the subject of appointment of a non-official Board who will visit undertrial political prisoners and detenus in jail in order to ascertain their complaints with a view to forwarding them to the Local Government and authorities concerned.—A. P.

MORE CONVICTIONS.

BELGAUM, May 9.

Dr. Kollali and Mr. Sidhanti were sentenced to three months and two weeks R. I. respectively Mr. Kokatnur was fined Rs. 200. Mr. Chandorkar was convicted for four months.

A public meeting was held in the Market to congratulate them. The arrival of a prison van with a Police party created a stir among the audience. Mr. Prabhu appealed to the audience to continue the struggle to a successful close.

ARRESTS.

Messrs. Prabhu, Koppal, Kittur and Vaidya have been arrested and they will be tried to day.—Free Press.

CALCUTTA MERCHANTS WARN GOVERNMENT.

—:o:—

"STOP REPRESSION."

—:o:—

CALCUTTA, May 8.

The Indian Chamber of Commerce, Bengal National Chamber of Commerce, Calcutta Iron Merchants Association, Jute-balers Association, Indian Mining Federation, Marwari Trades Association, Indian Produce Association and six other commercial bodies have addressed the Viceroy drawing his attention to the "policy of general terrorism pursued throughout India by the authorities", and urging him on behalf of the Indian mercantile community to stop repression.

They draw attention to the need for conciliating the people by starting negotiations with leaders with a view to bringing peace and contentment. It is pointed out that the atmosphere in the country is very tense, and merchants feel that it cannot but lead to serious chaos in business. It is not simply Indian merchants who will be hurt, but British merchants also.—A. P.

CONGRESS COMMITTEE SECRETARY CONVICTED.

—:o:—

CALCUTTA, May 8.

The Chief Presidency Magistrate to-day sentenced Jugadish Narain Tewary, Assistant Secretary, Burrabazar Congress Committee, to two years rigorous imprisonment on a charge of sedition in connection with a speech delivered by him in Halliday Park on 5th ultimo. The accused pleaded not guilty and refused to take part in the proceedings.—A. P.

VALLABHBHAI PATEL.

—:o:—

NOT TRANSFERRED FROM SABARMATI JAIL.

It is reliably understood that Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel is still in Sabarmati Jail and that the news that he was transferred to Yerawada Jail is false.

SILK MERCHANTS STOP ORDER FOR THREE MONTHS.

—:o:—

The Japan and Shanghai Silk Merchants' Association has passed the following resolution in the General Meeting held on 5th May 1930:—

"That no member of this Association should order for any goods such as silk piece-goods, artificial silk piece-goods or cotton piece goods of any kind for three months."

"Vanguard" Suspends Publication.

—:o:—

The Directors of the "Vanguard" regret to announce that they have been compelled to suspend publication of the "Vanguard" having found it impossible to get it printed since the proclammation of the Press Ordinance. Several cyclostyle machines were placed at our disposal, but it is impossible to run the paper without advertisements and consequently there is no other course open to them than to suspend publication till this Ordinance is repealed or till circumstances change.

Sindhis Honour Arrested Leaders.

—:o:—

All the Sindhis, of Bombay are requested by the Panchayat to strike work and to keep the business closed to-day (Saturday in honour of the three prominent leaders of Sind, viz., Shyt. H. S. Pamnani Shyt. Ramchand Virumal and Maharaj Dawalatram who were arrested on Thursday (8th instant) under the Salt Act at Sukkur and in order to pass a vote of Congratulation for their sacrifice, a public meeting of all the Sindhis, will be convened to-day (Saturday) at 11 a.m. (S.T.) in the Malbarbai Hall Barbhai Mohalla. All are cordially invited to attend.

STOP PRESS.

MR. PATEL'S PROFESSION.

—:o:—

SURAT, May 9.

"I have never even dreamt I am a Patidar. My caste, creed and community are India, and my profession is to free India" observed Mr. Vithalbhai Patel replyto an address presented to him by his community this evening in Surat. He added he would stick to his vow as they would stick to their vow recently taken abjuring caste dinners till the release of all national leaders.

Concluding Mr. Patel exhorted them to help the struggle in all possible ways by supplying men and money and producing khaddar. Mr. Patel was then taken in a procession through crowded and decorated streets to the river bank where he will address a public meeting.—A. P.

LAHORE AMMUNITION STORES RAIDED.

—:o:—

LAHORE, May 9.

The arms and ammunitions stocked by Messrs. Elahibaksh Co., Byron and Co. and Walter Lock Co. were taken under Police custody to-day and removed to an unknown destination in Motor lorries. The Officials refused to give any information regarding the destination.—Free Press.

CONVICTIONS AT DHARWAR.

—:o:—

DHARWAR, May 9.

Dr. Kollali and Siddanti of Athani were both convicted to 3½ months' rigorous imprisonment. Kokatnur was fined Rs. 200 and Chandorkar of Belgaum was sentenced to four months' imprisonment.

Messrs. Prabhu, Editor of the "Tarunbharat", Shivarao Kopal, Secretary of the District Congress Committee, Kittur, Manager of the Volunteers' camp and Vaidya are arrested at Belgaum.—Free Press.

KARACHI, May 9.

Police are satisfied that Mr. G. V. E. Wesche-Dart, Proprietor of Dart and Company, cotton and produce merchants, Bombay and Karachi, who died on Wednesday night at his bungalow committed suicide by swallowing Prussic Acid due to financial embarassment.—A. P.

THE G. M. C's DECISION.

—:o:—

Indian University Representatives Debate Question in Bombay Conference.

The other Indian Universities having Medical Faculties were invited by the Syndicate of the University of Bombay to send the delegates of their Medical Faculties to meet the delegates of its Medical Faculty in a conference which was held in Bombay on the 5th and 6th May 1930 for considering the situation arising from the withdrawal by the General Medical Council of the recognition of the Indian Universities for the purpose of registration by the Council and suggesting measures for safeguarding interests of the Indian Medical students, graduates and the profession. The Conference was attended by the following delegates of the Indian Universities: —Andhra University—Rao Saheb Dr. T. S Tirumurti, B.A., M. B. & C. M., D. T. M. & H.; University of Bombay—1. Dr. S. K. Vaidya, M. R. C. S., D. T. M. & H., D. P. H., 2. Dr. Jivraj N. Mehta, M.D. (Lond.), M. R. C. P. (Lond.), F. C. P. S., 3. Dr. G. V. Deshmukh, M.D., F.R.C.S.; University of Lucknow—1. Rai Bahadur Dr. B. N. Vyas, M.B., 2. Rai Bahadur Dr. J. P. Modi, L. R. C. P. & S. L. F. P. & S.; University of Madras—1. Rao Bahadur Dr. A. L. Mudaliar, B.A., M.D., 2. Major K. G. Pandalai, M. B. & C. M., L. R. C. P., F. R. C S., I.M.S., 3. Dr. P. S. Ramakrishnan, L. R. C. P. & S., D. T. M & H.; University of the Panjab—1. Dr. K. A. Rahman, M.B Ch.B. (Edin.), D.P.H. (Lond.), 2. Lt.-Col. D. H. Rai, I.M.S; University of Patna—1. Capt. P. B. Mukerjee, B.Sc., M.B., F.R.C.S. (Edin.), D. M R. E. (Camb.), 2 Dr. H. Hyder Ali Khan, L. M. & S. (Bom.), F. R. C. S. (Edin.), M. R. C. S. (Eng.).

The Conference was opened by the Vice Chancellor, the Hon. Mr Justice Mirza Ali Akbar Khan, B.A., Bar.-at-Law, in the presence of the delegates and of a number of prominent members of the Medical Profession in Bombay. In the cause of his speech the Vice-Chancellor said:—

This University has taken the initiative in convening this Conference of representatives of the Medical Faculties of the Statutory Universities of India in order that they may meet and consider the serious situtaaion which has arisen in this country owing to the resolution of the General Medical Council of Great Britain and Ireland passed on the 24th February 1930, withdraw from the Indian Universities the rights they had been allowed to enjoy since 1892 of having their Medical Degrees registered by the Medical Council. The rights conferred by the registration were, that the holders of our Medical Degrees could practise Medicine, Surgery and Midwifery in Great Britain and Ireland, in certain parts of the British Empire and in certain foreign countries where British Degrees so registered are recognised. Since 1922 the matter has been one of prolonged controversy, and a definite settlement seemed to be reasonably within sight, the negotiations broke down on a point to which the Medical Council were inclined to attach much importance and which our authorities were not prepared fully to concede. It would not be proper now to dwell on the rights or wrongs of that controversy except so far as a discussion of the subject may be helpful in understanding the viewpoint of the Medical Council in case we desire to be reinstated in our former position.

So far as I have been able to follow the controversy the position seems to me to stand in this way. In this country Western Medical Institutions are of comparatively recent origin. They came into existence with British rule in India and owe much of their present growth to British Government in India. In 1892 when the General Medical Council decided to register our Medical Degrees, the Government of India was in direct control of all Medical Institutions. The teaching of Medical students was then mainly in the hands of Members of the Indian Medical Service who were recruited from Great Britain and Ireland and possessed English, Scottish or Irish Medical Degrees. The number of Medical Institutions in those days was small and the General Medical Council had confidence that those responsible for the education of Indian Medical students are pursuing the methods and traditions to which they had been accustomed in the country of their origin. During the Great War I. M. S. men could not be spared for teaching work and their places in the various Medical Colleges under Government were given for the greater part to non-I. M. S. men. In the wake of the War came the Montague Chelmsford Reforms, one result of which was that Medicine became a transferred subject under the control of a Minister in each Provincial Council, the Government of India giving up the direct control they had previously exercised over the subject. The rapid pace at which Indianisation of the Medical Services has proceeded since these political Reforms and the extent to which I. M. S. men in the various Medical Colleges have been replaced by local men have become matters of comment in certain quarters more particularly among certain retired I. M. S. men now resident in England who have expressed an opinion that under present conditions medical education in this country is likely to deteriorate. Some responsible persons in this country are inclined to believe, that the present action of the Medical Council is influenced by some such panicky views brought to their notice.

The discontinuance of the recognition of our Degrees, no doubt, is a matter of legitimate annoyance to many of us, the more so as we feel convinced that our present standard of efficiency should more than satisfy the minimum requirements of the Medical Council. It would be more dignified in my opinion on an occasion like the present to be restrained in our criticism of the Council's action and to show a full appreciation of their point of view in the matter. The lodging of a protest or denouncing the Council's resolution can do us no good and may possibly damage our good cause. If properly handled our claim to being recognised by the Council for registration is bound to succeed. We would not like the Medical Council to think that we want to force ourselves on them. They should register our Degrees only if they are convinced that our minimum standard is not less than what they require.

ADJOURNMENT ON GANDHIJI'S ARREST.

At the conclusion of the Address, the Hon. the Vice-Chancellor and the invited visitors withdrew and the Conference began its deliberations by electing Dr. S. K Vaidya, Chairman of the Conference.

At this stage the news of Mahatma Gandhi's arrest reached the Conference on which it was "resolved" that out of respect to Mr. Gandhi the Conference stand adjourned till 2-30 p.m.

On reassembling, the Conference, after full discussion "unanimously passed the following fifteen resolutions of which the following are the most important:

This Conference recommends to the Government of India, Local Governments and Indian Universities that pending the creation of an Indian Medical Council by an Act of the Central Legislature, that an Inter-University Medical Board consisting of one representative of each University to India from its Medical Faculty as members and with the Director-General, Indian Medical Service as President, be created early with powers—

(a) to regulate the courses of Medical Studies in the different Universities with a view to securing an uniform minimum standard of qualification for University Medical Degrees.

(b) to suggest arrangements for the mutual recognition on a basis of equivalence of the courses of medical studies followed in the different Indian Universities.

(c) to appoint Inspectors, who will be specialists in their own subjects and who have knowledge and experience of Medical Education in India and who shall not be members of the Board, for the purpose of carrying out inspections and reporting on standards of Medical Education and examinations; it being understood that all the Indian Universities conferring Medical Degrees will undertake to accept the decisions of the Board, arrived at after the Universities concerned had the fullest opportunity of representing their views on the report of the inspectors and to carry out the suggestions made therein.

That before the Indian Medical Council Bill is introduced in the Legislative Assembly, this Conference requests the Government of India to obtain information on the following points to enable the Central Legislature, the Universities, and the public to know the practice in other countries where medical education and registration are properly organised:—

(a) The standards of medical education in force in France, Germany, Italy, Switzerland, Japan, Egypt, the United States, Canada and New Zealand and the system by which they are regularised and controlled.

(b) The system of the Registration of Medical Practitioners in force in the countries referred to in (a) above, and the provisions of the Medical Acts in these countries regulating the same.

DID POLICE USE BATONS AGAINST WOMEN?

—:o:—

U. P. Government's Denial.

LUCKNOW, May 8.

A press communique issued by the Government of the United Provinces, Nainital, states, "Government's attention has been drawn to a statement which appeared in the "Leader" dated 27th April that police used batons against women satyagrahis at Agra on 23rd April. The allegation is entirely without foundation."—A. P.

"A COWARDLY ACT."

(Continued from page 8.)

munique issued by the Bombay Government cannot justify the deprivation of his liberty without even the farce of a judicial trial. By the procedure which the Government have adopted they have proclaimed not only their despotic character but also their moral cowardice. It is not at all improbable that Mahatma Gandhi, if he had been brought up before a court of law, would have delivered his own crushing indictment of the system of government prevailing in this country and thereby focussed the attention of the outside world on India's grievances and disabilities. Were they afraid of such an exposure from one who is a world personality, who cannot be dismissed as an unscrupulous and disgruntled agitator, and who is admired and respected throughout the civilized world as none else is for his utter selflessness, freedom from hatred and love of truth? The Government have shown by the extraordinary and indefensible procedure they have adopted how little regard they have for the forms of law in dealing even with the greatest and the bravest in the land and what little value they attach to personal liberty. Public opinion cannot but be shocked by the incarceration for an indefinite term of one who is the idol of the people and whose guilt has not been judicially established. The case is another eloquent evidence of 'dominion status in 'action'. How could anyone talk of this in the face of legislation by ordinance and imprisonment without trial? And whom do they think to mislead by such talk? The Government of India have demonstrated by the Press Ordinance and the internment of Mr. Gandhi their contempt for law and weakness for despotic methods. They have put themselves hopelessly in the wrong in the eyes of right-minded men."

"A CENTURY-OLD REGULATION"

—:o:—

B. P. Association's Protest Against Mahatma's Arrest.

WITHDRAW PRESS ORDINANCE.

At a meeting of the Council of the Bombay Presidency Association held on Wednesday evening, the following resolutions were passed:—

(1) "The Council of the Bombay Presidency Association enter their strong and emphatic protest against the promulgation by the Governor-General of the Indian Press Ordinance restricting the liberties of the Press, and urge upon him the necessity of immediately withdrawing the same."

(2) "The Council of the Bombay Presidency Association strongly protest against the arrest and detention of Mahatma Gandhi without a fair and open trial and deplore the use made by Government of a century-old and obsolete Regulation for the purpose. The Council are further of opinion that the existence of such a Regulation on the Statute Book is a disgrace to any civilised Government, and request the Government to take early steps for its repeal."

TAGORE LEAVES FOR ENGLAND.

—:o:—

Busy Programme Of Lectures.

—:o:—

LONDON, May 8.

Dr. Rabindranath Tagore, whose seventieth birthday was celebrated at Paris on 6th May at a luncheon under the auspices of the Indian Association, arrives in London, accompanied by his son, on 11th May. He stays at Oxford as the guest of Doctor Drummond, Chairman of the Hibbert Lecture Trust, until the end of May and gives address at the invitation of Doctor L. P. Jacks, in Manchester College Chapel, Oxford, on 25th May. —Reuter.

Disappointment In Egyptian Circles.

—:o:—

LONDON, May 8.

Cairo.—There is general disappointment at the breakdown of the Anglo-Egyptian negotiations, but the possibility of ebullition of feeling is discounted, owing to the fact that the news has arrived on the eve of Bairam Festival which will last four or five days, and also by the widespread feeling engendered by friendly atmosphere in London, that complete agreement is now only matter of time. —Reuter.

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UNIVERSITY OF BOMBAY.

Result Of B. Sc. Exam.

The following is the list of successful candidates at the B.Sc. Examination held in April last:—

FIRST CLASS (With distinction): S B Shah; J S Zaveri; R M Desai; A V Sukhatme; K P Dikshit; J B Sandil; A T Mehta; K A Pandit.

FIRST CLASS.

K N Choksi; M H Desai; D R Mehta; V N Pai; V L Ghangurde; P K Kelkar; C V Patel; J A Mascarenhas; V D Bal; D D Dalal; P G Kini; S S Dave; B M Chhugani; G S Daryanani.

SECOND CLASS.

D S Amin; K V Bhatt; S K Borkar; M P Chitania; M M Dalal; D P Dandekar; B B Desai; P G Desai; B S Eli; P L Gandhi; A Y Kantak; B S Kanvinde; G S Kasbekar; M S Kotnis; P S Limaye; M O Mahajan; S P Mayekar; D N Mehta; B K Merchant; V N Modi; D C Motwani; D R Nadkarni; S M Nadkarni; G V Nevgi; B R Patel; C M Patel; D T Raje; C B Rau; N M Shah; P B Shah; S M Sheth; A C A Subramania; T S Suratkar; G A Almapure; M R P Ayyangar; V S Rajadhyaksha; N N Bhagvat; K J Bhide; W G Braganza; S V Desai; M D Mandha; P V Nachane; N V Nadkarni; C H Pujara; A S Rangoonwalla; S B Mogre; L S Baindurkar; M A Keshamat; J P Mascarenhas; A. D. Moses, K A Parikh; K S Pimpalkhare; M A Shinganapurkar; V G Bapat; V B Joshi; Y S Joshi; G R Kapade; R G Karandikar; S C Kulkarni; K R Nagarkar; K H Potdar; W S Sangaokar; B B Sardeshpande; C V Shirol; K R Suryavanshi; V D Tagore; J D Vasavada; A V Bondale; K J Inamdar; L B Inamdar; L V Ketkar; S A Paranjpe; A B Patel; V M Ghate; N D Sapre; N D Daruvala; G K Jhala; L F Keswani; N F Patel; J V Rana; J S Sanghvi; S G Tendle; J D Trivedi; R M Varsani; N B Bhatt; K M Mehta; C N Shah; R N Varia; J R Deliwala; K K Bhambhani; M D Gidwani; H M Java; P S Lulla; W K Wadhwani.

PASS CLASS.

L D Nanavati; V R Vagh; A H Advani; J S Amin; C M Bhavsar; S P Dave; A G Desai; P B Deshmukh; J F Dhabhar; K C Durakkar; S N Gadag; S T Gandhi; G B Godbole; K R Jog; T N Joshi; B D Kasbekar; A W Khan; M C Limaye; P R Machave; *D Mascarenhas; T H Modi; S S Nabar, B G Naik; V B Naik; N H Natu; E A L G Pais; R C Parikh; M B Parmanand; C K Patel; M D Patel; M Z Patel; H G Pathek; W P Patil; V V Pavagi; V H Phalke; V V Pusalkar; L V Samant; G K Sanghavi; G B Savanur; K M Shah; C V Sheth; P R Shirgaokar; K H Soni; S A Varde; V M Wagh; S K Athavle; V S Chitre; V V Dator; R J Parulekar; P J Rajdev; B S Wagle; B G Batagurki; A R Desai; B M Desai; R H Engineer; G Fahey; S V Gaitonde; T C Gandhi; N V Manohar; K N Merchant; G D Naik; P H Nariman; S K Patel R G Sane; J B Screwvala, P K Shirodkar; H Soares; S B Pathak; A A Pirzada; I R DeSouza-melo; N R Jatar; G B Binivale; V H Agashe; D D Annadate; P V Banavalikar; D S Chhatre; M V Chhatre; D D Daftary; W D Deshmukh, M N Doshi; J S D'Souza; D D Gangal; B G Ghare; V D Gijre; G K Godbole; G N Gokhale; G R Joshi; G N Joshi; V R Karnataki; S Y Kolhatkar; L G Koppar; N K Kumbhare; N K Manerikar; G S Nagarkar; S G Natu; E S Poonawala; Y B Raje; G N Rajmachikar; G D Rege; V R Risbud; A R I Tahvildar; B B Tipnis; N Y Vasudev; M S Wagle; R G Alekar; M H Dalvi; G V Deodhar; G S Gondhali; B N Gore; D K Hebalkar; S R Iyengar; G V Kanade; M B Karandikar; J B Kumthekar; N S Mahilikar; P M Oka; A P Patil; V N Phatak; L V Ranade, R D Ranade; S G Sayarkar; I M W Siddiqi; P V Tamhankar; R N Uttarwar; D R Abhyankar; K B Puranddare; N K Angal; V R Deopujari; V G Huprikar; K G Joshi; D K Khoche; G G Kolhatkar; Y K Javadekar; H G Chaphekar; D R Sul; F M Dave; N S Dadarya; *S S Gore; *G J Kabraji; C J Kothari; V M Sanghani; G M Shah; N H Shaikh; N M Trivedi; R C Vakil; S S Lekhadia; A L Pandya; P C Patel; G B Shah; T N Upadhyaya; H N Vashi; B B Gandhi; C M Patel; J M Patel; *N J Desai; G H Acharya; J K Bhagat; H M Bijlani; V C Braganza; P Y Chitre; M A Idnani; L C Khatanhar; K D Khubchandany; R K Satdev; T P Shahani; P T Thadani; G H Udesi; M K Agrawala; K M Assudani; S S Jadwani; J M Java; B K Kewalramani; T K Malkani; B H Mansukhani; P M Pamnani; V P Parmar; M T Pherwani; M V Pradhan; S B Serai; L T Sipahimalani; H V Tahilramani; L B Tahilramani.

PASSED IN SUBSIDIARY SUBJECTS.

Nos. 101; 129; 196; 197; 198; 199; 201; 203; 206; 207; 209; 210; 211; 213; 214; 215; 216; 217; 220; 221; 222; 223; 224; 225; 227; 229; 230; 231; 233; 234; 235; 237; 238; 239; 240; 241; 242; 243; 244; 245; 246; 247; 248; 249; 250; 251; 252; 253; 254; 255; 256; 259; 260; 261; 262; 263; 265; 267; 268; 270; 271; 272; 273; 274; 275; 279; 280; 281; 282; 283; 284; 285; 287; 288; 291; 292; 293; 294; 299; 300; 302; 307; 308; 309; 313; 314; 315; 316; 317; 318; 320; 322; 323; 324; 325; 326; 327; 329; 332; 333; 334; 401; 486; 504; 512; 513; 514; 516; 517; 518; 519; 520; 522; 523; 527; 528; 530; 531; 532; 533; 534; 537; 538; 540; 541; 543; 544; 546; 547; 548; 549; 550; 551; 553; 554; 556; 557; 558; 559; 560; 561; 562; 564; 565; 567; 568; 570; 571; 572; 574; 575; 576; 577; 578; 580; 581; 582; 583; 584; 589; 591; 593; 595; 644; 645; 646; 647; 648; 349; 650; 651; 652; 654; 655; 656; 658; 659; 660; 661; 662; 663; 664; 666; 670; 671; 672; 673; 674; 675; 676; 673; 737; 738; 739; 740; 742; 743; 744; 745; 747; 749; 750; 751; 753; 754; 755; 756; 757; 758; 759; 762; 763; 765; 766; 767; 770; 771; 772; 773.

Passed in Additional Principal Subject.—No. 734 (S. G. Khubchandani).

No. 626 (J. B. Sandil) wins the Pragji Thackersey Moolji Science Scholarship.

CONTRABAND SALT SOLD AT ALIBAG.

(From A Correspondent.)

ALIBAG, May 7.

A meeting was held in the Bhaji Market by the inhabitants of Alibag about the arrest of Mahatma Gandhi. Sjt. P. Nagardas, a prominent citizen, was in the chair. Sjt. Limaye,—the leading pleader—stressed on the utility of 'Takli' It was evident from his forceful speech that he was determined to concentrate his attention on 'Takli.'

Contraband Salt was sold for the first time in a public meeting at Nagaon, at a distance of three miles from Alibag. One of the speakers drew the attention of the villagers to local grievances in regard to forest laws.

A huge meeting, as usual, took place at Alibag at 9 P.M. Women audience is increasing from day to day.

HARTAL AT BHUSAVAL.

—:o:—

(From A Correspondent.)

BHUSAVAL, May 7.

On the 6th, on learning Mahatma Gandhi's arrest—the town observed complete hartal. A large procession was organised and the news was broadcasted. A public meeting in the evening passed resolutions condemning in strong terms the action of the Government; congratulating Mahatmaji and adopting boycott of foreign cloth. A bon-fire of foreign caps ended the proceedings. Great enthusiasm prevailed.

DR. BHARGAVA ARRESTED

—:o:—

LAHORE, May 9.

Dr. Gopichand Bhargava was arrested this morning at 2 a.m. at his residence under section 124A.—Free Press.

Bengal Journalists' Meeting.

—:o:—

CALCUTTA, May 9.

Bengal Journalists are meeting in conference on Sunday 11th inst. to decide the question of resuming publication independent of the All-India Journalists Conference. It is understood that the Governor's letter to the Indian Chamber of Commerce in which assurance ha been conveyed that it was open to any press from which security was demanded to make an application for reconsideration will also be considered.—Free Press.

HARTAL IN BHAVNAGAR.

—:o:—

(From Our Correspondent.)

BHAVNAGAR, May 6.

The news of the arrest of Gandhiji was received here yesterday at about 12 noon. Immediately a huge procession passed through the main parts of the city, proclaiming the news. A mass meeting was held at 6 in the evening in Gandhi Chawk where Messrs. Gulabrai Desai, Venishanker Bhatt, Kuverji Shah, Narsinhprasad Bhatt and Chandra Shanker Pandya delivered speeches, mainly touching the boycott of foreign cloth.

Bhavnagar observed a hartal to-day in honour of Mahatmaji.

INDIAN LADY CHAMPION DEFEATED.

—:o:—

Miss Jenney Sandison has obviously not been acclimatised yet. She was surprisingly defeated in the fourth round of the Royal Botanic Society's Tournament at Regent's Park. Her conqueror was Miss D. Anderson a Northerner and the scores were 4—6; 7—5; 7—5.

"Ovaltine" helps you through the great heat

The majority of people in India have to live in places which are unbearably hot during the greater part of the year.

This great heat imposes a heavy strain on mind and body, with the result that long before cooler weather can be expected, the average man, woman and child are brought to a low state of health—weak, miserable, nerves upset and brain tired. This run-down condition opens the way to sickness.

"Ovaltine" the delicious Tonic Food Beverage, taken regularly, will keep you mentally and physically fit throughout the Hot season. It prevents fatigue and gives strength against sickness.

"Ovaltine" contains the energizing properties of pure creamy milk, ripe barley malt and cocoa, scientifically concentrated and combined to give you health, strength and vitality.

"Ovaltine" is entirely free from preservatives and is untouched by hand during manufacture. It is not only a delicious beverage, liked by all, but a tonic and complete food for brain, nerves and body. Its daily use maintains perfect health under extreme climatic conditions.

OVALTINE

Builds-up Brain, Nerve and Body.

Obtainable at all Chemists, Stores & Bazars.

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A FEW WOMEN

are lucky and are born with the regular delicate features that constitute beauty, but beauty does not depend on this alone; any woman can be beautiful if she will take the trouble to care for her skin. Even the woman that is born beautiful must care for her skin if she wishes to retain her beauty, while a good well cared for skin will make an ugly woman good looking.

The best way of caring for the skin is to massage every night with a good greasy toilet cream and supplement this by the use of a good vanishing cream during the day; the best of all preparations for this purpose are;—

OATINE CREAM

for nightly massage

OATINE SNOW

for day use

The use of these will enhance and preserve the beauty of any woman.

Use also Oatine Shampoo Powder, the best of all cleansing and beautifying the hair—made in two kinds, for dry or greasy hair.

Oatine preparations contain no animal matter whatever, and are untouched by hand in the course of manufacture or packing.

THE OATINE Co., 119, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay

CONGRESS POLICY. ENDORSED.

—:o:—

Govt Will, Lose All Supporters.

MR. WALCHAND'S PLAIN-SPEAKING.

The following are extracts from a speech delivered by Mr. Walchand Hirachand, C.I.E., at the second quarterly meeting of the Maharashtra Chamber of Commerce:—

We are meeting to-day at a very critical juncture when the whole country has been thrown into a gloom by the arrest of Mahatma Gandhi and when avalanche of Government's repression has already burst upon our countrymen with a violent fury. As a commercial body we particularly want peace and order, but I am constrained to say that the Government have committed a serious blunder by their ill-advised arrest and imprisonment of Mahatma Gandhi—the great apostle of peace and non-violence. By thus removing the only check Government have immensely jeopardised the peace of the country. Apart from this if Government be thinking that by the removal of Mahatma Gandhi from the scene of his action the agitation will die out, I am afraid they will soon discover to their cost that their calculations in this respect as in so many others prove untrue. If this be the view of the Government, I must add it does very little credit to their statesmanship.

NO EUROPEAN CONTROL.

There has been lately some talk of a scheme of rationalization with a big Cotton Mills merger in Bombay, but nothing very definite has been heard in this connection. If rationalisation and merger are ultimately going to mean the disappearance of the little Indian character which this premier industry possesses to-day in Bombay, I would rather not have that arrangement and such rationalization as will mean importation of so-called experts on very fat salaries and the consequent control of the industry by non-Indians!

I am remained here of an incident when one of the high Government officials said "whatever happens, the chimneys at Jamshedpur will continue to smoke and it is immaterial to Government whether the industry was controlled from Hornby Road or from Clive Street", or some words to this effect. To this one popular but moderate Indian leader is reported to have retorted to the effect, if I remember right, that he would rather not have the industry than have it controlled by Europeans! I need not add that this entirely changed the whole aspect of the situation and protection came. This incident shows, if anything, that the bureaucratic angle of vision has in practice undergone no material change when vital economic interests are concerned in spite of frequent assurances to the contrary from high quarters!

A HOLLOW ANNOUNCEMENT.

The decisions taken by the Indian National Congress, the premier and representative political body of the nation, have altered the entire political situation in the country and momentous issues have been brought to the front. The interest of India, England and the rest of the civilized world alike demand an early and fair settlement. I must frankly say I cannot persuade myself to subscribe to the view of those who think than the Congress has impatiently precipitated a crisis by its Lahore decisions and by the subsequent action which it has taken through its organization all over the country to try to carry out the same. There is always a limit to human patience and the error of judgment lies with those who elect unnaturally enough to believe that there is no limit to the patience of Indians. I may appropriately point out here that the Viceregal announcement of the 31st October, 1929, did not after all contain anything in the nature of a satisfactory offer as it turned out to be the case later on. It only made clear that the ultimate goal of British policy in India was Dominion Status or to use the unfortunate phrase of the Viceroy, 'Journey's End'.

INDIANS AS PIRATES?

The way the Government acted at the time of the passing of the Cotton Tariff Bill by the Assembly has exposed the sham of the so-called 'Fiscal Convention' for India. The Hon. the Commerce Member has promised to watch things and we are told that Lancashire won't put up prices and misuse the 5 per cent. preference she has secured, as there is free competition there. It is difficult to see how Lancashire with specialised manufacture and a rationalised selling organisation can possibly admit of competition and how the angels of Lancashire will not take advantage of the 5 per cent. preference owing to their sympathies with the consumer in India!

I may mention the strenuous fight we are required to put up against the British vested interests in winning back our coastal traffic. Those who are trying to win back this coastal traffic for Indian ships have been stigmatised as 'Pirates' on one occasion by that supreme British monopolist of Indian coastal traffic! And y[illegible] what India wants in this fie[illegible] only her legitimate due, [illegible] else than what other c[illegible] tions have secured [illegible] for themselves!

A FA[illegible] Cry of "di[illegible] CRY.

tion" is ra[illegible]minatory legisla- quarter[illegible] from the interested but [illegible] is a mockery, nothing in I[illegible]dia to claim that he is the national of this country when his pocket is touched. When every one knows that England is his Home, as a European subject of His Majesty he insists on special treatment when he appears before the Criminal Courts of Justice in this country and last but not the least he wants benefits such as those of the Lee Loot on the ground of his colour, prestige and efficiency!

NO PEACE IN LAND.

The present discontent in India is due to the miserable plight of the masses. The prices of our agricultural produce have generally gone down and this means a considerable loss if we see that our total annual agricultural produce is worth about 1,800 crores of rupees roughly speaking. In our exports of some 300 crores we are losing due to this fall and I do not think Government has done anything to relieve the situation. Cotton has gone down by about 24 per cent.

Things cannot remain where they are. The discontent is every day increasing and if Government do not read the signs of the times they will find that they are themselves to blame. Businessmen in particular do want peace; but today there is no peace in the land

A WARNING.

The resignation of the Hon. Mr. V. J. Patel, the first elected President of the Legislative Assembly, ought to serve as an eye-opener to them. Government are fast losing support and if they persist in their present ways, the day is not far distant when they will find that there is no support for them whatsoever in the country. The temper of the people ought therefore to be the first study of a statesman. And the knowledge of this temper is by no means impossible for him to attain, if he had not an interest in being ignorant of what it is his duty to learn." These are the words of a great political philosopher and I would like to make a present of these to those who are conducting the affairs of this great nation today!

SIKH RELIGIOUS SUSCEPTIBILITIES.

—:o:—

Delhi Police's Efforts Not To Wound Them.

SIMLA, May 8.

The Chief Commissioner of Delhi has issued the following communique:—"In view of exaggerated accounts to which currency has been given regarding action taken by the police during the riots at Delhi on May 6th, in connection with a Sikh Gurdwara, the following facts are published for general information.

Shortly after 4 o'clock on the afternoon of the 6th of May a fierce attack was made by a mob in Chandni Chowk on the occupants of three police lorries which were returning to the Kotwali. The two leading lorries were severely stoned but succeeded with difficulty in reaching the Kotwali. The third was out of and was isolated in the midst of mob which continued to attack it. In order to rescue this lorry and its occupants, the Senior Superintendent of Police led a charge from the Kotwali.

POLICE PARTY STONED.

As soon as party emerged there from, they were assailed by a heavy shower of stones and brickbats thrown from Sikh Gurdwara which immediately adjoins the Kotwali. In order to save the lives of the members of the party and to enable them to rescue their comrades in the lorry who were still being savagely attacked, order was given to open fire with buckshot and this was done accordingly. The lorry was then rescued but six police were injured two of them severely.

When mob had been dispersed, Gurdwara was searched by Sikh and Hindu Police in co-operation with authorities of Gurdwara who gave their assistance. The Guru Granth Sahib and the Granthi were left completely undisturbed Certain Sikhs and Hindus who were found in the Gurdwara were arrested but those Sikhs who protested that they were in the Gurdwara for religious purposes and had taken no part in the attack on the police were released.

CARE TAKEN.

Hindus who were arrested there have been retained in custody since there is no presumption that they were in Gurdwara for religious purposes. No firing whatsoever took place inside the Gurdwara which was entered only for purposes of search after the situation had been brought under control and as already stated the utmost care was taken not to offend religious susceptibilities. Special enquiries have been made as to the number of casualties among Sikhs in connection with this incident and it has been ascertained that nine Sikhs who were wounded are receiving treatment in the civil hospital and as far as is known one Sikh was killed.—A. P.

Tribute To Piarey Saheb.

After a recent concert in Bali[illegible] Theatre given by Piyare, Mr. Z. A. Basni addressing [illegible]ring said:—

[illegible] your indulgence for ad[illegible] a few words in honour [illegible] distinguished singer whose sweet [illegible]d melodious music we have [illegible]n hearing for the last so many [illegible]s. Piarey Saheb, as he is popularly known, is the foremost [illegible]sician of modern India. He [illegible]mands a voice which admits of [illegible]ich gradations as it is a treat to [illegible]ar. Millions in India and outside [illegible]o have had no occasion to hear [illegible]m as we have the good fortune [illegible]o do, appreciate his music by his [illegible]amaphone records only. He is [illegible]w fairly advanced in age, but still [illegible]e retains his wonderful voice an[illegible] the skill with which he wields it is simply splendid. I am not acquainted even with the A, B, C, of music. But those who are themselves good singers hold this opinion [illegible]hat the ease and skill with which [illegible]e produces even the most difficul[illegible] 'rags,' is simply marvellous.

Ladis and Gentlemen, this fine art knows, like mysticism, no distinction of caste, creed or colour. That [illegible] the reason why you will find Hindu pupils of Muslim ustads and Muslim pupils of Hindu ustads. It is written of Emperor Jehangir that he used to visit Hindu saints. Similarly Muslim shrines are visited up to this day by Hindu devotees. Music likewise affords a meeting place for all and I hope that the rays of healthy relations which music engenders and the sereneness of soul which it produces, will be utilised in further harmonizing the relations between the two great peoples that inhabit our country. In this connection it is highly gratifying to note that in the case of Piarey Saheb also, the first gentleman to recognise and patronise his versatile genius was a Hindu of Bengal, and there is nothing wonderful about it since music has always been above caste restrictions.

One word more and I finish. I want to make a mention of one circumstance and it is that Piarey Saheb whose fame has reached far and wide, has recently received an invitation from the academy of music in Berlin and in all probability he will shortly be proceeding to the Continent of Europe. His going to Germany, is, in my opinion, an expansion of the Indian music and a recognition of India's place in the realm of music a fact of which we should all be rightly proud.

In conclusion, I with your permission and in your name request His Excellency the Afghan Consul. Sardar Abdur Razak Khan, who is fortunately present at to-day's concert, to garland him and pray that this great exponent of Indian music may continue to add lustre to the fair name of India.

After the concert was over, the Afghan Consul went over to dias and specially thanked him for his fine music.

Tata Hydro-Electric Cos.

Messrs. Tata Hydro-Electric Agencies Ltd., Agents for the following three Hydro-Electric Companies report that the gross earnings of the said Companies for the month of April 1930 and for the first ten months of the current fiscal year ending April 30, 1930, subject to adjustments, were as follows:—

For April 1930 —

Tata Hydro-Electric Power Supply Co. Ltd.,	Rs 3,90,813
Andhra Valley Power Supply Co. Ltd.,	Rs. 4,59,270
Tata Power Co. Ltd.	Rs. 4,52,837

For current fiscal year to April 30, 1930.

Tata Hydro-Electric Power Supply Co., Ltd.	Rs. 40,94,378
Andhra Valley Power Supply Co., Ltd	Rs. 46,59,262
Tata Power Co. Ltd.,	Rs. 46,87,877

DIOLITE'S GUINEAS SUCCESS. COLT'S CHANCES FOR DERBY.

By winning the two thousand Guineas Diolite has enhanced his Derby prospects the son of Diaphon has accomplished what his sire did in 1924 but the Aga Khan's colt failed in the Epsom classic. Diolite is owned by Sir Hugo Hirst and is Trained by Fred Templeman who has now ridden and trained a classic winner. It will be recalled that he won the Derby for Lord Glanely on Grand Parade in 1919.

Arrests In Surat.

(From Our Correspondent.)

SURAT, May 8.

Mr. Chhaganlal Saraiya Jaini, Municipal Corporator, and Mr. Natver Vimavala, editor "Gandiv" and "Secretary, Surat Youth League, were arrested under sec. 117 this morning after ten.

60 COUPONS FROM 50'S TINS

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Smoke "Passing Show" cigarettes, the London made cigarettes whose quality never varies, and get this handsome cigarette case free! Made from "Viceroy Gold," it looks and wears like real gold—free from plating, handsome engine turned design, it is yours for 60 coupons from 50's tins or 300 coupons from 10's packets.

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POLICE EXCESSES DENIED.

—:o:—

Government Communique.

The Director of Information has issued the following:—

Of late there have appeared in a section of the Press many stories making startling allegations against the police nd salt officials notably at Dholera, Viramgam and Patdi.

Government inquiries show beyond all doubt that the police and the officers of the Salt Department have througout shown great patience and forbearance in the face of grave provocation.

DHOLERA.

Complaints against the Police began with the advent of batches of volunteers from Ahmedabad on the 13th April. On the morning of 14th April it is alleged that a volunteer named Ambalal Chetalal was brutally ill-treated and that his testicles were injured by the police.

This boy was detained by Mr. Neale, the Salt Inspector and asked and two salt sepoys were called ed and two salt sepoys were called upon to remove it. As soon as the sepoys touched him he threw himself on the ground with the salt held firmly between his legs. The salt was removed with difficulty and he was left sitting on the ground.

Medical report says that the man was suffering from shock and was unconscious for about an hour and that he had some skin-deep scratches on his neck and a slight swelling on his testicles.

On the 16th April, the doctor found that he was merely uneasy owing to flatulence and that there was nothing seriously wrong with him.

NO PHOTOGRAPHS TAKEN.

The further allegations which have appeared to the effect that iron instruments were used to injure the hands of volunteers, that a volunteer was thrice stripped naked and that another was burned with a lighted cigarette are unsupported by any form of evidence and it is curious that no photograph of such incidents can be produced, although cameras and cine-kodaks were being freely used throughout.

VIRAMGAM.

The stories of the "excesses" at Viramgam are just as untrue as those at Dholera. The letter written by Mr. Jivanlal Desai, Barat-Law, and others which appeared in the "Bombay Chronicle" on 17th April gives a fair account of what has been happening on the arrival of trains with volunteers carrying contraband salt.

Subsequent reports in the "Bombay Chronicle" which appeared in the issue of 19th April are proved by the statements recorded to be without foundation. Mr. Harrall, Depdty Superintendent of Police has been present at all searches and seizures of contraband salt coming in from Kathiawar.

He states that all searches for illicit salt have been carried out in the presence of responsible officers and that no instances of brutality have occurred. His evidence, which is supported by the testimony of a number of independent persons, notably by that of a member of the American Mission at Viramgam, shows that the resistance of the volunteers was taking the form of secreting the salt high up between their legs and of throwing themselves upon the ground and that in many cases volunteers were found with bags of salt bound to their arms with wire. In such cases the wire was cut with clippers or the bags were cut open with a, penknife. This was done before superior officers who maintain that no-one was injured.

Mr. Gholap, I.C.S., was also present at every search at Viramgam and he has nothing to report of any untoward incident.

PATDI.

On 22nd April on receipt of a wire Mr. J. R. Harris, Assistant Superintendent of Police proceeded to Patdi with Mr. Gholap, I.C.S., Mr. Fletcher, Assistant Collector of Salt Revenue and Mr. Harrall, Deputy Superintendent of Police. On arrival they saw a volunteer named Jethalal Maganlal, aged 25, a Clerk of Ahmedabad, lying on a cot on Patdi station platform. There were some sixty or so volunteers round him. The Assistant Superintendent of Police took the statements of the volunteers and the doctor. The volunteer alleged that two salt police set upon him to take away his salt, one held his neck and the other pulled his testicles and so caused him to faint with pain. He said that in all seven salt police set upon him. He is upheld by the statement of another volunteer, who alleges that one of the salt police hit him in the chest with his rifle butt when he went to help his comrade.

The medical officer in charge of the railway dispensary who examined him early next morning found nothing to substantiate the allegations.

"His certificate says:—"The patient was conscious and the pulse was good; there was a slight confusion, probably a finger mark, over the right collar-bone, while there were complaints of pain over the right side of the abdomen there was no fracture or other external injury; there were complaints of pain in the volunteer's testicles but no swelling or injury external detected except some tenderness over the left groin."

His testicles far from being swollen were found to be abnormally small and undeveloped. Taking all the circumstances into consideration, including the evidence of the doctor and of the Station Master, Patdi, who did not see anyone lifting up his rifle or giving blows, it appears that this story is as far fetched as the others. The volunteer was carrying only a small quantity of salt and in all probability would not have been interfered with if he had not defied the salt police to take it away from him.

"PRATAP" SUSPENDS PUBLICATION.

—:o:—

It Refuses To Give Security.

CAWNPORE, May 8.

The District Magistrate, Cawnpore, on behalf of the Chief Secretary to Government, United Provinces, served a notice, to-day, on Sjt. Ganeshanker Vidyarthi, Editor "Pratap" under the Press Ordinance. The notice runs thus: Whereas it appears to Governor in Council that "Pratap Press" Cawnpore, of which you Ganeshanker Vidyarthi are keeper, is used through the Hindi newspaper Pratap for purpose of bringing into hatred or contempt the Government established by law in British India or to excite disaffection towards said Government, now, therefore, in exercise or power conferred by sub-section (3) of section 3 of Indian Press Ordinance 1930 Governor in Council hereby requiers you to deposit with District Magistrate of Cawnpore, a security of Rs. 3,000 in cash, or equivalent, within four days from receipt of this notice.

Mr. Vidyartal on being served with notice, informed the District Magistrate that the Ordinance being a piece of most unscruplous and lawless law, no honest journalist would like to bend his knees before it and, therefore, the "Pratap" had better cease publication for the time being, than submit to the Ordinance.

BOYCOTT WAVE IN BORSAD.

—:o:—

Resignations Galore.

BORSAD, May 7.

Six Mukhis of different villages have submitted their 'daftars.' A few more are expected to follow suit.

When they went to the Court, the Mamlatdar wanted to take their signature on a paper stating that the responsibility of the village lay with them, till their resignations were accepted. But they did not sign the paper. One Mukhi requested the Mamlatdar to resign his post and join the national movement.

RESIGN IN A BODY.

About 500 Mukhis, Matadars and Ravanias, from different villages of Borsad, assembled here on the 5th inst. There were also about 300 Thanadar and Sainiks. A meeting was held under the presidency of Mr. Ranchodbhai Shankarbhai Patel.

The chairman said that no Indian should serve the Government, which had arrested Mahatma Gandhi and appealed to all Government servants to submit their resignations immediately.

The Secretary of the Taluka Samiti read his report which showed the progress of work done during the last five weeks. He said that on April 6 the number of resignations and Sainiks on the record was 127 and 372 respectively. On 4th May, the respective numbers reached 420 and 2305. The villagers of Mahi manufactured salt and sold daily.

PLEA FOR PANCHAYATS.

The following resolution was passed unanimously at the meeting:

"This meeting of Mukhis, Matadars and Ravania of the Borsad Taluka resolves that if the Government think that by arresting Gandhiji they would crush the movement, then they are entirely mistaken."

Other resolutions passed called upon the Mukhis, Matadars and Ravanias to submit their resignations to the Government and to support the national movement, asked the people to establish Grama Panchayats, to boycott Courts, and foreign cloth and to propagate Swadeshi.

After the meeting a few Mukhis who had their daftars with them went to the Court to submit resignations but they were asked to come next day.—Free Press.

"THE IMMORTAL GLORY."

—:o:—

Film Of Topical Interest.

(By Our Special Representative.)

"The Immortal Glory," produced by the Krishna Film Company will now be shown for a week at the Krishna Cinema, Dubash Theatre. The film is the version of a story of topical interest. And, it has the elements, strong and weak, of the topical subject. It is, as usual, a blend, a blend of patriotism and romance. The combination is, distinctly, popular ann, obviously, melodramatic. The screen hero and villain and heroine behave exactly as they are expected to behave under the stress of circumstances hostile to the approved codes of right conduct. The heroine, "Kisti," is, occasionally, conscious, however, of naturally conceived feelings and is, not infrequently, successful in rendering them in a manner naturally passionate and playful. The maximum number of sword flashings and rattlings, the tumbling and surprise tricks and bavel wit, evidently, attract the admiration of the audience. It is, however, the no tax campaign depicted in the film which, assuredly, ensures the appreciative sympathy of the onlookers. For, that is, certainly, a topic, at present, of no tame interest. Public meetings, speeches and, finally, hunger-strike in jail and satyagraha all come in handy and add materially to the popularity of the film.

The costumes are selected with care. Although the photography and settings of the interiors reveal indefensive manipulation, outdoor photography has been managed with apparent skil. There is still much of the card-board picture effect in the settings of the interiors. And, the light in the interiors, demands greater technical efficiency. The film is, in parts, coloured. But the use of colour has not appreciably enhanced its value.

Manufacturers Life Insurance.

—:o:—

The 43rd Annual Report of the Manufacturers Life Insurance Company for 1929 as submitted to policy-holders and share-holders at the annual meeting shows a year of unprecedented progress. The New insurance issued again amounted to £19,191,109. The gain in insurance in force surpassed all the previous figures, bringing the amount in force to £103,660,515.

The Assets of the Company increased by two million pound and amounted to £20,431,967. Over Seven and One Half Million pounds of this amount is invested in Government, Government Guaranteed, Municipal and Public Utility Bonds. While First Mortgages on improved Real Estate amounted to £7,220,537. Preferred and Common Stocks owned by the Company aggregate £1,61,922. The Net rate of interest earned was 6-1|2 per cent.

The payments to policy-holders also constituted a record and amounted to £2,117,896. Beneficiaries under death claims received £736,970. While payments to living policy-holders for matured policies, annuities, etc., were £864,486 and dividends to policy-holders £516,441. In addition to the above the Company set aside £607,986 for dividends to policy-holders in 1930. The mortality was again very favourable.

Surplus earnings in 1929 were the largest in the history of the Company. In August last the Company announced substantial reductions in all premium rates. The Bombay office of the Company is situated at 51, Cowasji Patel Street, Fort, and Messrs. M. Kanji & Co., the oldest firm of the Insurance underwriters are the General Agents of the Company.

CABLE ITEMS.

—:o:—

LONDON, May 7.

London.—The Admiralty announces that the Admiral of Fleet Sir S. A. Gough-Calthorpe having retired, Admiral Sir Roger Keyes has been promoted Admiral of Fleet. Vice-Admiral Sir A. A. M. Ruff has been promoted to be Admiral.—Reuter.

London.—The Air Ministry announces that Air Vice-Marshal Sir J. M. Steel will succeed Air Marshal Sir Geoffrey Salmond in command of the Royal Air Force in India in February, 1931, and that air Vice-Marshall Ludlow-Hewitt will succeed Air Vice-Marshal Sir Robert Brooke-Popham in Iraq in October.—Reuter.

Jerusalem.—The Arab Executive has proclaimed May 16 as a National holiday in accordance with the wish of the Muslem Indian Congress, and has also requested Transjordan, Syria, Iraq, Egypt, Hedjaz and Nejd to celebrate May 16 as "Palestine Day".—Reuter.

London.—The death-roll as a result of explosion in Bibbys Oilcake Works at Liverpool on May 5th is now eight.—Reuter.

London.—In the match between Essex and the Australians which began at Leyton on Wednesday, the Australians who batted first were all out for 155 runs. Before the close of play Essex made 13 for three wickets.—Reuter.

Sydney.—The reported decision to start an extension of the Dutch Indies air line is denied. Dutch Consul General, interviewed by Reuter, said the question was still under consideration.—Reuter.

Teheran.—Jaffar Pasha, the Iraq Minister of Defence who before the change of the last Cabinet, was appointed Minister at Teheran, in interview with newspaper "Iran" expressed happiness at the opportunity afforded to him of visiting Persia.—Reuter.

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DR. T. N. SHARMA, Kaviraj, Darulshafa (Regd.) Gujrat, (PUNJAB).

RHEUMATISM.

The Amrita Bazar Patrika, the oldest English Daily of Calcutta, writes:—(30th January 1930)

"The Rheumatism Oil prepared by Swami Premanandaji, the famous Vedantist Yogi, is efficacious in all cases of Rheumatism, Sciatica and Lumbago old or new. The medicine is for application only, the result being instantaneous and permanent. It is extensively used for the last 12 years and can be had of Professor S. N. Bose, B.A., "Swami Premananda Ashram", (Post Box 11418), Calcutta, the price being Rs. 2-8 per phial"

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BRITAIN'S INDIAN POLICY RENDERS NAVAL CONFERENCE NUGATORY.

—:o:—

Labour Government Has Discarded Party Principles.

REVIVAL OF BENGAL ORDINANCE—A STANDING SHAME.

LONDON, April 25.
(By Air Mail.)

the course of his Presidential ess to the 38th Annual Con- ce of the Independent Labour y at Birmingham, Mr. James on said: "I extend our sym- y and support to our Indian ades who are standing for the om of their nation, and sym- se with them in the difficul- which they have to face. We them to face their problems the same mind and spirit as re seeking to apply to the ems of Great Britain. We the British Government to evidence of good faith to the n people by deed and not by . To a large mass of Indian ion, he suggested, the re- of the working class pri- s of Meerut would be an nce of good faith.

OMPLETE INDEPENDENCE.

its sitting held on Easter day, Mr. Joseph Southall, the an Socialist of Birmingham, duced a debate on India. He d that the Conference "affirms ght of India and Egypt to ute independence."

Southall argued that Egypt held so that Britain might safe the Suez Canal and the to India, and that her in- ce on keeping that route gh the Mediterranean had y rendered nugatory the l Conference.

Southall concludes: "Our is utterly unjustifiable. If we y want to hold the Indian le, the first thing is to give the liberty to which they are led, and then we shall have a n of hearts."

e resolution was carried by Conference.

AMNESTY TO POLITICAL PRISONERS.

long supplementary resolu- was then moved by Mr. Regi- Stamp on behalf of the Lon- Division of the I. L. P. The ution urged expedition with publication of the Simon Re- amnesty to all political pri- s, removal of all causes of ion which impeded friendly ssion between the British and an peoples, and declaring that ettlement could be satisfac- which did not allow the whole of the Indian people to determine their own form of government.

Mr. Stamp said they must in- sist upon complete emancipation or all political prisoners. Any effort on the part of the Labour Government that had no regard for the opinion of the Indian people would not be satisfactory. They must insist on the right of India to determine her own form of government. At the same time they must warn the Indian people that independence did not bring emancipation. It had not brought emancipation to Ireland. d

SIMULTANEOUS RISING.

Mr. Fenner Brockway, M.P., who supported the resolution, said the situation in India was very much grave than the general public realised. To find a parallel in Europe of the conditions, which were now existing in India, one would have to imagine simultaneous risings in London, Paris, Berlin and Vienna. The very fact that there were such risings in the large centres of India accompanied by mass Civil Disobedience over areas as large as the whole of England ought to indicate how grave the situation was. That situation was being met at the moment by intensifying repression.

A STANDING SHAME.

The Bengal Ordinance was again to be put into operation with its full force. Under this Ordinance any man or woman might be arrested without any charge deported without trial. It had always been a standing shame that this Ordinance was imposed under a Labour Government and that shame was renewed by the decision to apply it once more. The ordinary law of arrest, trial, and charge was adequate.

Repression, said Mr. Brockway, would not solve the problem. The tragedy was that if the Government had been only a little more courageous six months ago, the present situation would not have arisen. Mahatma Gandhi and his lieutenants would have gone to the Round Table Conference, along with the Liberals. The Labour Government had failed to apply in its Indian policy the principles declared in the Labour Party programme.

NOT IMPOSSIBLE.

The solution of the problem was more difficult now, though not impossible. In six months time it would be absolutely impossible unless there were a movement such as the I. L. P. policy indicated. The I. L. P. was absolutely behind the Indians in their struggle for self-determination. If there was a clash between the masses of India and the Government of this country, the I. L. P. would be loyal to the principles it had held from the days of that great friend of India, Keir Hardie. It was with the Indian people in their demands, and would stand for the full right of absolute independence, if that became, the absolute demand of the Indian people.

BENEVOLENT IMPERIALISM.

Mrs. Carling (Perth) moved an amendment. She urged that as the Indian people had taken no part in the Simon Commission, reference to its Report should be deleted. This amendment was carried.

Mr. Horne, a London delegate wanted the deletion of that portion of the resolution which urged that the future Indian government must include adequate and proportionate representation. He said that the idea was nothing but benevolent Imperialism.

Amended thus, the resolution was passed by the Conference.—Free Press.

PESHAWAR & MUSLIMS.

—:o:—

Indifference Deplored.

The "Muslim Outlook" writes:

It is a matter of shame for the Muslim community that despite the enactment of Peshawar tragedy not a single Mussalman leader has taken the trouble to visit the scene. With the exception of the Ali brothers, no message or resolution of sympathy with the Musalmans of Peshawar has apparently been sent by any Muslim individual or organisation, such as the All-India Muslim Conference, the All-India Muslim League, the All-India Khilafat Committee the Jamia-ul-Ulamai-Hind or other associations with their hundreds of branches. In view of the prevalence of "lawless laws" in the Province, the North-West Frontier is always under a sort of martial law but the authorities would think twice before they resorted to the use of such regulations against members of the Legislative Assembly and other influential Mussalmans who are not in the bad books of Government. Pandit Madan Monan Malviya, Pandit Moti Lal Nehru, and the late Swami Shraddhanand, it will be remembered, hastened to the Punjab on hearing of the Jalianwala Bagh massacre. They rendered every help to the people, the declaration of martial law notwithstanding. But leaders of our Muslim organisations evidently mindful of their own safety or comfort, are sitting in their homes after tens of their co-religionists have been killed at Peshawar.

The authorities have expressed their intention immediately to hold an official inquiry into the recent tragedy. In their leaflets addressed to the tribesmen, they have however justified the firing before the inquiry has been initiated. The people of Peshawar, on the other hand, seem to be in no mood to lead any evidence before the officials and most of them are likely to non-co-operate with the inquiry. In view of these facts, unless Muslim leaders bestir themselves, the inquiry may turn out to be an absolutely one-sided affair where even official witnesses will not be subjected to cross-examination and where aspirants after office and others worse than the tribe may be trusted to exploit the situation for all it is worth.

Is it not a thousand pities that whi Hindu and Muslim Congress lead have done their best to visi hawar and hold an inqui , not a single leader of alman community has yet even his intention to pro nd see things with his According to all ac Hindu and one Sik ing the firing. the as according to ac war Khila- fa exclusive- ly b a num- men are ved to agedy ceed ss. ll

"NATIONAL MOVEMENT WILL SUCCEED."

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MESSAGE FROM LAJPATRAI AND SHRADDHANAND.

The spiritualistic discourse was held in Poona under the auspices of local spiritualistic society. Mr. Rish during the course of discourse pointed out by reference to the writings of Allen Kardec, the well-known French spiritualist, that the mediumistic faculty was latent in very many persons and it did not depend on age, sex or intellectual attainments. The only way by which it can be tested is to allow the individual to take part in the seance and try his mediumistic faculty. Those who imagine that they have only to put their hands upon a table to make it move or hold a pencil to make it write, have come to a false conclusion with regard to the subject. Unlike the physical sciences we cannot go through the regular series of experiment in the knowledge as it is more or less a science of observation.

DEPARTED LEADERS' MESSAGE.

In the seance that followed there were three spirits known to Dr. Sahasrabudhe who took part in the circle. Two of them were quite unknown to him, but the third happened to be a contractor acquainted with him during his lifetime. None of the spirits were invoked or even thought of. They seemed to come of their own accord to give vent to their ideas. The spirit of the contractor after expressing his personal wish promised to bring Lokamanya Tilak in the next seance.

Mr. Rishi stated that in the Indian Spiritualistic Society at Bombay, Lala Lajpatai and Swami Shraddhanand had come to communicate last week. Both the leaders expressed their sympathy for the present movement and predicted its success.

Inquest Over Women's Deaths.

—:o:—

The coroner held an inquest on Friday touching the death of two women, one having been drowned in the sea and the other having met with a fatal accident in a factory accident in a factory at Mazagaon.

In the first place, Parvatibai (?) went out to pick coal near Mazagaon Sea, on Tuesday, but did not return home. Her body was found floating in the sea near Mazagaon Dock on Friday. The coroner's jury returned a verdict of death by drowning.

In the other case, Chandribai Pandu, employed in a factory at Mazagaon was working near a machine when her sari was caught into a wheel and she sustained serious injuries. She died subsequently.

The coroner adjourned the enquiry after recording identification evidence to enable the police to make investigation.

A HERO AMONG HEROES.

—:o:—

Gokhale's Tribute To Gandhiji.

....our great and illustrious countryman, Mr. Gandhi. Fellow-delegates—after the immortal part which Mr. Gandhi has played in this affair, I must say it will not be possible for any Indian, at any time, here or in any other assembly of Indians, to mention his name without deep emotion and pride....Gentlemen, it is one of the privileges of my life that I know Mr. Gandhi intimately, and I can tell you that a purer, a nobler, a braver and more exalted spirit has never moved on this earth. Mr. Gandhi is one of those men, who, living an austerely simple life themselves and devoted to all the highest principles of love to their fellow beings and to truth and Justice, touch the eyes of their weaker brethren as with magic and give them a new vision. He is a man who may be well described as a man among men, a hero among heroes, a patriot among patriots, and we may well say that in him Indian humanity at the present time has really reached its high water-mark.—MR. GOKHALE (Indian National Congress, Lahore, 1909).

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MAHATMA GANDHI.

WHAT STUDENTS IN CHINA DID.

—:o:—

In his book on the Problem of China, Bertrand Russel says:—

"The students (in China) are not only full of public spirit themselves, but are a powerful force in arousing it throughout the nation. What they did in 1919 when Versailles awarded Shangtung to Japan, was well told by Tyan in his chapter on 'The Student Movement.' And what they did, was not merely political. To quote Mr. Tyan:—

'Having aroused the nation, prevented the signature of the Versailles Treaty, and assisted the merchants to enforce the Japanese Boycott, the students then directed their energies to the enlightenment of their less educated brethern and sisters.'

BANK OF ENGLAND RETURN.

—:o:—

London, May 8

Total Bullion	£164,500,000
Public Deposits	£ 16,200,000
Other Deposits	£104,600,000
Government Securities	£ 56,400,000
Other Securities	£ 16,200,000
Notes and Coin	£ 66,000,000
Notes in Circulation	£358,500,000
Ratio of Reserve of Liabilities	54 64 p.c.

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(Through Bombay Satyagraha Committee).

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2229 Sjt. Punamchand Mohanlal Shah.
2230 Sjt. Pandurang Gopal Bal Mahajan.
2231 Sjt. Kantilal Nanilal Kapadia.
2232 Sjt. Laxmichand Chhotalal Abab.
2233 Sjt. Jaganath Bapuji Sonalker.
2234 Sjt. Vadilal Hargovinddas Modi.
2235 Sjt. Hormasji Sorabji.
2236 Sjt. Ramdas Jamnadas.
2237 Sjt. Khushaldas Dharshi Khakhar.
2238 Sjt. Popatlal Tricumji.
2239 Sjt. Tricumdas Chalmldas
2240 Sjt. Narayan Vishnu Kale.
2241 Sjt. Ganpat Bhikoo Power.
2242 Sjt. Ganpat Rayker.
2243 Sjt. Nadir Shah Meherwanji Karbhari.
2244 Sjt. Mukund Balkrishna Ketkar.
2245 5Sjt. Dradeo Raghunath Gavad.
2246 Sjt. Vinayak Ramchander.
2247 Sjt. Vrijlal Dharmsi.
2248 Sjt. Premji Chhagan.
2249 Sjt. Mavji Bhavanji.
2250 Sjt. Balaram Thukaram Dhatoak.
2251 Sjt. Motiram Nirbheram.
2252 Sjt. Gangadher Ramchandei Ranadim.
2253 Miss Subhadra Vasant Tatre.
2254 Sjt. M. L. Dalai.
2255 Sjt. S. C. Seth.
2256 Sjt. Abdul Aziz.
2257 Sjt. Natverlal Jamnadas.
2258 Mrs. Ganga Laxmi Sepatram Nagar.
2259 Sjt. Shiv Ram Purshottam Sawant.
2260 Sjt. Champsi Ladha Lodaya.
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2263 Sjt. Narainda Laxminarayan.
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2266 Sjt. Purshottam Kanji.
2267 Sjt. Ramanlal Nandlal.
2268 Sjt. Ranchhoddas Motichand Gandhi.
2269 Sjt. Manjaram Jwan.
2270 Sjt. Sadashiv Gajanan Vaghamare.
2271 Sjt. Gunamal D. Longain.
2272 Mrs. Narbdabai Jayakrishna
2273 Sjt. Manmohandas Gangadas Fadia.
2274 Sjt. Anintlal Gangadas Fadia.
2276 Sjt. Kulkarni Master.
2276 Spt. Gajanan Balwant Ketker.
2277 Sjt. Shamji Sunderji.
2278 Sjt. Jaswant Singh Ahluwalia.
2279 „ Vevopal Ahluwalia.
2280 „ Joshi Bhagwandasji Premshanker.
2281 „ Dhagodhar Ramchandra Pallar.
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2285 „ Narbherram Harjivan Asher.
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2288 „ Jivanlal Mathalbhai Bhogak.
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2290 „ Shantaram Shyamdas.
2291 „ Deoshanker Bhagwan Pandya.
2292 „ Pandherinath Sadashive Tambe.
2293 „ Mohanlal Pranjivan.
2294 „ Vidyanath Herdeodas.
2295 „ Mulchand Nathalal.
2296 „ Chandu Apana Kotiyane.
2297 „ Basa Anta Kotian.
2298 „ Parmanand Nanji.
2299 „ Nasarwanji Ratanji Ghadujali.
2300 „ Nandlal Mulji.
2301 „ Vidyaram Namdashanker Tripedi.
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2303 „ Jairam Dungersi Mochi.
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2305 „ Dwarka Nanji.
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2307 „ Keshavlal Harjivan.
2308 „ Vithaldas Ranji.
2309 „ Gangaram Chaturbhuj.
2310 „ Pandit Kanta Sharma.
2311 „ Balkrishna Mangesh Jathady.
2312 „ Harischandra Din Kar Prasad Boch.
2313 „ Patel Chelabhai Shivdas.
2314 „ Moti Prakash Shiv Shanker.
2315 „ Patel Manilal Shivlal.
2316 „ Krishnarao Ramchandra Manoker.
2317 „ Nagandas Jamnadas.
2318 „ Ram Harak Bhagwandin Sharma.
2319 „ Bhalchandra Bhagwan Kulkarni.
2320 „ Chandra Kanta Dinker Nirgude.
2321 „ Ramchand Laxmiman.
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2327 „ Shanker Bhimraji Bakve
2328 Sjt. Talakchand Bhurabhai.
2379 Sjt. Madanlal Ramchandra Goyanka.
2380 Sjt. Hormusji Dinshawji Sethna.
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2382 Sjt. Lalji Peraj Thakkar.
2383 Sjt. Harilal Naranji Thakkar.
2384 Sjt. Hirji Haridas Rajada.
2385 Sjt. Tulsidas Hirji Samput.
2386 Sjt. [illegible]ndas Chaganlal Rokadia.
2387 Sjt. Bhaicnand Panwala.
2388 Sjt. Jamnadas Jugjivan.
2389 Smt. Hiraben Amritlal.
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2396 Sj. Harilal Goverdhandas.
2397 Sjt. Vasant Shivram Deshmukh.
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2457 „ K. Shridar Prasad
2458 „ Abdul Gafur Ha[illegible] mid Attarwala.
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2461 „ Ambalal Bhatt.
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TRADE AND FINANCE.

SOME EASE IN MONEY MARKET.

Political Situation Hampers Business.

WEEKLY MARKET REVIEWS.

(From Our Special Correspondent.

Bombay, May 9.

MONEY

Business continued interrupted ing to political situation in the ntry.

The monetary situation show- a somewhat easier tendency d call funds were placed at 4 3/4 cent to 5 per cent, despite the y large sale of intermediate ee months bills. To-day, how- er, the rate has improved to 5 4 per cent on Treasury bill pay- ent. Treasury maturities this ek amounted to only Rs. 66.50 s against renewals of Rs. 293.75 s. Government have introduc- the sale of nine months inter- diate bills and their rate has en fixed at Rs. 96-7-0. It may noted that investment in these ls extends to February and vers a good portion of the cold ason. The trade demand shows further decrease of Rs. 51 lacs. e following are the fixed depo- rates:—One month 4 3/4 per nt, two months 4 1/2 per cent, ree months 4 1/4 per cent and x months 4 per cent.

There were significant move- ents in the gold holdings of the nk of England during this week. e receipts amounted to £3,350- 0, but withdrawals were in ex- ss of this figure by £989,000.

The statement of the Imperial nk of India as of 2nd May shows decrease of Rs. 37.12 lacs in the sh balance now amounting to s. 15,79,91,000 as compared with s. 12.80 crores at this time last ar. The percentage of cash to abilities is 17.63, a decrease of 9 per cent under last week. oans and Cash credits are up by s. 51.34 lacs and Rs. 11.66 lacs spectively, while Inland Bills dis- unted are down by Rs. 52.09 acs. Government deposits have eclined by Rs. 81.42 lacs to Rs. 5.83 crores, while Other deposits e up by Rs. 64.47 lacs to Rs. 0.54 crores. The Bank rate re- ains unchanged at 6 per cent.

The gilt-edged market present- d a dull tone and business was of hand to mouth nature. There as some recovery in the price of 1/2 per cent paper to Rs. 63-12 n reports of purchases by some anks inducing bearcovering. ther scripts show little change. per cent 1945-55 Loan improved ghtly to Rs. 100-5, and 1933 to s. 99-15. 5 per cent 1939-44 loan mained unchanged at Rs. 95-14, hile 1935 Loan receded to Rs. -10. 6 per cent Bonds due 1930 31 and 1932 remained unaltered Rs. 100 6, Rs. 101-6 and Rs. 102- 6 1/2 per cent Bombay Deve- pment Loan is quoted at Rs. 104 4. 4 per cent 1960-70 loan fur- er eased to Rs. 76-10, while 19- 37 shows no change at Rs. 89- 4 1/2 per cent 1955-60 Loans e placed at Rs. 86-10 and 1934 nds at Rs. 95-2.

Tenders for Rs. 2 crores of nine d three months treasury bills re opened on Tuesday the 6th ay. Total amounts offered were s. 63,00,000 and Rs. 2,01,50,000 spectively. Tenders for nine onths bills at Rs. 96-6-0 and ove aggregating Rs. 63,00,000 ere accepted in full. Tenders r three months bills at Rs. 98-9-3 d above aggregating Rs. 45,50,- 0 were accepted in full. All wer tenders were rejected. The erage rates of accepted tenders r nine and three months bills ere Rs. 4-12-8 and Rs. 5-9-0 per nnum respectively.

Intermediate three months trea- ry bills sold from 30th April to h May were Rs. 185.25 lacs. In- rmediate nine and three months easury bills will be issued from ednesday the 7th to Monday the th May at Rs. 96-7-0 and Rs. -10 per cent respectively.

Tenders for nine months and ree months bills to the amount Rs. 2 crores in the aggregate ll be received on Tuesday the th May. Successful tenderers ould make payment of the mount of accepted tenders on riday the 16th May 1930. Other nditions are as usual.

The Paper Currency return of e 30th April shows an increase Rs. 57.41 lacs in note circula- on now amounting to Rs. 173.89 rores. Silver coins show a simi- r rise which now stand at Rs. 07.21 crores, while gold coin and ilver bullion remain unchanged t Rs. 32.27 crores and Rs. 3.38 rores respectively. The metallic eserve ratio to circulation is 82.16 s against 82.10 a week ago.

COMBINED STATEMENT.

EXCHANGE.

Sterling exchange remained uiet during the week with sel- ers of ready T. T. at 1s. 5-13/16d. nd good buyers at 1s. 5-7/8d. Government were able to obtain ne million sterling at 1s. 5-27/32, ut this formed 35 per cent of he total applications. There as some enquiry for remittances n gold account from Durban, while exports continue slack. Forward deliveries remained un- changed, the following being the quotations:—Upto 24th May 1/5 13/16, 26th May to 15th June 1/5 25/32, 16th June to September 1/5 3/4, October November 1/5 25-32, December February 1/5 13/16 and March 1/5 25/32.

The dollar sterling quotation declined during the week from doll. 4.86-3/32 to doll. 4.85-15/16. French francs kept steady at 123. 86, the Belga at 34.83 and the Italian lira at 92.70.

A press communique of the 6th instant states that the total remittances to the Home Treasury since 1st April to-date amount to £3,680,000 including pounds 1,079,- 000 purchased during the week ending 3rd May 1930.

ders to the amount of £ 1,050,000 at 1s. 5-27/32 were received and allotted approximate- ly 95 per cent. Lower tenders were rejected. R1,000,000 will be offered for tender on Wednesday the 14th May on the same condi- tions.

GOLD.

The gold market maintained a steady tone and there was a further rise of about one anna per tola in the price of ready to Rs. 21-13-0. The availale ready supplies which amount to about 1-1/2 lacs tolas are in strong hands, while the daily offtake con- tinues at 10,000 tolas. Shipments en route for the May settement are comparatively small and hence the premium of 2-1/2 annas over June which is quoted at Rs. 21-10- 6 per tola. Owing to shortage of ready supply sovereigns advanced to Rs. 13-13 with delivery July June quoted at Rs. 13-9-6. In London the price of gold remained stationary at 84s. 11-1/2d. In our market the higest and lowest rates were Rs. 21-13-0 and Rs. 21-10- 9 for ready, Rs. 21-13-0 and Rs. 21- 11- for 13th May settlement and Rs. 21-11-0 and Rs. 21-10-6 for 12th June settlement. The in- coming mail is expected to bring £35,000 gold. Inclusive of these arrivals and exclusive of the present week's shipment the total visible supply from London to India is about £120,000. The to tal imports during the week amounted to Rs. 7,15,195 in bar and coin. This week's shipment from London is expected to be £90,000.

The Transvaal gold output for the month of March last amounted to 889,370 fine ounces as compared with 818,136 fine ounces for Febru- ary 1930 and 866,529 fine ounces for March 1929.

SILVER.

The silver market opened steady, but there was a distinct lack of trading activity during the latter part. Ready which commanded a premium of Rs. 2 over June set- tlement improved from Rs. 55-4 to Rs. 56-4 but closed at Rs. 55-12. The other principal markets also moved rather lethargically. The Shanghai tael ranged between 1s. 11-1/16d. and 1s. 10-7/8d., while the price in London varied between 19-9/16d. and 19-3/8d. for ready and 19-1/2d. and 19-5/16d. for forward. The daily offtake averages some 150 bars and stocks on hand approximate 2200 bars with quite large supplies on the way for the May settlement. In our market the highest and lowest rates were Rs. 56-4 and Rs. 55-4 for ready Rs. 45 and Rs. 44-12 for 17th May settlement and Rs. 54-1 and Rs. 53-13 for 16th June settle- ment. The incoming mail is ex- pected to bring £70,000 gold. In- clusive of these arrivals and ex- clusive of the present week's ship- ment the total visible supply from London to India is about £460,000 The total imports during the week amounted to 491 bars and Rs. 47,993 in coin. This week's ship- ment is expected to be £65,000.

SHARES.

The share market was closed du- ring the entire week and reopens on Monday the 12th instant.

YARN MARKET REPORT.

—:o:—

Bombay, May 9.

The improvement in the Yarn Market experienced during the last three weeks was considerably checked on account of the recent political developments culminating in the arrest of Mahatma Gandhi on Monday the 5th instant and also due to violent fluctuations in Cotton. Our Market was also closed for a long time during the week and business was considerably af- fected on account of the tense situation created by the recent political disturbances. The Swa- deshi Movement is no doubt growing day by day as a result of which there has been a large en- quiry for coarse counts of Indian Mill Yarns but some of the con- suming centre are not able to pay the increased prices demanded by the Mills whereas others such as Calcutta have been buying these Yarns at full rates asked by the Mills. On the whole the turnover has been restricted and prices have been slightly easy on account of the small turnover. The under- tone is fairly steady and as cotton has shown some improvement at the close of the week it is very likely that the prices will not de- cline any further and this might create confidence amongst the dealers in course of time. As for foreign Yarns there has been a very small demand and the market seems very nervous. On the whole the general feeling is yet hope- ful and except for the political disturbances there is nothing which will not help the sales of Indian Yarns for Khaddar.

ENGLISH YARNS.

Business has been almost at a stand still so far as forward pur- chases are concerned and even in spot, prices have been declining due to limited offtake although stocks are not heavy

JAPANESE YARNS.

Prices remain more or less un- changed in this class of Yarns and the tendency is rather steady.

ART SILK YARNS.

Many of the cheap lots have already been sold and now it is difficult to obtain any cheap price- ed goods from stocks. Enquiries have no doubt increased but prices however are yet low and it seems as if it will take some further time before buyers are able to pay full prices. Forward business is very small, and arrivals are very limited.

INDIAN YARNS.

Inspite of serious decline in Cotton during the last few days it is surprising that many of our Mills have raised their prices of Yarns due to better demand and dealers and consumers have there- fore been much afraid of profi- teering if Swadeshi Movement will be further strengthened as has been the case at present. This is certainly very unfortunate but if the Mills will not look into this matter and try to meet the situa- tion with the patriotism expected of them we have no doubt as a result they will be the first to suffer inasmuch as if prices will be raised much further conumers will be dissatisfied and again as a result the imports of foreign Yarns will be getting impetus. We should therefore like the Mills to go into this matter very serious- ly and to see that bevond a rea- sonable margin of profits they do not take an undue advantage of the present Swadeshi Movement. We will suggest a board of con- trol to be appointed to go into this matter and check the undue profiteering by the Mills on by the dealers. Reports from consuming districts are encouraging both for Yarns and for cloth and if cotton remains steady at or about this level and does not show any mate- rial decline we are honeful of the future course of the Market.

Bombay Cotton

—:o:—

Bombay, May 9.

In response to a sharp rise of 43 points in New York Futures, the local market opened at Rs. 263 for Broach J/A. delivery. At this level there was some long liquidation and prices declined to Rs. 261/12. The realising sales were absorbed easily and the market displayed steadier tone. Liverpool opening cables were also steady and prices were quoted 5 points higher as expected.

The market ruled rather quiet and closed at 4-30 p.m. as under:—

A./M.	249/8
Broach J./A.	261/4
Oomra May.	207/12
Oomra July	218
Bengal May	183
Bengal July	190
Broach J. A. Highest	263
Broach J./A. Lowest	261/4

SAMPIN QUOTATIONS.

Osaka, May 9.

May	156.80	+3.60
August	161.30	+3.50
November	162.30	+3.70

COTTON TENDERS.

Bombay, May 9.

	To-day	Total
Broach	2,000	32,100
Bengal	700	9,500
Oomra	3,900	17,000

ROOM RATE.

Bombay May 9.

Bengal May 184
Bengal July 192
Broach A./M. 261
Broach J./A. 263.
Umra May 209.
Umra July 220

SPOT RATE.

Bengal	196	191	186	180
Sind	201	196	191	195
Punjab	194	189	184	178
Rajputana	196	191	186	180
Broach	260	257	253	248
P. A.	270	267	263	258
K. V.	262	259	251	250
Dholera	261	258	254	249
Kalajin	262	259	255	250
Cutch	263	265	261	256
Surat	350	347	343	338
Rajpipla	337	334	330	325
Navsari	355	352	348	343
Umra No. 3	229	215	211	207
C. P. No. 1	234	230	226	222
C. P. No. 2.	226	222	218	214
Mathia	209	204	199	194

BANK OF FRANCE NOTE CIRCULATION.

Paris, May 8.

The Return of the Bank of France for the week ending May 7th gives the total note circula- tion at 72,373,000,000 francs, an increase of 1,693,000,000 francs as compared with the previous week.

DAY'S READY COTTON SALES.

Bombay, May 9.

Bales	Sellers	Quality	Rates	Buyers.
58	Sarupchand Prithiraj	Sailu	212/8	Japan Cotton Coy.
100	Shivkaran Ramchandra	Omraoti	211/8	Toyo Menka Kaisha
97	Chatrabhuj Jeram	Javra	197	Kilachand Devchand
300	Valji Ladha	Nimbore	211	Bruel and Co.
400	Valji Ladha	Senabad	216	Gosho Kabushiki Kaisha.
70	Premji Harji	Nimach	214/8	Chechety and Thakarsi
100	Hukmichand Rambhagat	Umraoti	212/8	Nisho Company.
43	Lalji Thakarsi	Pandharpur	220	Italinda Cotton Coy.
100	Madhavdas Jetha	Wun	220	Gosho Kabushiki Kaisha.
100	Narsi Nagshi	Nasirabad	184	Mithabhai Nathu.
100	Bruel and Co.	Arv. (old)	195	P. Chrystal and Co.
103	Premji Harji	Nundebar	214	Japan Cotton Coy.
150	Abubaker Abdulrahaman	Hingoli	213	Japan Cotton Coy.
57	Abubakar Abdulrahman	Hingoli	212/4	Bhaidas Karsandas
99	Indian Cotton Coy.	Arvi	220/4	Italindia Cotton Coy
300	Bhawanji Lakhmidas	Veraval	201	E. Spinner and Co.
89	Premji Harji	Shegam	212	James Finlay & Co.
36	Virji Ladha & Co.	Khanawa	214	Japan Cotton Coy.
60	Khimji Govindji & Co.	Bnensa	286	R. D. Tata & Sons.
155	Valji Ladha	Rutlam	276	Prahlad Mills.
100	Gorrakhran Sadhuram	(old Vardha	141	Bhanji Gordhan & Co.
111	Rathi & Co.	Akola	212	Toyo Menka Kaisha.
55	Lalji Thakarsi	Chopda	209	Rathi & Co.
125	Mahomad Suleman	Indore	215	Japan Cotton Coy.
126	Virji Ladha	Manavadar	254	Sassoon J. David.
54	Bhawanji Lakhmidas	Manavadar	254	Sassoon J. David
200	Khimji Vishram	Akola	216	R. D. Tata & Sons.
102	Gill and Co.	Latur (Raw)	261	Shapurji Bharucha
100	Narsi Nagshi	Nasirabad	184	Shapurji Bharucha
103	Indian Cotton Coy.	Hal da	200	Madhavji Dharamshi Mills.
93	Madhavdas Jetha	Khamgaon	213/8	Khimji Vishram.

READY COTTON SALES.

Bombay, May 9.

400 Japan T. & Co. Senabad 216.
200 Do Hingoli 213.
100 Do. Nandurbar 214
100 Do Indore 215
100 Volkart Bros. Bir 215.
100 Do. Nimarkhedi 215.
100 Bussan & Co. Amraoti 211-1/2.
100 Do. Akola 212
100 Broach Mill Kekri 182
100 Shapurji Mill Latur 261
200 Tata Mill Akola 216.
100 Do Shegaon 212.
100 Ital. India & Co. Arvi 220-1/4.
100 Do. Pandaarpur 220
100 G G Kesha & Co. Wun 220.
200 E. Spinner & Co. Veraval 201
Saturday Cotton Market closed.

THE SEEDS TRADERS' ASSOCIATION.

Bombay, May 9.

Castorseeds Delivery May Opening Rs. 44/5, Highest Rs. 44/6/6, Lowest Rs. 44/4, Closing Rs. 44/6.

Castorseeds Delivery September Opening Rs. 46/4, Highest Rs. 46/5/6 Lowest Rs. 46/2, Closing Rs. 46/3.

Groundnut Seeds Delivery May Opening Rs. 43/14, Lowest Rs. 43/12, Closing Rs. 43/13/6.

GOLD AND SILVER.

Bombay, May 9.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Mint Gold Ready	21	13	3
Mint Gold 1st Settlement	21	12	3
Mint Gold 2nd. Settlement	21	10	3
Silver Ready	55	12	0
Silver, 1st Settlement	44	15	0
Silver, 2nd Settlement	54	0	0

The Union Bank Of India, Ltd.

—:o:—

The Union Bank of India, Limited, in its Tenth Report as submitted to the Shareholders for the year ended 31st March 1930, states:

"The net profit for the year including the sum of Rs 1,04,944-15-11 brought forward from last year's account amounts to Rs. 3,30,657-7-10. This amount the Directors propose to dispose of as follows:—To pay a dividend of annas four per share (free of Income-Tax) on 7,98,000 shares Rs. 1,99,500; To place to Reserve Fund Rs. 50,000; To write down the Premises Account Rs. 10,000; To set aisde for Incom-Tax and Super-Tax for the year Rs. 20,000; To carry forward the balance to next year's account Rs. 60157-7-10. Total Rs. 3,39,657-7-10.

MILL STORES QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, May 9.

Prices per Ton:—

China Clay, best quality Rs. 78
China Clay, market quality Rs. 68.

Prices per Cwt:—

Farina, Supra (Dutch) Rs. 3-4-0; Epsom Salt Rs. 3-10-0; Sago Flour, 1st quality Rs. 8-7-0; Sago Flour, market quality Rs. 8-3-0; Maize Starch Pearl, India Brand Rs. 10-10-0; Destrine (Potato) White Rs. 14-0-0; Zinc Chloride, German Rs. 14-4-0; Magnesium Chloride, German Rs. 3-3-0; Australian Mutton Tallow, White Rs. 32-4-0; Turkey Red Oil Concentrated Rs. 45; Bleaching Powder United Alkali, small packing Rs. 8-4-0; Bleaching Powder, Electro, German, small packing Rs. 8-4-0; Sodium Sulphide, English, small Packing Rs. 9-4-0; Sodium Sulphide, English, large packing Rs. 8-4-0, Sodium Sulphide, German, small packing Rs. 9-4-0; Sodium Sulphide, German, large packing Rs. 8-4-0; Bichromate of Potash, small packing Rs. 35; Soda Ash Rs. 7-4-0; Bichromate of Soda, small packing Rs. 29 8-0; Brown Sugar of Lead, small packing As. 33-8-0; Litharge Flake, French, small packing Rs. 30-4-0.

Prices per lb:—

Hydro Sulphide, BASF, Rs. 0-8-9; Hydro Sulphide, English Rs. 0-7-9; Aniline Salt, Electro Rs. 0-6-1; Antimony salt Rs. 0-5-3; Acetic Acid Rs. 0-7-0; Formal-dehyde Rs. 0-6-0.

Money Market.

Exchange Quotations.

Bombay, May 9.

B. C. Rate:—
T T 1/5 25/32.
D D 1/5 13/16.

London:—
Bank Selling T T 1/5 13/16 15th May.
Banks Selling D D 1/5 27/32.
Banks Selling T T 1/5 25/32 15th June.
Banks Selling T T 1/5 3/4 June-Aug.
Banks Buying T T 1/5 7/8 Ready.
Banks Buying D D 1/5 29/32 Mail.
Banks Buying 3 Mos. 1/6 May-Monsoon.

New York:—
B. C. Rate T T 278.
Banks Selling T T 277 1/2.
Banks Buying T T 276-1/2.

Paris:—
Banks Selling D D 217.
Banks Buying D D 225.
Banks Buying 3 Mos. 945.

Japan:—
anks Selling T T 137.
Banks Buying 60 Days 134 1/2.

Hongkong:—
Banks Selling D D [illegible]

Shanghai:—
Banks Selling D D [illegible]-1/2.

Singapore:—
Banks Selling D D 156.

Java:—
Banks Selling D D 89 5/8.

CROSS RATE:—
New York-London 4 85 31/32 8th instant.
Shanghai-London 1/10 7/8 9th instant.
Japan-London 2/0 3/8 8th instant.
London-Paris 122.35 8th instant.
London-Belgium 34.825 8th instant.
London-Switzerland 25.08 8th instant.
London-Italy 92.70 8th instant.
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Quiet.
Gold £4-4-11 1/2 7th instant, £4-4-11 1/2 8th instant.
Silver London Ready £19 7/16 7th instant, £19 1/2 8th instant.
Silver London Forward £19 3/8 7th instant, 19 7/16 8th instant.
Silver New York Ready £42 1/4 7th instant, £42 5/8 8th instant.
London Discounts 3 Mos. £2 5/32 per cent. 7th instant, £2 5/32 per cent. 8th instant.
London Discounts 6 Mos £2 1/2 per cent. 7th instant, £2 1/2 per cent. 8th instant.
Imperial Bank Rate 6 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 3 per cent.
Money:—Inter Bank Call 5 per cent.
3 Mos. 4-1/2 per cent.
6 Mos. 4 per cent.
12 Mos. 4 per cent.
Tone:—Tight.

LONDON EXCHANGES.

London, May 7.

T T London on Berlin 20 36-1/4
T T London on Amsterdam 12.07-3/8.
T T London on Brussels 34.82.
T T London on Madrid 39.83.
T T London on Milan 92.67.
T T London on Berne 25 09.
T T London on Paris 123.87.
T T London on Prague 163.95.

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES.

London, May 8.

Interest, Day to Day Loans 1-3/4 per cent.
Interest 7 Day Market Loans 2 per cent.
Bank Bills, 3 months 2-5/32 per cent.
Bank Bills, 6 months 2-1/2 per cent.
Fine Trade Bills, 3 months 3 1/4 per cent.
Fine Trade Bills, 6 months 3-3/4 per cent.

LONDON SILVER.

London, May 8.

Silver—Market is quiet.
Spot 19-1/2
Forward 19-7/16

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

—:o:—

Bombay, May 9.

3-1/2 per cent Rupee Paper Rs. 64-4.
4 per cent Conversion Loan due 1931-36 Rs. 90/8
4 per cent. Loan due 1934-37 Rs. 89/4
4 per cent Loan due 1960-70 Rs. 76/8
4-1/2 per cent Bonds due 1934 Rs. 95/2
4-1/2 per cent Loan due 1955-60 Rs. 86/10
5 per cent War Loan due 1929-47 Rs. 95/2
5 per cent Loan due 1935 Rs. 97/10
5 per cent Loan due 1939-44 Rs. 95/14
5 per cent Loan (Tax Free) due 1933 Rs. 99/15
5 per cent Loan (Tax Free) due 1945-55 Rs. 100/6.
6 per cent War Bonds (Tax Free) due 1930 Rs. 100/6
6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1931 Rs. 101/5
6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1932 Rs. 102/5
6-1/2 per cent Bombay Development Loan (Tax Free) due 1935 Rs. 104/12
4 per cent Port Trust due 1974 Rs. 74/8
4 per cent Improvement Trust due 1974 Rs. 74-8.
4 per cent Municipal due 1974 Rs. 73/8
5 per cent Bombay Municipal due 1959 Rs. 90/8
6 per cent Bombay Municipal due 1954 Rs. 103/8

FORWARD RATES.

16th May settlement.
3-1/2 per cent Rupee Paper Rs. 64-2-0.
5 per cent. 1945/55 Rs. 100-6-0.
Tone of Market:—Steady.

LONDON DISCOUNTS.

Bombay, May 9.

3 Months Discounts 2 5/32 p.c.
6 Months Discounts 2 1/2 p.c.
Bank of England rate 3 p.c.
Call Money 5 p.c.
One month 4-1/2 p.c.
Three months 4-1/2 p.c.
Six months 4 p.c.
Tone of money market.—Dull.
Imperial Bank of India rate 6 per cent.

Tone of Silver:—Quiet. China and India buyers.

COFFEE—NEW YORK MARKET.

New York, May 8

Coffee, Fair Rio, No. 7 quality Spot 9-5/16.

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BOMBAY, SATURDAY, MAY 10, 1930.

SHOLAPUR SESSIONS COURT BURNT.

—:o:—

"Terrible" Number of Dead.

MACHINE GUNS PARADED THROUGH STREETS.

Women & Children Of Officials Evacuated.

POONA, May 9.

The special train conveying 150 women and children, mostly families of railway and telegraph staffs of Sholapur, arrived here at 3-15 a.m. to-day. Some of these, interviewed, declared that they had been given very little time to make arrangements for their departure and they were huddled into the train with whatever they could grab at as they left their homes. Women poured out of the train with children, dogs, canaries, cooking utensils and teapots. Railway authorities had meals ready at the station and had made necessary arrangements for sleeping in waiting rooms, offices and bogies. The women were in a highly nervous state and as they were called from their homes by noon yesterday, they could not give a coherent account of what had happened except that the whole affair had been terrible.

TROOP TRAIN.

The refugee train passed the first troop train some distance this side of Sholapur and from all accounts, it would appear that troops did not arrive at Sholapur till 10-30 p.m. last night. Another train conveying families of the Deputy Superintendent of Police and other high officials and bank managers arrived at Poona this morning shortly after 3 o'clock. From enquiries made on this train, it appears actual rioting ceased at 6 last evening and during the afternoon it took a communal turn following the burning of three policemen, who were huddled together by the mob, in full uniform and kerosine was poured on them and set alight, in the vicinity of the Sessions Court, which was also burnt to the ground.

REASON FOR EVACUATION.

Explanation given for the evacuation of women and children is that the authorities wished to leave the police free to deal with any disturbances to-day and to-morrow during Bakr-Id as the civil bungalows are situated in isolated and very open spaces, which would necessitate a strong guard over each, thus depleting police force in the city.

OFFICIAL ESTIMATE OF DEATHS

The official estimate of the number of dead is about twelve, but people coming from Sholapur think that they must be terrible. The entire police force were injured one way or another, by stones, sticks and knives. The District Magistrate was hit by a stone on the back of his neck and one police sergeant received a terrific knife wound in the leg. Others also received various injuries. There was a regular shower of stones yesterday at Sholapur. The A. F. I. took their machine guns through the crowds yesterday morning, but the crowd melted away and the order to fire machine guns was not given.—A. P.

SHOLAPUR QUIET.

Latest advices from Sholapur indicate that the situation is well in hand. Police in lorries are patrolling the city and military pickets have been posted at strategic points. Further rioting is not expected and the Collector is of opinion that order has been definitely restored.—A. P.

NAVAL TREATY.

—:o:—

Britain's Achievement.

—:o:—

HOT DEBATE IN LORDS.

—:o:—

LONDON, May 8.

The Naval Treaty was hotly criticised in the House of Lords. Viscount Bridgeman asserted that Government had missed the opportunity of reducing the size of battleships.

Earl Jellicoe said that the Conference had reduced the British Navy, but had not affected the reduction of any Nation. He cited his wartime experiences in an effort to show that fifty cruisers were totally inadequate to defend maritime interests.

Lord Parmoor, replying, described reduction of the navy as a debt of honour undertaken in the League Covenant. He thought that other nations were in the same position; but it was wrong to argue that because another nation did not do what it should, we should not do so. They had attained two great results, namely, safety and security of their country, and a splendid friendliness between ourselves. America and Japan, and the Conference as regards Italy and France was not closed.—Reuter.

Lord Bridgman accused the Government of disregarding the advice of Sea Lord in consenting to dangerous reduction of British cruiser strength.—Reuter.

Heavy Rain In Madras.

—:o:—

MADRAS, May 8.

There has been heavy rain in Madras since Tuesday night, which is quite unusual for this time of the year.—A. P.

Sale Of Contraband Salt.

—:o:—

SURAT, May 8.

Volunteers to-day were selling in different bazaars in the City contraband salt manufactured at Umber village by volunteers under the leadership of Mr. Manilal Gandhi.

CONSTABLE DIES OF INJURIES.

—:o:—

CHITTAGONG, May 8.

The constable wounded yesterday has died in hospital. There was no demonstration in town as a result of Gandhiji's arrest.—A. P.

DOES GOVERNMENT MEAN BUSINESS?

—:o:—

"Its Responsibility Is Greater Now."

—:o:—

MR. MUDALIAR ON MAHATMA'S ARREST.

Mr A. Ramaswami Mudaliar interviewed regarding the political situation said that the era of repression had culminated in the internment of Mahatma Gandhi and the responsibility of the Government had become thereby greater. The immediate and urgent need of the hour was to show constructively that the Government meant business, and was sincere in advancing the political goal of the country. Mr. Mudaliar was emphatically of opinion that a clear statement as to the Government's course of conduct with reference to the Round Table Conference, its scope and object and the time when it would meet was urgently called for. Until such a statement was forthcoming—a statement which he hoped would satisfy reasonable sections of the public—no effort to counteract the present tendencies would reasonably be expected even from the moderate and constitutional elements. Personally Mr. Mudaliar agreed entirely with Mr. Jinnah regarding the Civil Disobedience campaign. In his opinion it was a blind alley which would lead them nowhere.

PRESS ORDINANCE.

Referring to the Press Ordinance recently promulgated by His Excellency Lord Irwin, Mr. Mudaliar stated that those papers which had closed down had not given an opportunity to the public to know how the new Ordinance was going to be worked. He was not prepared to hold that the measure would be applied in the same manner as the Press Act of 1910 was applied. Lord Irwin had given an assurance in promulgating the Ordinance that it was not designed to restrict the just liberties of the Press or to check fair criticism of the Administration. He felt bound to accept this assurance till the acts of the Government proved the contrary. He hoped that the Conference of All-India Journalists would not content itself merely with condemning the Ordinance but would also turn the searchlight inwards ad see whether any newspaper in India indulged in deliberate misrepresentation.—A. P.

The Governor of Bombay and Lady Sykes gave a Garden Party at Government House Mahableshwar on Thursday.

FIERCE GALE RAGES OVER CEYLON.

—:o:—

Serious Damage On Land.

BOMBAY STEAMER IN DISTRESS: 34 LIGHTERS DESTROYED.

COLOMBO, May 8.

Severe rainstorm accompanied by gale which raged over Ceylon for the last few days is now known to be part of cyclone centre which passed north of Jacna (Northern Ceylon) in the direction of Mannar Strait. Serious damage has been done by storm on land including complete disorganisation of railway services and interruption of telegraphic communications. The steamer "Sikh" bound from Bombay for Rangoon with general cargo broke her moorings in harbour at the height of the gale during the night, and suffered very serious damage. 34 harbour lighters have also been smashed to pieces.—A. P.

GERMANY'S SECOND "POCKET DREADNOUGHT".

—:o:—

QUESTION OF ITS CONSTRUCTION.

—:o:—

BERLIN, May 8.

In the budget Committee of the Reichstage, the Froener, Minister of Defence, stated that Government would not insist on the armoured cruiser B (Germany's second "pocket dreadnought") as far as the 1930 budget was concerned. If the Reichstag decided against the proposal to construct this cruiser, Government would stand by the decision of the late Government to postpone construction of the vessel until 1931, although the replacement of obsolete ships was absolutely essential.—Reuter.

MISS JOHNSON REACHES ALLEPPO.

—:o:—

BAGHDAD, May 8.

Miss Amy Jonnson landed in desert, in sandstorm, waited two hours, then restarted and reached Baghdad. She is taking off from here tomorrow.

REACHES ALLEPPO.

—:o:—

Aleppo, May 8.—Miss Amy Johnson has arrived here.—Reuter.

Paris.—Begum Aga Khan is expected to leave for London at end of month when she will be presented at Court.—Reuter.

POONA DAY BY DAY.

DEMONSTRATIONS AGAINST MAHATMA'S ARREST.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

POONA, May 8.

Since the arrest of Mahatma Gandhi, Poona City a huge mass of tremendous processions and demonstrations in honour of Mahatma. There were during the last two days, ladies' processions and men's processions, cyclists' processions and pedestrians' processions. They are attended by thousands upon thousands of persons. And when they go through the empty streets with the shops closed for the three days' hartal, the sight is a manifestation of the power the name of the Mahatma wields over the mass-mind. There are no police on the streets to control the traffic and even without them, all passes peacefully under the management of the Congress-volunteers. On Tuesday evening the teeming crowd gathered before the Shanwar Wada, where three or four platforms had to be set up and so many relays of mass-orators had to be found out to keep the sea of white-capped audience under check. One procession went just near the Yeroda Jail but was prevented to proceed to the jail proper by the Military guard.

In this hurly-burly of mass demonstrations, there were some excesses, no doubt. Some shops were forcibly closed. In others some damage was caused. In the Reay-Market vegetable put forth for sale by the poor villagers was destroyed. In the matter of removing caps also there was some intimidation was observed. But on the whole the three days' hartal was very successful and peaceful. The police did not at all interfere and were confined in Faraskhana: In the Shanwar Wada meeting, Mr. N. R. Gunjal, M.L.C. was asked to resign and was not allowed to speak till he had resigned Otherwise, the meetings also were quietly held. In brief the experiences of the last three days left an air of self-confidence in the volunteers and the leaders too.

SALT MANUFACTURE.

Yesterday evening a huge demonstration in the manufacture of salt from sea-water was held in the Shivaji Mandir. On the table a "segree" was made ready and salt was actually prepared from cups of salt-water brought from Bombay. As salt-pieces became ready they were auctioned one after the other. About fifty rupees were realized from the sales.

PERMANENT ORGANISATION.

A silent move is being made to set up a permanent organisation of the volunteer so far enrolled. It is also proposed to collect a fund for helping the families of the persons who have gone to jail. For the consideration of these matters a private meeting is arranged to be held soon in Poona, to which responsible district leaders have been called

NO LESSENING OF HEAT.

The temperature has not come down here. Heat is intense. There is absolutely no breath of wind by day or by night. The sky is cloudy. There are signs of rain. There are the flashes of lightning and rarely there is some remote noise of thunder. Every one is praying for showers.

"SEARCHLIGHT" SUSPENDS PUBLICATION.

Sequel To Another Demand Of Rs. 3,000 Security.

PATNA, May 8.

Mr. Murali Mandhar Prasad, publisher of the "Searchlight", has been served with another notice by the Government calling upon him to furnish security of Rs. 3,000 under the Press Ordinance. The notice states that the issue of 2nd May contains words likely to bring the Government into hatred and contempt.

Mr. Murali Mandhar Prasad is also editor of the paper, which has suspended publication.—Free Press.

MR. WALCHAND HIRACHAND PROTESTS AGAINST REPRESSION.

Title Of C. I. E. Renounced.

Mr. Walchand Hirachand has renounced his titles of C.I.E. and J.P., as a mark of protest against the Government's policy of repression culminating in Mahatma Gandhi's illegal detention.

ALLEGED POLICE EXCESSES.

—:o:—

Further Reports.

(From Our Correspondent.)

KARWAR, May 9.

Five volunteers from the Karwar Camp crossing the Portuguese borders at Majali with bags of salt from Goa were obliged at the British Customs Post to swallow rather than surrender the salt after an alleged assault.

Another batch of seven following with similar bags is alleged to have been similarly treated by Customs policemen, as many as eight of whom were handling one volunteer.

After thus seizing the bags, all the seven were arrested, brought to Karwar and convicted for 3 months' rigorous imprisonment each.

MEERUT CONVICTIONS.

—:o:—

MEERUT, May 5.

Pandit Ramchander Sharma and Balmukund Anuragi were sentenced yesterday under Section 117 to one year and nine months R. I. respectively. They were already convicted for six months each under the Salt Act.

—FreePress.

HARTAL ALL OVER INDIA.

—:o:—

The following places observed hartal on account of the arrest of Mahatma Gandhi:—

Hyderabad (Dn.), Secunderabad, Mulagunda (Gadag Taluka), Gondia, Gogha and Bhuj.

PUBLIC INQUIRY COMMITTEE.

—:o:—

Karachi Firing.

KARACHI, May 8.

The citizens of Karachi have appointed a Committee with Mr. Jamshed N. R. Mehta as Chairman, and Messrs. Hajee Abdulla Haroon, M.L.A., Hatim A. Alavi, Kimatrai Bhijraj, Kanvalsingh Pohumal, Lala Jeswantrai and Tikamdas Wadhumal, Bar-at-Law, to record evidence of the many witnesses of the firing incident on April 6.

The Committee sought the co-operation of the Commissioner in Sind by inviting him to lay before the Committee all the evidence in his possession from the official side. But the Commissioner has unceremoniously declined the offer.

POLICE RAID DHANKI VILLAGE.

—:o:—

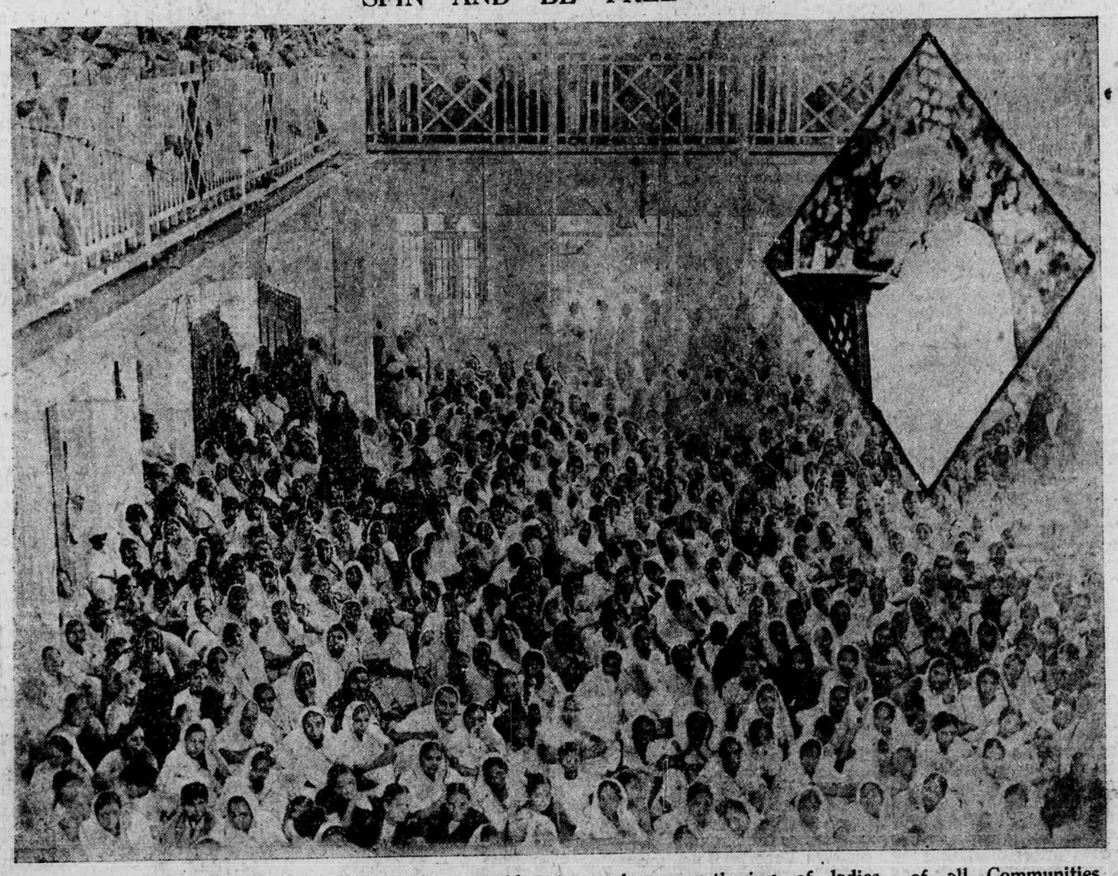
VIRAMGAM, May 8.

The Assistant Collector of Viramgam with the Deputy Superintendent of Police and about 20 Policemen raided Dhanki Village, which is about 20 miles from here, with a view to seize a big stock of contraband salt.

But they seized only a handful of salt from a shopkeeper and a few empty bags from the Satyagrahis' Camp.

Inspite of the Police 30 to 40 maunds of contraband salt is reported to be coming daily into Viramgam, which is sold locally and also in villages. Contraband salt is also sent to other parts of Gujarat.—Free Press.

"SPIN AND BE FREE"



SWARAJ THROUGH KHADI: Sjt. Vithalbhai Patel addressing a large gathering of ladies of all Communities at Jinnah Hall on Thursday.

—Coursic.

PATNA ENTHUSIASTIC.

—:o:—

Ladies' Unique Procession.

—:o:—

FOREIGN CLOTH BOYCOTT PROPAGANDA.

PATNA, May 8.

Reports all over the Province indicate considerable impetus to popular movement of Salt Satyagraha, owing to Mahatma Gandhi's arrest. The hartal was observed everywhere, a special feature being the suspension of work by members of the Bar in most of the District. They have freely participated in processions and other demonstrations.

Patna witnessed a unique demonstration on Wednesday evening when the ladies headed by Mrs. Syed Hasan Imam went out in a procession on cars, distributing leaflets asking the people not to purchase foreign cloth. Cars were studed with placards, bearing the National mottoes In Patna city the procession appeared to be a sea of human heads and lady processionists were the recipients of enthusiastic ovation. Volunteers accompanied the procession selling contraband salt. The procession comprised among others Messrs. Mehdi Imam Abdul Sami, son and son-in-law respectively of Mr. Hasan Imam whose daughter Mrs. Sami has been working hard for the movement.—Free Press.

Lahore:—The betrothal ceremony of Narendralal son Sir Shadilal Chief Justice of Lahore High Court was solemnised on Thursday morning to the daughter of Rai Bahadur Sahuram Sarup non-official President of Pilibhit Municipality.—A. P.

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